## **EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES POLICY**

### 1.0 Policy Statement

Amtico is committed to providing equal opportunities in employment and avoiding unlawful discrimination in employment and against customers.

This policy is intended to assist Amtico to put this commitment into practice. Compliance with this policy should also ensure that employees do not commit unlawful acts of discrimination.

Striving to ensure that the work environment is free of harassment and bullying and that everyone is treated with dignity and respect is an important aspect of ensuring equal opportunities in employment. Amtico has a separate dignity at work policy, which deals with these issues.

### 2.0 Who does this policy apply to?

This policy applies to all employees, officers, consultants, contractors, volunteers, interns, casual workers and agency workers.

### 3.0 What the Law says about Discrimination

It is unlawful to discriminate directly or indirectly in recruitment or employment because of age, disability, sex, gender reassignment, pregnancy, maternity, race (which includes colour, nationality, and ethnic or national origins) sexual orientation, religion, or belief, or because someone is married or in a civil partnership. These are known as "protected characteristics".

Discrimination after employment may also be unlawful, e.g., refusing to give a reference for a reason related to one of the protected characteristics.

It is unlawful for an employer to fail to make reasonable adjustments to its requirements, working practices or the physical features of the workplace where these put a disabled job applicant or employee at a substantial disadvantage. It is also unlawful discrimination where a disabled employee is at a substantial disadvantage due to the employer's unreasonable failure to provide an auxiliary aid or service to the disabled employee.

Employees should not unlawfully discriminate against or harass other people, including current and former staff, job applicants, clients, customers, suppliers and visitors. This applies in the workplace, outside the workplace (when dealing with customers, suppliers or other work-related contacts or when wearing a work uniform), and on work-related trips or events including social events.

It is unlawful to fail to make reasonable adjustments to overcome barriers to using services caused by disability. The duty to make reasonable adjustments includes the removal, adaptation, or alteration of physical features, if the physical features make it impossible or unreasonably difficult for disabled people to make use of services. In addition, service providers have an obligation to think ahead and address any barriers that may impede disabled people from accessing a service.

# 4.0 Types of unlawful discrimination

The following forms of discrimination are prohibited under this policy and are unlawful:

**Direct Discrimination** is where a person is treated less favourably than another because of a protected characteristic. An example of direct discrimination would be refusing to employ a woman because she is pregnant.



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In limited circumstances, employers can directly discriminate against an individual for a reason related to any of the protected characteristics where there is an occupational requirement. The occupational requirement must be crucial to the post and a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim.

**Indirect Discrimination** is where a provision, criterion or practice is applied that is discriminatory in relation to individuals who have a relevant protected characteristic (although it does not explicitly include pregnancy and maternity, which is covered by indirect sex discrimination) such that it would be to the detriment of people who share that protected characteristics compared with people who do not, and it cannot be shown to be a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim.

**Harassment** this includes sexual harassment and other unwanted conduct, related to one of the protected characteristics (other than marriage and civil partnership, and pregnancy and maternity) that has the purpose of effect of violating a person's dignity; or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment. It does not matter whether or not this effect was intended by the person responsible for the conduct.

**Associative discrimination** is where an individual is directly discriminated against or harassed for association with another individual who has a protected characteristic (although it does not cover harassment because of marriage and civil partnership, and pregnancy and maternity).

**Perceptive discrimination** is where an individual is directly discriminated against or harassed based on a perception that they have a particular characteristic when they do not, in fact, have that protected characteristic (other than marriage and civil partnership, and pregnancy and maternity).

**Victimisation** occurs where an employee is subjected to a detriment, such as being denied a training opportunity or a promotion because they made or supported a complaint or raised a grievance under the Equality Act 2010, or because they suspected of doing so. However, an employee is not protected from victimisation if they acted maliciously or made or supported an untrue complaint. There is no longer a need for a complainant to compare their treatment with someone who has not supported a complaint under the Equality Act 2010. For example, if a blind employee raises a grievance that the employer is not complying with its duty to make reasonable adjustments, and is then systematically excluded from all meetings, such behaviour could amount to victimisation.

**Disability discrimination** includes direct and indirect discrimination, any unjustified less favourable treatment because of the effects of a disability, and failure to make reasonable adjustments to alleviate disadvantages caused by a disability. Failure to make reasonable adjustments is where a physical feature or provision, criterion or practice puts a disabled person at a substantial disadvantage compared with someone who does not have that protected characteristic and the employer has failed to make reasonable adjustments to enable the disabled person to overcome the disadvantage.

### 5.0 Equal opportunities in employment

Amtico will avoid unlawful discrimination in all aspects of employment including recruitment, promotion, opportunities for training, pay and benefits, discipline, and selection for redundancy.

Person and job specifications will be limited to those requirements that are necessary for the effective performance of the job. Candidates for employment or promotion will be assessed objectively against the requirements for the job, taking account of any reasonable adjustments that may be required for candidates with a disability. Disability and personal or home commitments will not form the basis of employment decisions except where necessary.

Amtico will consider any possible indirectly discriminatory effect of its standard working practices, including the number of hours to be worked, the times at which these are to be worked and the place at which work is to be done, when considering requests for variations to these standard working practices and will refuse such requests only if Amtico considers it had good reasons, unrelated to any protected



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characteristic, for doing so. Amtico will comply with its obligations in relation to statutory requests for contract variations. Amtico will also make reasonable adjustments to its standard working practices to overcome barriers caused by disability.

Amtico will monitor the ethnic, gender and age composition of the existing workforce and of applicants for jobs (including promotion), and the number of people with disabilities within these groups and will consider and take any appropriate action to address any problem that may be identified as a result of the monitoring process.

#### 6.0 Disabilities

If you are disabled or become disabled, we encourage you to tell us about your condition so that we can support you as appropriate.

#### 7.0 Part-time and fixed-term work

Part-time and fixed-term staff should be treated the same as comparable full-time or permanent staff and enjoy no less favourable terms and conditions (on a pro-rata basis where appropriate), unless different treatment is justified.

## 8.0 Dignity at work

Amtico has a separate dignity at work policy concerning issues of bullying and harassment on any ground, and how complaints of this type will be dealt with.

### 9.0 Customers, suppliers and other people not employed by Amtico

Amtico will not discriminate unlawfully against customers using or seeking to use goods, facilities or services provided by Amtico.

Employees should report any bullying or harassment by customer, suppliers, visitors, or others to their manager who will take the appropriate action.

## 10.0 Training

Amtico will provide where necessary training in equal opportunities to mangers and others likely to be involved in recruitment or other decision making where equal opportunities issues are likely to arise.

Amtico will provide where necessary training to all existing and new employees and others engaged to work at Amtico to help them understand their rights and responsibilities under the dignity at work policy and what they can do to help create a working environment free of bullying and harassment. Amtico will provide where necessary additional training to managers to enable them to deal more effectively with the complaints of bullying and harassment.

# 11.0 Your responsibilities

Every employee is required to assist Amtico to meet its commitment to provide equal opportunities in employment and avoid unlawful discrimination.

Employees can be held personally liable as well as, or instead of, Amtico for any act of unlawful discrimination. Employees who commit serious acts of harassment may be guilty of a criminal offence.



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Acts of discrimination, harassment, bullying or victimisation against employees or customers are disciplinary offences and will be dealt with under the disciplinary procedure. Discrimination, harassment, bullying or victimisation may constitute gross misconduct and could lead to dismissal without notice.

#### 12.0 Grievances

If you consider that you may have been unlawfully discriminated against, you may use the grievance procedure to make a complaint. If your complaint involved bullying or harassment, the grievance procedure is modified as set out in the dignity ay work policy.

Amtico will take any complaint seriously and will seek to resolve any grievance that it upholds. You will not be penalised for raising a grievance, even if your grievance is not upheld, unless your complaint is both untrue and made in bad faith.

Use of Amtico's grievance procedure does not affect your right to make a complaint to an employment tribunal. Complaints to an employment tribunal must normally be made within three months beginning with the act of discrimination complained of.

## 13.0 Monitoring and review

This policy will be monitored periodically by Amtico to judge its effectiveness and will be updated in accordance with changes in the law. In particular, Amtico will monitor the ethnic and gender composition of the existing workforce and of applicants for jobs (including promotion), and the number of people with disabilities within these groups and will review its equal opportunities policy in accordance with the results shown by monitoring. If changes are required, Amtico will implement them.

Information provided by job applicants and employees for monitoring purposes will be used only for these purposes and will be dealt with in accordance with the Privacy Standard. Information about how data is used and the basis for processing is provided in Amtico's candidate privacy notice.

