



Kanorja Chemicals
& Industries Limited



ANNUAL REPORT

2025-26

ANNUAL REPORT

2025-26

Registered Office

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Kolkata – 700 019
CIN: L24110WB1960PLC024910
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Email: info@kanoriachem.com
Website: www.kanoriachem.com

Corporate Office

'Indra Prakash', 21, Barakhamba Road
New Delhi – 110 001
Phone: +91-11-43579200

Company Secretary

Pratibha Jaiswal

Group Chief Financial Officer

N. K. Nolkha

Auditors

Singhi & Co.
161, Sarat Bose Road,
Kolkata - 700 026

Bankers

Axis Bank Limited
HDFC Bank Limited
State Bank of India
Yes Bank Limited

Registrar & Share Transfer Agent

MUFG Intime India Private Limited
Rasoi Court, 5th Floor,
20 R N Mukherjee Road, Kolkata-700 001
Phone: (033) 6906 6200
Email: investor.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com
Website: <https://in.mpms.mufg.com/>



Board of DIRECTORS



Mr. R.V. Kanoria
Chairman & Managing Director



Mr. Sidharth K. Birla
Non-Executive Independent Director



Mr. H. K. Khaitan
Non-Executive Non-Independent Director



Mrs. Madhuvanti Kanoria
Non-Executive Non-Independent Director



Mr. S.V. Kanoria
Wholetime Director



Mrs. Suhana Murshed
Non-Executive Independent Director



Mrs. Meeta Makhani
Non-Executive Independent Director



Mr. Sumanta Chaudhuri
Non-Executive Independent Director



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Chairman's STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders,

The year under review was marked by a degree of uncertainty seldom witnessed in recent times. Geopolitical tensions continued to weigh on the global economy, while developments in international trade introduced fresh uncertainty into markets across the world. Exchange rates fluctuated sharply, commodity prices remained volatile and businesses had to contend with rapidly changing conditions.

Periods such as these remind us that while no business can influence events beyond its control, it can decide how it responds to them. Sound financial management, careful investment decisions and the ability to adapt to changing circumstances become particularly important when the external environment is uncertain. These principles have guided your Company over the years and continued to do so during the year under review.

Against this backdrop, India continued to compare favourably with many major economies. Although global developments inevitably affected business conditions, economic activity within the country remained encouraging.

Your Company made satisfactory progress during the year. We expanded capacities in our chemicals business, initiated development of new products and witnessed a welcome improvement in the performance of our textile operations in Ethiopia. While challenges remain, the progress made during the year gives us confidence that the Company is moving in the right direction.

Chemicals Business

The chemicals business continued to make steady progress during the year and remains central to the Company's future growth.

We successfully completed the expansion of our Pentaerythritol and Resin capacities. These additions will enable us to better serve our customers and support future growth.

We also commenced work on two new product platforms—Triacetin and Penta Derivatives. These projects will broaden our product portfolio and strengthen our presence in value-added segments. Their contribution will become increasingly visible over the coming years.

Alongside these investments, we continued our efforts to improve efficiencies across our operations and maintain our competitive position. The chemical industry remains subject to cyclical movements and changing market conditions, but we believe that a consistent and disciplined approach serves the Company best over the long term.

Textile Business – Ethiopia

Our integrated denim manufacturing operations in Ethiopia, carried out

through our wholly owned subsidiary, Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC (KAT), recorded a significant improvement during the year.

The economic measures introduced by the Ethiopian Government, including currency reforms, led to improved demand for locally manufactured products and provided a more supportive operating environment than in recent years.

Revenue increased by 24% over the previous year. More importantly, the business reported a small cash profit compared with a cash loss of USD 2.30 million in FY 2024-25. Capacity utilisation improved from 56% to 66%, reflecting better demand and improved operating performance.

The encouraging trend has continued into the current year. Based on the orders presently on hand, we expect this momentum to continue. The Board is therefore evaluating the addition of weaving capacity. Since sufficient capacities already exist in other sections of the plant, the investment required for this expansion is expected to be modest.

At the same time, we remain conscious of the challenges that continue to exist in Ethiopia. Currency volatility, inflation, increased competition and shortages of foreign exchange require careful management, and we shall continue to respond to these developments with prudence.

Looking Ahead

The progress made during the year gives us confidence to look ahead with cautious optimism. The expansion of our chemicals business, the development of new products and the encouraging improvement in our textile operations are important steps in that direction. While the business environment is likely to remain uncertain, we believe that the Company is moving forward on a sound footing.

We shall continue to strengthen our existing businesses, pursue new opportunities where they make economic sense and conduct the affairs of the Company with the prudence and long-term perspective that have always guided us.

Acknowledgement

On behalf of the Board, I express my sincere appreciation to our shareholders for their continued trust and confidence. I also thank our employees for their commitment, our customers and business associates for their continued support, and my colleagues on the Board for their guidance and counsel.

It is through their collective efforts that the Company continues to move forward with confidence.

R. V. Kanoria
Chairman & Managing Director

The Year IN REVIEW

In the financial year ended 31st March 2026, the global economy continued to face significant challenges, including geopolitical tensions, ongoing energy shortages, persistent inflationary pressures, and the urgent need to address climate change. These factors had a notable impact on the Indian economy and the Chemical Industry. Throughout the year, KCIL navigated through a landscape marked by fluctuating revenues and profitability. Despite these obstacles, KCIL remained resilient, adapting to market dynamics and leveraging its strengths to sustain operations. The Company acknowledges the uncertainties prevailing in the economic environment and remains committed to prudent strategies for long-term growth and sustainability.

The Company's assessments and prospects outlined hereunder are to be read in the context of the evolving and ever-changing situation.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Financial Performance with respect to Operational Performance

The operations of the Chemicals business of the Company, during the year under review, continued to remain robust. All the three chemical plants located in Ankleshwar (Gujarat), Visakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh) and Naidupeta (Andhra Pradesh) operated with improved efficiency and delivered higher volumes of production and sales resulting in a stronger financial performance. Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc., Ethiopia (foreign subsidiary of the company) also delivered an improved operational and financial performance particularly in the later half of the year under review.

The Revenue from Operations of the Company on a standalone basis increased by 29% from 6,783.04 million in the year 2024-25 to Rs. 8,753.44 million during the year under review. The EBITDA increased by 52% to Rs. 815.75 million in 2025-26 as against Rs. 535.78 million in the immediately preceding year. The profit before exceptional items & tax increased by 124% and was at Rs. 393.14 million in the year 2025-26. During the year, the Company impaired the value of its investments in APAG Holding AG, Switzerland (the erstwhile subsidiary of the Company) by Rs. 106.42 million and charged this as Exceptional Item in the Statement of Profit & Loss. The Company has also decided to adopt Section 200 of the Income Tax Act, 2025 (new regime) for calculating Income Tax from Tax Year 2026-27 requiring remeasurement of Deferred Tax which resulted in a gain of Rs. 214.33 million. The Company generated profit of Rs. 344.12 million during the year under review as against loss of Rs. 379.80 million in the year 2024-25.

The operations at Kanoria Africa Textiles plc (KAT), foreign subsidiary of the Company based in Ethiopia, also improved resulting in better financial performance. The Revenue from Operations of the Company increased by 40% from 760.10 million in the year 2024-25 to Rs. 1,060.83 million during the year under review. The EBITDA increased by over 14 times from

Rs. 12.79 million in the year 2024-25 to Rs. 192.50 million in the year 2025-26. The Net Loss decreased from Rs. 311.52 million in the previous year to Rs. 126.69 million during the year under review.

The Consolidated Revenue from Operations increased by 30% and was at Rs. 9,814.27 million during the year as against Rs. 7543.14 million in the previous year. The Consolidated EBITDA increased by 90% at Rs. 937.90 million during the current financial year as against Rs. 493.61 million in the previous year. The Company's profit from Continuing Operations after tax was at Rs. 323.85 million as against a loss of Rs. 544.88 million during the previous financial year. The discontinued operations reflect the results of APAG Holding AG, Switzerland (erstwhile foreign subsidiary of the Company) during the current financial year and that of APAG & Solar Power business of the Company during the previous financial year. The profit from discontinued operations after tax was at Rs. 808.10 million during the current financial year as against a loss of Rs. 536.59 million during the previous financial year. The Company generated consolidated profit of Rs. 1,131.95 million during the year under review as against loss of Rs. 1,081.47 million in the year 2024-25.

Key Financial Ratios

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Debtors Turnover	7.08	7.24
Inventory Turnover	12.57	11.55
Interest Coverage Ratio	5.18	3.65
Current Ratio	1.05	0.93
Debt Equity Ratio	0.29	0.33
Operating Profit Margin (%)	6.25	5.80
Net Profit Margin (%)	4.99	1.01
Return on Net Worth (%)	7.27	1.13

Interest Coverage Ratio increased due to improved EBITDA, Net Profit Margin and Return on Net Worth increased due to better profitability.



Alco Chemicals Segment

Industry structure and development

The Company's Alco Chemicals Division continues to maintain a strong presence across a diverse range of end-user industries, including construction, infrastructure, laminates, plywood, paints, pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, and specialty chemicals. Its manufacturing portfolio comprises Formaldehyde, Pentaerythritol, Hexamine, Sodium Formate, Phenolic Resins, Acetaldehyde, and other value-added chemical products. These products are manufactured at the Company's integrated manufacturing facilities located at Ankleshwar (Gujarat), Vizag (Andhra Pradesh), and Naidupeta (Andhra Pradesh), supported by advanced manufacturing infrastructure and stringent quality standards.

The Company continues to hold a leading position in most of its key product segments, supported by a diversified product portfolio, strong customer relationships, advanced manufacturing capabilities, and a consistent focus on operational excellence. During the year, the Company further strengthened its manufacturing capabilities through the expansion of Pentaerythritol and Resin production capacities, enhancing its ability to meet growing customer demand and improve supply reliability. As part of its long-term growth strategy, the Company has also undertaken strategic investments in new product platforms, including Triacetin and Penta Derivatives. These projects are in the advanced stages of implementation and are expected to commence commercial operations shortly, strengthening the Company's presence in value-added specialty chemicals and further diversifying its product portfolio.

The Company's Formaldehyde plants are based on advanced process technologies that ensure high operational efficiency, consistent product quality, and optimized energy utilization. The manufacturing technologies for Pentaerythritol, Hexamine, Phenolic Resins, Triacetin, and Penta Derivatives have been developed and continuously enhanced in-house, reflecting the Company's strong technological capabilities and focus on innovation. The Company remains committed to strengthening its competitive position through continuous product development, operational excellence, and sustainable manufacturing practices.



Opportunities

- The Company continues to make steady progress under its long-term strategic roadmap, Vision 2030, aimed at driving sustainable growth and enhancing profitability. During the year, the Company advanced several strategic initiatives, including the expansion of existing manufacturing capacities and the development of new value-added product platforms. These initiatives are expected to strengthen the Company's specialty chemicals portfolio and support sustainable growth in revenue and profitability over the coming years.
- In alignment with the aforementioned strategic vision, the Company further strengthened its manufacturing capabilities during the year through the expansion of Pentaerythritol and Resin production capacities. The Company also made significant progress in developing new product platforms, namely Triacetin and Penta Derivatives, which are in the advanced stages of implementation. Upon commercialization, these initiatives are expected to diversify the Company's product portfolio, strengthen its position in value-added specialty chemicals, and create new avenues for sustainable growth.
- The Company's dedicated New Product Development (NPD) Cell continues to drive innovation across both the Chemicals and Resin businesses. During the year, the Company made significant progress in the development of new products, process improvements, and application-specific solutions to meet evolving customer requirements. The NPD Cell remains focused on strengthening the Company's product portfolio through continuous innovation, technology enhancement, and value-added product development, thereby supporting long-term sustainable growth.
- In line with its continued commitment to environmental stewardship, health, safety, and sustainable manufacturing, the Company continues to maintain its affiliation with the Responsible Care Logo ("RC Logo") initiative. This recognition places the Company among the leading chemical enterprises in India recognized for their commitment to the highest standards of safety, environmental protection, operational excellence, and community engagement. The Responsible Care initiative represents a voluntary commitment by the global chemical industry to address public concerns relating to the manufacture, storage, transportation, distribution, and use of chemicals while fostering a culture of safety, environmental responsibility, and sustainable business practices.

Threats

- Inordinate fluctuations in Methanol and Phenol prices arising from volatility in crude oil prices and depreciation of the Indian Rupee against the US Dollar may expose the Company to increased operating costs and foreign exchange losses.
- Increasing competition from low-cost imports, particularly in products such as Sodium Formate and Hexamine, may exert pressure on domestic pricing and market share.
- Ongoing geopolitical uncertainties, changes in global trade dynamics, and disruptions in international supply chains may adversely impact raw material availability, logistics, energy costs, and overall business operations.

Performance

The Alco Chemicals Division continued to demonstrate operational resilience during the year, supported by improved manufacturing capabilities and capacity expansion in the Pentaerythritol and Resin businesses. The Company maintained a strong market presence across its key product segments through operational excellence, customer-centricity, and a diversified product portfolio. However, the overall financial performance continued to remain under pressure due to intense market competition, volatility in key raw material prices, and the continued influx of low-priced imports in certain product categories.

Outlook

The outlook for the Company's Chemicals business remains positive, supported by India's strong economic fundamentals, increasing industrial activity, and growing demand from key end-user industries. The Company's continued focus on capacity expansion, product diversification, operational excellence, and value-added specialty chemicals is expected to strengthen its market position and support sustainable long-term growth.

At the same time, the business remains exposed to risks arising from geopolitical developments, volatility in raw material and energy prices, foreign exchange fluctuations, and increasing competition from low-cost imports. The Company will continue to focus on innovation, cost competitiveness, supply chain resilience, and prudent risk management to effectively address these challenges while delivering sustainable value to its stakeholders.

QUALITY ACCREDITATION AND OHSAS

The manufacturing units of the Company at Ankleshwar, Vishakhapatnam, and Naidupeta have maintained ISO 9001 certification for quality management systems, ISO 14001 certification for environmental management systems, and ISO 45001 certification for occupational health and safety management systems throughout the year. Additionally, the Company has successfully maintained Responsible Care certification for the Ankleshwar and Vizag plant locations for the period from May 2024 to April 2027.

SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT

The Company continued to maintain an excellent safety record during the year, with zero reportable accidents and zero lost time injuries across all manufacturing units, reflecting its unwavering commitment to a Zero Accident culture.

The Company further strengthened its Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability (EHSS) framework through continuous improvement initiatives, proactive risk assessment, process safety management, and regular safety awareness and training programmes. The dedicated HAZOP team continued to support the identification and mitigation of process safety risks across manufacturing operations.

The Company also continued to implement various environmental and resource conservation initiatives, including renewable energy adoption, waste minimization, water conservation, waste heat recovery, and resource recycling, in line with its commitment to sustainable manufacturing and responsible environmental stewardship.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

Currently, the Company perceives the following main business risks:

- Volatility in raw material, energy, and foreign exchange markets, which may impact operating costs and profitability.
- Changes in government regulations, environmental compliance requirements, and trade policies affecting the chemical industry.
- Geopolitical uncertainties and increasing competition from low-cost imports, which may adversely impact business performance.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ADEQUACY

The Company has an Internal Financial Controls ('IFC') framework, commensurate with the size, scale, and complexity of the Company's operations. The internal control framework has been designed to provide reasonable assurance with respect to recording and providing reliable



financial and operational information, complying with applicable laws, safeguarding assets from unauthorised use, executing transactions with proper authorisation and ensuring compliance with corporate policies. The Company's internal financial control framework commensurate with the size and operations of the business and is in line with requirements of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has laid down Standard Operating Procedures and policies to guide the operations of each of its functions. Business heads are responsible to ensure compliance with these policies and procedures. Continuous internal monitoring mechanisms ensure timely identification of risks and issues. The management, statutory auditors and internal auditors have also carried out adequate due diligence of the control environment of the Company. To maintain the objectivity and independence of the Internal Financial Control, the Internal Auditor reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Internal Audit team develops an annual audit plan based on the risk profile of the business activities. The Internal Audit plan is approved by the Audit Committee, which also reviews compliance to the plan. The Internal Audit team monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control systems in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures, and policies at all locations of the Company. Based on the report of the Internal Auditor, departmental heads/ process owners undertake corrective action(s) in their respective area(s) and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and corrective action(s) thereon are presented to the Audit Committee and shared with the Statutory Auditors. The Audit Committee at its meetings reviews the reports submitted by the Internal Auditor.

An adequate system of internal control is in place. The assets, buildings, plant and machinery, vehicles and stocks of the Company are adequately insured, including for loss of profits.

The key elements of the control system are:

- Clear and well-defined organisation structure and limits of financial authority.
- Corporate policies for financial reporting, accounting, information security, investment appraisal and corporate governance.
- Annual budgets and business plan, identifying key risks and opportunities.

- Internal audit for reviewing all aspects of laid down systems and procedures as well as risks and control.
- Risk Management Committee that monitors and reviews all risk and control issues.

HUMAN RESOURCE AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

The Company continues to recognize its human resources as its most valuable asset and remains committed to fostering a high-performance, inclusive, and value-driven work culture. Robust human resource practices and a well-defined Code of Conduct continue to promote ethical behaviour, transparency, accountability, and fairness across the organization.

During the year, the Company continued to invest in employee capability development through structured training programmes focused on technical competency, leadership development, safety, behavioural excellence, and continuous learning, enabling employees to effectively support the Company's growth and business objectives.

The Company maintains open and transparent communication between management and employees, fostering a collaborative and positive work environment. Industrial relations across all manufacturing locations remained harmonious and cordial throughout the year, with continued emphasis on productivity, quality, safety, and employee engagement.

At the end of the year, the Company had 385 permanent employees. The Company also continued to focus on employee well-being through various health, safety, welfare, and employee engagement initiatives, reinforcing its commitment to a motivated, skilled, and future-ready workforce.

SUBSIDIARIES PERFORMANCE AND OUTLOOK

Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc - Textiles Segment

The Company's integrated denim manufacturing operations in Ethiopia are carried out through its wholly owned subsidiary, Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC "KAT", incorporated in Ethiopia.



The financial year 2025-26 marked a sharp recovery for KAT compared to the previous year. The Ethiopian Government's currency devaluation and economic liberalization measures boosted demand for locally manufactured products.

The revenue from operations increased by 34% year-on-year, reported a small cash profit vs. cash loss of USD 2.30 million in FY 2024-25, capacity utilization improved to 66% from 56% in the previous year.

The sales growth momentum is expected to sustain. To capitalize on demand, the Board is evaluating addition of weaving capacity in the near term. Given the surplus capacity in other departments, incremental capital

expenditure for this expansion is expected to be moderate.

Despite intensifying competition in the local market, demand for denim fabric remained robust.

The subsidiary remains exposed to macroeconomic risks including currency volatility, inflation, and changes in government policy in Ethiopia. The increased competition in the domestic market and shortage of foreign currency may impact margins. The Company continues to monitor these risks closely and has put in place mitigation measures including cost optimization and customer diversification.

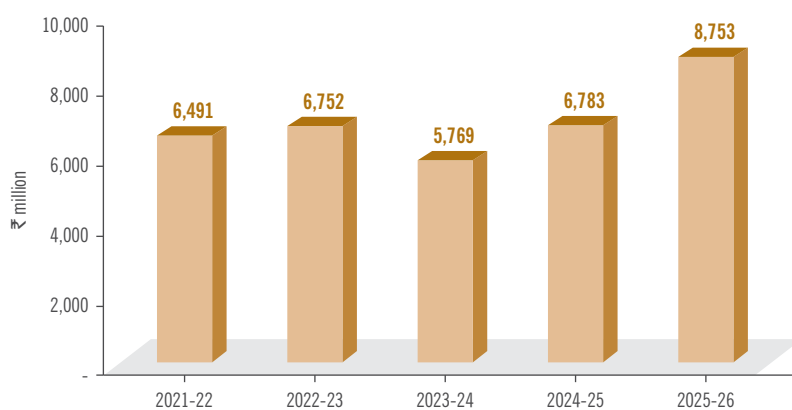


CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

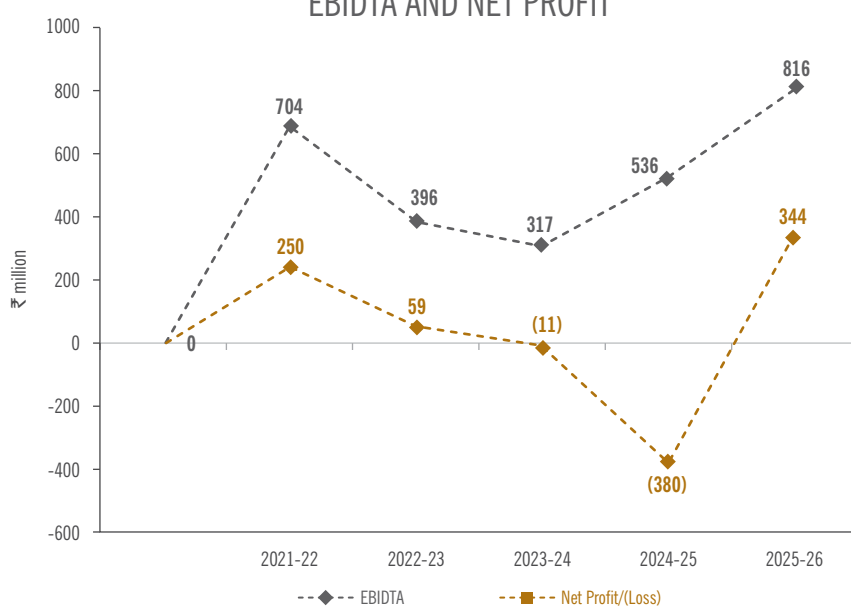
Statement in this 'Management Discussion and Analysis' describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may be 'forward looking statements' within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include global and Indian demand supply conditions, finished goods prices, feed stock availability and prices, cyclical demand and pricing in the Company's principal markets, changes in Government regulations, tax regimes, economic developments within India and the countries within which the Company conducts business and other factors such as litigation and labour negotiations.

Value

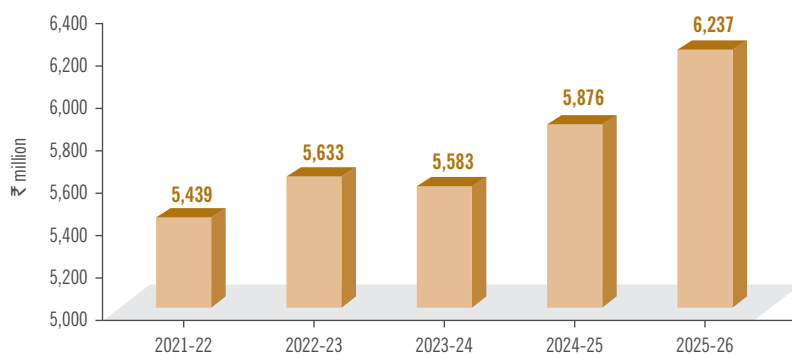
REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS



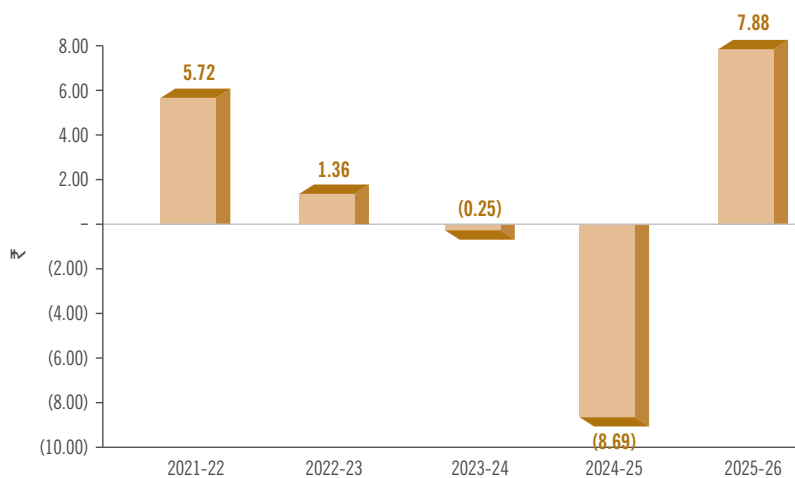
EBIDTA AND NET PROFIT



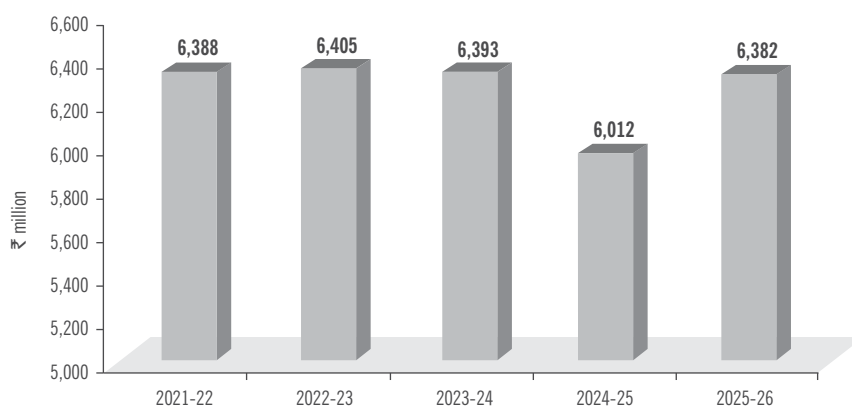
GROSS BLOCK



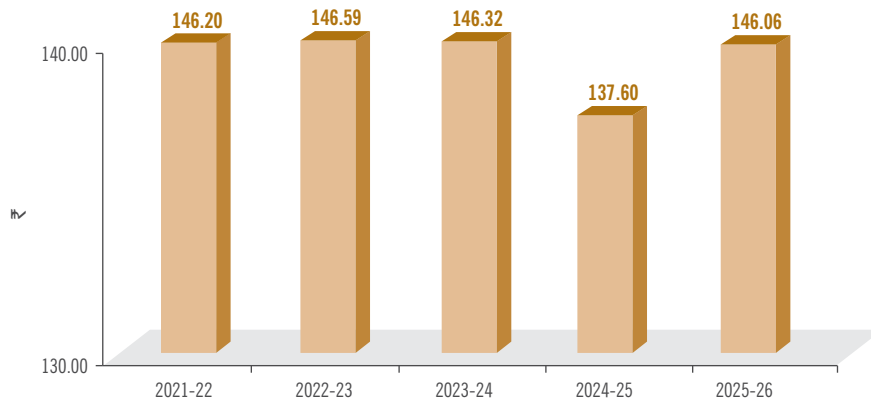
EARNING PER SHARE



EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS FUND



BOOK VALUE PER SHARE



Figures pertain to standalone financials

Directors' REPORT

TO THE SHARE HOLDERS

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the **Sixty Sixth** Annual Report, along with the Audited Accounts of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2026.

Detailed information on the performance of your Company appears in the Annual Report. A discussion on the operations of the Company is given in the section titled 'The Year in Review'. Some of the statutory disclosures, however, appear in this Report. This Report, read along with the other sections, provides a comprehensive overview of the Company's performance and plans.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The financial performance of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2026 is summarized below:

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	2025-2026	2024-2025
Total Income	9,022.37	6,925.54
Profit before Finance Costs, Depreciation & Amortization, Exceptional items and Tax	815.75	535.78
Finance Costs	194.49	160.70
Depreciation and Amortization	228.12	199.68
Profit before Exceptional Items and Tax	393.14	175.40
Exceptional Items	106.42	449.86
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations before Tax	286.72	(274.46)
Tax Expenses	(57.40)	114.32
Profit/(Loss) from Continuing Operations after Tax	344.12	(388.78)
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations before Tax	-	(2.75)
Gain related to sale of discontinued operations	-	27.82
Tax expenses of discontinued operations	-	16.09
Profit/(Loss) after tax from Discontinued Operations	-	8.98
Profit/(Loss) for the year	344.12	(379.80)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of Tax	25.22	(0.72)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	369.34	(380.52)

STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

During the year under review, the Company's chemical plants located in Ankleshwar (Gujarat), Visakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh) and Naidupeta (Andhra Pradesh) delivered efficient and consistent performance.

The ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine, as well as several disturbances in the Middle East, created challenges for the Company through the year:

1. Raw material prices were wildly volatile, and there were times when raw material availability itself was uncertain
2. Some of our products faced stiff price competition from certain overseas competitors who dumped these products into India, since most other markets were unavailable to them on account of sanctions
3. Demand was adversely affected, as is usually the case in times of unusual volatility and uncertainty

Furthermore, the Company's Hexamine exports to Europe and USA, which together account for a significant percentage of its production of Hexamine, suffered due to lack of demand and high tariffs respectively.

In the face of these challenges, the Company's chemical operation was able to deliver improved financial performance as compared to the year before, due to:

1. Cost optimization,
2. Process and product innovation through R&D
3. Strengthening of the supply chain

The Company's future expansion plans, towards achieving its Vision-2030 roadmap of sustainable growth in domestic and international markets, are under way as planned. A new Triacetin plant, as well as a Multi-Purpose Plant for the manufacture of Pentaerythritol derivatives and specialty chemicals, are in advanced stages of construction. Having recently commissioned extra Phenolic Resin capacity, the Company is further adding to this capacity, which too is under construction.

The Company has also significantly augmented its R&D team and infrastructure, with the aim of increasing product innovation, developing materials for new applications, as well as increasing our already strong focus on waste elimination and waste-to-wealth generation.

No material changes and commitments have occurred after the close of the financial year 2025-26 till the date of this Report, which affect the financial position of the Company.

APAG Ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f. 31st July 2025. A brief description of the operations of the other subsidiary company appears later in this Report.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Authorized Capital of the Company was changed to Rs. 10,00,000,000/- (Rupees One Hundred Crores Only) divided into 10,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each and 5,00,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 1,000/- each in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 1st April 2026.

In order to enable the Company to meet its capital expenditure, working capital requirements and other general corporate purposes, the company has issued 4,95,000 (Four Lakhs and Ninety-Five Thousand) Non-Convertible, Non-Cumulative, Non-Participating, Redeemable 7% Preference Shares of nominal value of Rs. 1,000/- each fully paid up for cash at par at an issue price of Rs. 1,000/- (Rupees One Thousand Only) aggregating up to Rs. 49,50,00,000 (Rs. Forty-Nine Crores and Fifty Lakhs Only) to M/s. R. V. Investment and Dealers Limited on 18th April 2026.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors has not recommended any dividend for the financial year ended 31st March 2026.

The Dividend Distribution Policy as approved by the Board may be accessed on the Company's website at the following link:

<https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/fd9ac34653/dividend-distribution-policy.pdf>

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Company has not transferred any amount to Reserves for the financial year ended 31st March 2026.

CREDIT RATING

Care Ratings Limited has reviewed and reaffirmed the credit rating for the Long Term Bank facilities of the Company as CARE BB+ Stable, and that for the short term facilities as CARE A4+.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

As per the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the audited Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March 2026 has been annexed with the Annual Report.

DEPOSITS

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and that as at the end of the year there were no outstanding deposits under Section 73 of the Act read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with respect to financial statements. The Company's Internal Control Systems are commensurate with the nature, size and complexity of its business and ensure proper safeguarding of assets, maintaining proper accounting records and providing reliable financial information. The policies and procedures adopted by the Company ensure prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of the records and timely preparation of reliable financial statements. No reportable material weakness in the design or operation was observed during the year.

DIRECTORS

During the year under review, following changes took place in the Directorships:

Shri Saumya Vardhan Kanoria (DIN: 02097441), was re-appointed as the Whole-Time Director of the Company for a period of 3 (three) years with effect from 1st April, 2025. His re-appointment was approved via Postal Ballot dated 10th May, 2025.

Smt. Suhana Murshed (DIN: 08572394) was appointed as an Independent Director in the Annual General Meeting held on 16th September 2021 for a period of 5 consecutive years with effect from 29th June, 2021, which shall expire on 28th June 2026.

Therefore, the Board in its meeting dated 25th May 2026 has decided to re-appoint her as the Independent Director for a period of 5 consecutive years with effect from 29th June 2026, subject to approval of shareholders in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Shri Hemant Kumar Khaitan (DIN: 00220049) retires by rotation at the ensuing AGM under the applicable provisions of the Act and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment as a Director of the Company.

Additional information, pursuant to the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS2) of ICSI in respect of Directors seeking appointments and re-appointment is given in the AGM Notice of the Company.

Further, as declared by them, none of the Directors of the Company is disqualified from being appointed as a Director, as specified in section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 14(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules 2014 or is debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Director of companies by the SEBI/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

The Company has received declarations from all Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act and Regulation 16 (1) (b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. In the opinion of the Board, the said Directors fulfill the conditions for appointment/re-appointment/continuation as Independent Directors as specified in the Act and the Listing Regulations and they are also independent of the Management.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

There is no change in the KMP's during the year.

STATEMENT OF INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE AND EXPERIENCE OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

All the Independent Directors of the Company have been registered and are members of Independent Directors Databank maintained by Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs (IICA). They have confirmed their compliance with Rules 6 (1) and 6 (2) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 as amended. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors of the Company have vast experience, expertise and integrity and their continued association would be of immense benefit to the Company.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The Company has framed the criteria for performance evaluation of Independent Directors, the Board, the Board Committees and other individual Directors. Criteria for performance evaluation of the Chairman & Managing Director, Executive Director and Non-Independent Directors have also been framed.

The criteria, among others includes factors such as preparation, participation, engagement, personality and conduct, value addition, strategic planning and vision, team spirit and consensus building, leadership quality, understanding and focus on key business issues, independent thinking and judgment, quality of analysis, experience and business wisdom, management qualities, awareness, motivation, integrity, ethics and receptivity. The criteria for evaluating the Board's functioning/effectiveness inter alia includes its structure, strategic review, business performance review, internal controls, process and procedures.

The evaluation forms containing the criteria as framed were circulated and on the basis of responses, the Board evaluated the performance of individual Directors, its own performance and that of its Committees. The Independent Directors in their separate Meeting also carried out the performance evaluation of the Chairman & Managing Director, Executive Director and other non-independent Directors as well as the Board of the Company. The Directors expressed overall satisfaction on the performance and functioning of the Board, its Committees and the Directors. No action was required to be taken on the previous year's observations and also no action is required to be taken on this year's observations.

FAMILIARISATION PROGRAMMES

The Board Members are provided with necessary documents, reports and internal policies to enable them to familiarize with the Company's procedures and practices. Periodic presentations are made at the Board and Board Committees, on business and performance updates of the Company. Relevant statutory

changes encompassing important laws are regularly made available to the Directors. Efforts are also made to familiarize the Directors about the Company, their roles, rights, responsibility in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model/ procedures/ processes of the Company, etc. through various programmes including plant visits. The details of the familiarization programmes for Independent Directors are put on the website of the Company and can be accessed at the link: <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/3190f9d463/familiarisation-programme-for-independent-directors.pdf>

NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the financial year 2025-26, the Company held 5 (five) Meetings of the Board of Directors. The details of the Meetings and attendance of each of the Directors thereat are provided in the Report on Corporate Governance forming part of the Annual Report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company comprises of Smt. Meeta Makhan, Smt. Suhana Murshed, Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla, Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri, Independent Directors and Shri Rajya Vardhan Kanoria, Chairman & Managing Director of the Company. Smt. Meeta Makhan is the Chairperson of the Committee. During the financial year 2025-26, the Company held 4 (four) Meetings of the Audit Committee. The details of the Meetings and attendance of each of the Members thereat are provided in the Report on Corporate Governance forming part of the Annual Report. Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri was inducted in the Committee with effect from 10th November, 2025.

The terms of reference of the Committee have also been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

There has been no such incidence where the Board has not accepted the recommendation of the Audit Committee during the year under review.

STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Company comprises of Smt. Suhana Murshed, Independent Director, Shri Saumya Vardhan Kanoria, Whole-Time Director and Shri Hemant Kumar Khaitan, Director of the Company. Smt. Suhana Murshed, is the Chairperson of the Committee. The Committee met once during the year under review, details of which are provided in the Report on Corporate Governance forming part of the Annual Report.

The terms of reference of the Committee have also been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company comprises of Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla, Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri and Smt. Meeta Makhan, Independent Directors, and Shri R. V. Kanoria, Chairman & Managing Director of the Company. Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla is the Chairman of the Committee.

The Committee met 2 (two) times during the year under review, details of which have been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

The terms of reference of the Committee have also been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Board of Directors of the Company, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, has formulated the Nomination and Remuneration Policy, which contains the matters with regard to criteria for appointment of Directors and determining Directors' independence and policy on remuneration for Directors, Senior Managerial Personnel and other employees, and the same may be accessed at the Company's website at link: https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/164c60aa2f/nrc-policy__updated-on-21-may-2025.pdf

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Company comprises Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria, Non-Executive Director, Shri R.V. Kanoria, Chairman & Managing Director and Smt. Meeta Makhan, Independent Director. Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria is the Chairperson of the Committee.

The Committee met twice during the year under review, details of which have been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

The terms of reference of the Committee have also been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company acts as a good Corporate Citizen, and in keeping with its philosophy, always strives to conduct its business in an inclusive, sustainable, socially responsible and ethical manner. The Company has in place a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company. The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company enables it to continue to make a responsible contribution towards the welfare of society.

The Company will undertake the CSR activities as are enumerated in Schedule VII of the Act. However, primarily the Company's focus will be on the following areas:

- Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting health care including preventive health care and sanitation.

- Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocational skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects.
- Rural Development activities/projects.
- Promoting gender equality, Empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centers and such other facilities for senior citizens.
- Ensuring environmental sustainability and ecological balance.
- Social economic development and relief and welfare of the scheduled caste, tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women.

The Company may also take other CSR activities as may be prescribed under the applicable statute from time to time. In addition, the Company may take such other appropriate activities for the society, from time to time, as may be thought fit by the CSR Committee and approved by the Board.

During the year, the Company has spent an amount of Rs. 0.09 million as CSR expenditure during the financial year 2025-26 against the Budget of Rs. 0.09 million.

Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135 was Rs. 4.45 million.

There is no unspent amount towards CSR expenses.

The Annual Report on the CSR activities, pursuant to Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 is provided as Annexure to this Report.

The CSR Policy may be accessed on the Company's website at link: <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/656982d5c3/corporate-social-responsibility-policy.pdf>

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Risk Management Committee of the Company comprises Shri R.V. Kanoria, Chairman & Managing Director, Shri S.V. Kanoria, Whole-Time Director, Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla, Independent Director and Shri N.K. Nolkha - Group Chief Financial Officer. Shri R.V. Kanoria is the Chairman of the Committee. The Committee met twice during the financial year 2025-26, details of which have been provided in the Corporate Governance Report. The terms of reference of the Committee have also been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's management systems, organizational structures, processes, codes of conduct together form the basis of risk management system that governs and manages associated risks. The Risk Management Committee of the Company assesses the significant risks that might impact the achievement of the Company's objectives and develops risk management strategies to mitigate/minimize identified risks and designs appropriate risk management procedures. The Board does not foresee any risk which may threaten the existence of the Company.

COMMITTEE OF DIRECTORS

The Committee of Directors of the Company comprises of Shri R.V. Kanoria, Chairman & Managing Director, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Whole-Time Director, Shri H.K. Khaitan, Non-Executive Director, Smt. Meeta Makhan and Smt. Suhana Murshed, Independent Directors. Shri R. V. Kanoria is the Chairman of the Committee. The Committee met once during the year under review, details of which are provided in the Report on Corporate Governance forming part of the Annual Report.

The terms of reference of the Committee have also been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management Discussion and Analysis is a part of the Annual Report.

SUBSIDIARIES

A) Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc.

The Company's integrated denim manufacturing operations in Ethiopia are carried out through its wholly owned subsidiary, Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC "KAT", incorporated in Ethiopia.

The financial year 2025-26 marked a sharp recovery for KAT compared to the previous year. The Ethiopian Government's currency devaluation and economic liberalization measures boosted demand for locally manufactured products.

The revenue increased by 24% year-on-year, reported a small cash profit vs. cash loss of USD 2.30 million in FY 2024-25, capacity utilization improved to 66% from 56% in the previous year.

The sales growth momentum is expected to sustain. To capitalize on demand, the Board is evaluating addition of weaving capacity in the near term. Given the surplus capacity in other departments, incremental capital expenditure for this expansion is expected to be moderate.

Despite intensifying competition in the local market, demand for denim fabric remained robust.

The subsidiary remains exposed to macroeconomic risks including currency volatility, inflation, and changes in government policy in Ethiopia. The increased competition in the domestic market and shortage of foreign currency may impact margins. The Company continues to monitor these risks closely and has put in place mitigation measures including cost optimization and customer diversification.

PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENTS MADE, LOANS, GUARANTEES GIVEN AND SECURITIES PROVIDED

Details of investments made, loans given, guarantees given and securities provided as covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act are given in the Note Nos. 6 and 39 of the Standalone Financial Statements.

CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts/arrangements/transactions entered into by the Company during the financial year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis and were approved by the Audit Committee, Board of Directors, and also shareholders' approval was also obtained by passing a resolution through postal ballot dated 10th May 2025 and 4th September 2025. None of the transactions with any of the related parties were in conflict with the Company's interest. No Material RPTs, as per the materiality threshold, were entered during the year by the Company. Accordingly, the disclosure of related party transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Act in Form AOC-2 is not applicable to the Company for financial year 2025-26 and hence does not form part of this report.

The Policy on Related Party Transactions as approved by the Board may be accessed on the Company's website at link:

<https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/a6ceffe01e/policy-on-related-party-transactions.pdf>

STOCK EXCHANGE(S)

The Equity Shares of your Company are listed on two stock exchanges:

- National Stock Exchange of India Limited, Exchange Plaza, Plot no. C/1, G- Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051.
- BSE Limited, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400 001.

The annual listing fees for the year 2025-26 have been paid to both the stock exchanges where the shares of your Company are listed.

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company promotes ethical behavior in all its business activities and has put in place a mechanism of reporting illegal or unethical behavior. In compliance with provisions of Section 177(9) of the Act and the Listing Regulations, the Company has in place a Whistle Blower Policy for its Directors, employees and any other stakeholder to report concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of applicable laws and regulations and the Company's Codes of Conduct or policies and leak or suspected leak of unpublished price sensitive information of the Company. The concerns may be reported to the Audit Committee through the Nodal Officer and, in exceptional cases, may also be reported to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The confidentiality of those reporting violations is maintained and they are not subjected to any discriminatory practice. During the year under review, no employee was denied access to the Audit Committee.

The Whistle Blower Policy of the Company may be accessed on the Company's website at link: <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/56e0c1521e/whistle-blower-policy.pdf>

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company adheres to good governance practices. Corporate Governance at KCI extends to all stakeholders and is embodied in every business decision. The Company places prime importance on reliable financial information, integrity, transparency, empowerment and compliance with the law in letter and spirit. While Management Discussion and Analysis Report appears in the Section titled 'the Year in Review' in the Annual Report, the Corporate Governance Report and the Certificate from the Auditors of the Company confirming compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance are annexed hereto and form a part of the Directors' Report.

There is a conscious effort to ensure that the values enshrined in the Codes of Conduct for the Directors and Senior Management Personnel and the Employees respectively, are followed in true spirit across all levels of the Company.

ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Act, the Annual Return as on 31st March 2026 may be accessed on the Company's website at link: <https://www.kanoriachem.com/investors/annual-returns/>

AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

The Members had appointed M/s. Singhi & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 302049E), as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 62nd Annual General Meeting, to hold office as such, for a term of 5 years till the conclusion of the 67th Annual General Meeting.

The Auditors' Report for the financial year ended 31st March 2026 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

FRAUD REPORTING

During the year under review, the Auditors have not reported any matter under Section 143 (12) of the Act, therefore no detail is required to be disclosed under Section 134 (3) (ca) of the Act.

COST AUDITORS

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Act, the Board, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has approved the appointment of M/s N. D. Birla & Co., Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No. 000028), Ahmedabad, as the Cost Auditors for conducting the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending on 31st March 2026, at a remuneration of Rs. 1,65,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Sixty-Five Thousand only) plus applicable taxes and reimbursement of travelling and other incidental expenses to be incurred in the course of cost audit.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR & SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board had appointed M/s. MR & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries (UIN: F004515H000497854), to conduct Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2025-26. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year 2025-26 is provided as an Annexure to this Report. The Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

SECRETARIAL COMPLIANCE REPORT

The Company has undertaken an audit for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026 for all applicable compliances as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India Regulations and Circulars/Guidelines issued thereunder. The Annual Secretarial Compliance Report issued by M/s MR & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, has been submitted to the Stock Exchanges within 60 days from the end of the Financial Year.

INTERNAL AUDITORS

The Board of Directors of the Company has appointed M/s. Pawan Gupta & Co. as Internal Auditors to carry-out extensive Internal Audit of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026.

REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

During the year under review, the Statutory Auditor, Internal Auditor and Secretarial Auditor have not reported any instances of frauds committed in the Company by its Directors or Officers or Employees to the Audit Committee under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 and therefore details of the same in this Report is not applicable.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS/OUTGO

As required under Section 134 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder, the statement containing necessary information in respect of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo is provided in the Annexure to this Report.

EMPLOYEES INFORMATION AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

As required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with the Rules 5(1), 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, disclosures of remuneration and other details/particulars of the Directors and employees of the Company are provided in the Annexure to this Report.

SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT

The Company reaffirms its strong commitment to sustainable development through the pursuit of well-defined, ambitious goals supported by a robust Environment, Health, Safety, and Sustainability (EHSS) framework. The Company's Alco Chemical Division facilities, located in Ankleshwar, Vizag, and Naidupeta, have consistently adhered to Environment, Health, Safety, and Quality standards, resulting in their certification under ISO 9001:2015 (Quality Management Systems), ISO 14001:2015 (Environmental Management Systems), and ISO 45001:2018 (Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems). Additionally, all Divisions continue to hold RC 14001:2015 certification, demonstrating their commitment to implementing Responsible Care management systems aimed at addressing community concerns associated with their products and operations. The Company's Ankleshwar and Vizag units continue to proudly display the Responsible Care Logo, symbolizing its commitment to excellence in safety, environmental stewardship, community engagement, and sustainability practices, as recognized by the Indian Chemical Council (ICC).

The Company has a documented Environment, Health & Safety (EHS) Policy that is communicated across the organization and made available to all relevant stakeholders. Guided by its commitment to a Zero Accident culture, the Company continues to strengthen its health and safety procedures, supported by well-defined safety targets and objectives. This commitment is reflected in the achievement of zero incidents and zero lost time injuries across all three manufacturing units for several consecutive years.

The Company's commitment is reflected in the strategic adoption of renewable energy and resource conservation initiatives across its manufacturing facilities. During the year, the Company successfully adopted hybrid power (solar + wind) in group captive mode for the Ankleshwar unit, while a similar project is under discussion at the Vizag unit. Renewable energy, including wind and solar power, now accounts for approximately 80% of the Ankleshwar unit's power requirement. The Company also continues to integrate the "Reduce, Reuse and Recycle" (3R) philosophy into its core operations to promote efficient resource utilization and waste minimization. Following the successful stabilization of the Phenol Recovery Plant at the Ankleshwar unit, the Company has commenced implementation of a similar facility at the Vizag unit. In addition, Ion Exchange technology for Hexamine process waste stream management has been successfully commissioned and stabilized at both the Ankleshwar and Vizag units, further strengthening the Company's commitment to sustainable manufacturing and efficient resource recovery.

Energy conservation continues to remain a key focus area across all manufacturing facilities. Initiatives such as the Smart PO System at Ankleshwar, the Hydro Turbine at Naidupeta, and the IRIS platform for intelligent energy monitoring, successfully implemented at the Ankleshwar unit and now being extended to the Vizag and Naidupeta units, continue to deliver measurable efficiency gains. During the year, the Company also commissioned a 66 kV Grid Power System at the Ankleshwar unit to ensure stable and reliable power supply, minimize voltage fluctuations, and enhance operational reliability. The Company also upgraded the Distributed Control System (DCS) at the Ankleshwar unit to further improve process stability, operational reliability, and overall process performance. In addition, the Company has initiated a steam optimization project at the Penta plant aimed at reducing steam consumption and improving overall energy efficiency. The Company also continues to invest in robust environmental monitoring infrastructure and advanced safety training programmes focused on emergency preparedness, process safety management, and behavioral safety.

The Company remains committed to responsible environmental management through compliance with Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) requirements for plastic waste management. During the year, the Company also conducted a comprehensive carbon footprint assessment, which indicated that it has one of the lowest carbon emission intensities among comparable manufacturers in the industry, reinforcing its commitment to low-carbon and sustainable manufacturing practices.

These initiatives reflect the Company's holistic and responsible approach to environmental stewardship and workplace safety, aligning its operations with global best practices while supporting national and global sustainability goals.

HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

The company's human resource initiatives embody the core values of trust, transparency, respect, and dignity, which are deeply integrated into our workplace culture. Through well-defined hr policies, we continue to foster a collaborative, inclusive, and performance-driven environment that encourages teamwork, innovation, and continuous improvement at all levels of the organization by meeting the expectations of business acumen.

In pursuit of our strategic objective to evolve as a strengths-based and future-ready organization, we further enhanced our performance management and employee recognition systems. These initiatives aim to identify, reward, and nurture individual talent in alignment with our corporate vision and mission.

As part of our ongoing commitment to vision-2030, the company further expanded its learning and development programs. A wide range of internal and external training interventions were conducted, focusing on technical upskilling, leadership development, digital competencies, and behavioural effectiveness.

The company also reinforced its focus on employee well-being and engagement through several initiatives promoting mental health awareness, work-life balance, and physical wellness, thereby fostering a motivated and resilient workforce.

Industrial relations remained cordial throughout the year across all operational sites, contributing to a stable and cooperative working environment.

In addition to our internal development efforts, the company actively pursued its social responsibility goals through various CSR initiatives. These included contributions towards education, healthcare, environmental sustainability, and community development programs. The company remained committed to making a positive and measurable impact in the communities in which it operates, in line with our values and long-term sustainability objectives.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- that in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- that such accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and judgement and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2026 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- that the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- that proper internal financial controls to be followed by the Company have been laid down and that the financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- that proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder, unclaimed dividend amount of Rs. 4,59,573 of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2018 has been transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government pursuant to Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013.

During the year 18,871 equity shares were transferred to IEPF.

The details are provided at the website of the Company at <https://www.kanoriachem.com/investors/unpaid-dividend/>

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has constituted Complaints Redressal Committees across all its locations, to consider and resolve sexual harassment complaints reported by women. During the year under review, no complaint was filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, and that there was no complaint pending at the end of the year. The Company regularly conducts awareness programs for its employees.

The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the year:

Sl. No.	Particulars	Status of the No. of complaints received and disposed off
1	Number of complaints on Sexual harassment received	Nil
2	Number of Complaints disposed off during the year	Not Applicable
3	Number of cases pending for more than ninety days	Not Applicable
4	Number of workshops or awareness programme against sexual harassment carried out	The Company regularly conducts necessary awareness programmes for its employees
5	Nature of action taken by the employer or district officer	Not Applicable

CONSTITUTION OF INTERNAL COMPLAINTS COMMITTEE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has constituted Complaints Redressal Committees across all its locations, as required under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. The Company has not received any complaints during the year.

INSURANCE

All properties and insurable interests of the Company have been fully insured.

COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARD

The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING CODE

As per SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulation, 2015, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading. The Company has appointed Smt. Pratibha Jaiswal, Company Secretary as Compliance Officer under the said Regulations. The said Code has been complied during the year under review.

RECONCILIATION OF SHARE CAPITAL AUDIT

The Practicing Company Secretary's quarterly Certificate with regard to reconciliation of Share Capital Audit as required under the SEBI Listing Regulations is submitted to BSE and the NSE and is also placed before the Board of Directors.

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS/COURTS/TRIBUNALS

During the year under review, no significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

GENERAL

- i. No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred from the close of the financial year ended 31st March, 2026 till the date of this Report.
- ii. During the year under review, the Company has not issued sweat equity shares.
- iii. During the year under review, the Company has not issued shares with differential voting rights.
- iv. The Company has not revised any of its financial statements or reports.
- v. During the year under review, no application has been made or any proceeding is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 against the Company.
- vi. During the year under review, there were no instance of one-time settlement with banks or financial institutions and hence the differences in valuation as enumerated under Rule 8 (5) (xii) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended, do not arise.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors acknowledge with gratitude the commitment and dedication of the employees for their untiring personal efforts as well as their collective contributions at all levels that have led to the growth and success of the Company. The Directors would like to thank other stakeholders including lenders and business associates who have continued to provide support and encouragement.

Registered Office

'KCI Plaza'
23C, Ashutosh Chowdhury Avenue
Kolkata 700 019
Date: 25th May, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board,

R. V. Kanoria
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00003792

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

[Pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014]

1. A. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

The Company acts as a good Corporate Citizen and as its philosophy always strive to conduct its business in inclusive, sustainable, socially responsible, ethical manner and to continuously work towards improving quality of life of the communities. The Company has in place a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company. The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company enables it to continue to make responsible contribution towards welfare of the society.

The scope of activities which the Company undertakes towards fulfilment of its CSR obligations are in line with Schedule VII of the Act. However, primarily the Company's focus is on the following areas:

- Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects.

The Company may also take other CSR activities as may be prescribed under the applicable statute from time to time. In addition, the Company may take such other appropriate activities for the society, from time to time, as may be thought fit by the CSR Committee and approved by the Board.

B. Policy of the Company: The CSR Policy of the Company may be accessed on its corporate website at:

<https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/656982d5c3/corporate-social-responsibility-policy.pdf>

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation/Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria	Chairperson, Non-executive and Non Independent Director	2	2
2.	Shri R V Kanoria	Member, Managing Director	2	2
3.	Smt. Meeta Makhan	Member, Independent Director	2	2

3. Provide the web-link where following are disclosed:

CSR Committee - <https://www.kanoriachem.com/investors/board-committees/>

CSR Policy - <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/656982d5c3/corporate-social-responsibility-policy.pdf>

CSR Projects approved by the Board - <https://www.kanoriachem.com/investors/csr-programme/>

4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable: Not Applicable

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs. 4.45 million
 (b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs. 0.09 million
 (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: NIL
 (d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NIL
 (e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year {(b-c)-d}: Rs. 0.09 million (Rs. 0.09 million approved by CSR Committee)
6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project): Rs. 0.09 million
 (b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL
 (c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NA
 (d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a) + (b) + (c)]: Rs. 0.09 million
 (e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year (Rs. In million)	Amount Unspent (Rs. In million) : NIL				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135 (6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135 (5)		
	Amount (Rs. In million)	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer
0.09	NIL	NA	NA	NA	NA

- (f) Excess amount for set-off, if any: Rs. NIL

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
i.	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	0.09 million
ii	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	0.09 million
iii.	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	0.00 million
iv.	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	NIL
v.	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	NIL

*Includes excess amount of Rs. 0.09 million available for set off in financial years 2025-26, 2026-27 and 2027-28

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

7. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year(s)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under subsection (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under subsection (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Amount Spent in the Financial Year (in Rs.)	Amount transferred to a Fund as specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to subsection (5) of section 135, if any		Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding Financial Years (in Rs.)	Deficiency, if any
					Amount (in Rs.)	Date of transfer		
1	2024-25	Not applicable						
2	2023-24	Not applicable						
3	2022-23	Not applicable						

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per subsection (5) of section 135: Not Applicable.

For and on behalf of the Board,

Place: New Delhi
Date: 25th May, 2026

N. K. Nolkha
Group Chief Financial Officer

Madhuvanti Kanoria
Chairperson, CSR Committee
DIN:00142146

R. V. Kanoria
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN:00003792

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited
KCI Plaza, 6th Floor, 23C, Ashutosh Chowdhury Avenue,
Kolkata-700019

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **KANORIA CHEMICALS & INDUSTRIES LIMITED** (hereinafter called the company) Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2026 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2026 according to the provisions of:

- i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), amendment and the rules made thereunder;
- ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings, as may be applicable;
- v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 ("SEBI SAST Regulations 2015");
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI PIT Regulations 2015");
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and other applicable regulations/guidelines/circulars as may be issued by SEBI from time to time ("SEBI LODR Regulations 2015");
 - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client read with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 2025 as applicable.

We further report that, there were no actions/ events in pursuance of;

- a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
- b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
- c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021.
- d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
- e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

vi) The Company had identified following other laws as specifically applicable to the Company namely:

- a. Petroleum Act, 1934 read with Petroleum Rules, 2002;
- b. Poisons Act, 1919;
- c. Explosives Act, 1884 read with Explosives Rules, 2008;
- d. Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016;
- e. Energy Conservation Act, 2001 (as amended);
- f. Electricity Act, 2003 along with rules and regulations framed thereunder.

We further report that we have relied upon the representation made by the management of the Company, for compliance with the other applicable laws.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- i) Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, as notified and mandated from time to time.
- ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited read with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended and applicable.

During the period under review, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above except for the followings;

- i) The name of immediate relatives of Designated Persons for implementation of trading restriction/PAN freezing mechanism in terms of Regulation 9 of the SEBI PIT Regulations 2015 read with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/ISD/ISD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2025/55 dated April 21, 2025 was updated lately. However, no trading was done by any of the immediate relatives of Designated Persons during the closure period of trading window.
- ii) The Integrated Filing (Financial) in XBRL for the financial results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2025 was submitted with a delay of one day from the date of submission of financial results in PDF form.
- iii) The countersignature of the Chairman/authorised person on the Scrutinizer's Report submitted with the Stock Exchange(s) on September 26, 2025, remained to be affixed at the time of filing; however, the voting results were duly signed by the authorised signatory.

The Board of Directors of the Company is constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were generally sent seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

There had been no instance of dissent recorded in the minutes of the Board and Committee Meetings; accordingly, we have no reason to believe that the decisions were not unanimously approved by the Directors present. The minutes of such meetings were duly approved by the Chairperson of the respective meetings.

We further report that the Company has in place adequate systems and processes, commensurate with its size and operations, to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines. However, the Company shall further strengthen its internal review and disclosure control mechanisms to enhance overall compliance effectiveness. During the financial year 2025–26, certain filings submitted to the Stock Exchange(s) were not authenticated through DSC, though duly signed by the authorized signatory and Certain disclosures filed with the Stock Exchange(s) were also subsequently revised by the Company upon identification of inadvertent reporting errors. Further, the QR codes provided in certain newspaper advertisements relating to financial results were temporarily inaccessible due to technical issues. The Company has subsequently implemented appropriate corrective measures, including affixing DSC on such filings, and has strengthened its processes to ensure compliance and operational accessibility on a going-forward basis.

We further report that the Company received an email from National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) on May 9, 2025 regarding Clarification on Corporate Governance that the Risk Management Committee Meetings are not held as per Regulation 21 (3C) of SEBI LODR Regulations 2015. The company filed its reply dated May 12, 2025. Further the Company received an email from NSE and BSE Limited on January 6, 2026 w.r.t. the letter issued against the company. The Company uploaded the letter on the website of NSE & BSE Limited on January 12, 2026.

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

We further report that during the audit period, the Company had obtained approval of Members by special resolution for the following events –

(i) Postal Ballot (May 10, 2025)

- a) Re-appointment of Shri Saumya Vardhan Kanoria (DIN: 02097441) as a Whole-Time Director of the Company for a term of 3 years with effect from 1st April, 2025.
- b) Approval of Material Related Party Transaction between the step down subsidiaries of the Company, viz., APAG Elektronik AG, Switzerland and APAG Elektronik s.r.o., Czech Republic.

(ii) Postal Ballot (September 03, 2025)

- a) Approval to allow the sale, dilution, transfer or disposal of 100% of its shareholding in its material subsidiary company viz. APAG Holdings AG and consequential sale, dilution, transfer or disposal of 100% of its shareholding in its material step down subsidiary companies viz. APAG Elektronik AG and APAG Elektronik s.r.o. Czech Republic to Anevolve Private Limited (Anevolve) and /or Asia Investments UK Private Limited (AIPL);

We further report that, the Company had, at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on April 01, 2026, obtained the approval of the shareholders for increase in the Authorised Share Capital of the Company and consequent alteration of the Memorandum of Association, and also for issuance and allotment of Non-Convertible, Non-Cumulative, Non-Participating Redeemable Preference Shares (NCRPS) of Rs. 1,000/- each to M/s. R. V. Investment and Dealers Limited on private placement basis. Subsequently, the Company allotted 4,95,000 NCRPS to its Promoter Group entity, namely M/s. R. V. Investment and Dealers Limited, on April 18, 2026.

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed “ANNEXURE - A” and forms an Integral Part of this Report.

For MR & Associates
Company Secretaries
A Peer Reviewed Firm
Peer Review Certificate No.: 5598/2024

[CS M R Goenka]
Partner
FCS No.: 4515
CP No.: 2551
UDIN: F004515H000497854

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

ANNEXURE – A

(TO THE SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT OF KANORIA CHEMICALS & INDUSTRIES LIMITED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026)

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of Secretarial Records is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the Audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and standards is the responsibility of the management. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial Records and also based on opinions furnished to us by the Company. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company as well as the correctness of the values and figures reported in various disclosures and returns as required to be submitted by the Company under the specified laws, though we have relied to a certain extent on the information furnished in such returns.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. As regard the books, papers, forms, reports and returns filed by the Company under the provisions referred to in our Secretarial Audit Report in Form MR-3 the adherence and compliance to the requirements of the said provisions is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to checking the execution and timeliness of the filing of various forms, reports, returns and documents that need to be filed by the Company with various authorities under the said provisions of the Act. We have not verified the correctness and coverage of the contents of such forms, reports, returns and documents.
6. Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial, and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with audit practices.
7. The contents of this Report has to be read in conjunction with and not in isolation of the observations, if any, in the report(s) furnished/to be furnished by any other auditor(s)/agencies/authorities with respect to the Company.
8. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
9. This report pertains solely to the compliances and other applicable matters arising during the audit period from April 1, 2025, to March 31, 2026.

For MR & Associates
Company Secretaries
A Peer Reviewed Firm
Peer Review Certificate No.: 5598/2024

[CS M R Goenka]
Partner

FCS No.: 4515
CP No.: 2551

UDIN: F004515H000497854

Place: Kolkata

Date: 25th May, 2026

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

Particulars of Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo required under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

(A) Conservation of Energy

(i) The steps taken for conservation of energy:

Major energy conservation initiative taken during the financial year 2025-26

- Installation of IRIS System in Ankleshwar plant to save energy consumption- 950 KWH/Day.
- Installation of IRIS System in Vizag plant to save energy consumption- 250 KWH/Day
- Installation of IRIS System in Naidupeta plant to save energy consumption- 310 KWH/Day
- Reduction of grid power costs by utilizing 70-75% renewable energy (wind and hybrid) through third party PPAs for 2 MW Wind power & Group captive PPA for 3.5 MW Hybrid power. Reduction of energy cost around Rs 35 Lakhs monthly by renewable energy.
- Installation of VFD in Penta circulation pump & Hexamine roto pumps in Ankleshwar.
- Revamping of Penta evaporation system in Ankleshwar to reduce steam consumption 20 MT/ Day.
- Revamping of RO System at Naidupeta to reduce 40 % effluent load.
- Back pressure turbine nozzle tuning done to improve power generation from 90 kW to 120 kW per hour at Vizag. Additional generation 720 KWH/Day.
- Reduction of Energy cost at Vizag by power bidding with IEX. Gain Rs 24.40 Lakhs/ Annum.

(ii) The steps taken by the Company for continuous utilization of alternate sources of energy: Use of different grades of Briquette in place of Coal in Boiler for steam generation is continued.

(iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipment's: Rs. 5.80 million

(B) Technology Absorption

(i) The efforts made towards technology absorption: NIL

(ii) The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution: NIL

(iii) Details of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year): NIL

(iv) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development:

(Rs. in million)

Revenue Expenditure	4.30
---------------------	------

(C) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

(Rs. in million)

Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year	336.56
Foreign Exchange outgo in terms of actual outflows during the year	3,154.66

For and on behalf of the Board,

R. V. Kanoria

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 00003792

Place: New Delhi

Date: 25th May, 2026

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

A. Information pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

1. Ratio of remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of all employees and percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

Sl. No.	Name of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel	Designation	The ratio of remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of all employees of the Company for the financial year 2025-26	Percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary in the financial year 2025-26
1.	Shri Rajya Vardhan Kanoria	Chairman & Managing Director	71.49	5.40
2.	Shri Saumya Vardhan Kanoria	Whole-Time Director	47.11	12.15
3.	Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria	Non-Executive Non- Independent Director	0.56	23.81
4.	Shri Hemant Kumar Khaitan	Non-Executive Non- Independent Director	0.56	(14.75)
5.	Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla	Non-Executive Independent Director	0.82	38.18
6.	Smt. Suhana Murshed	Non-Executive Independent Director	0.47	(12.00)
7.	Smt. Meeta Makhan	Non-Executive Independent Director	0.83	108.11
8.	Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri	Non-Executive Independent Director	0.67	342.86
9.	Shri Nirmal Kumar Nolkha	Group Chief Financial Officer	-	9.32
10.	Smt. Pratibha Jaiswal	Company Secretary	-	7.71

Notes:

Directors other than the Executive Directors received only the sitting fees during the financial years 2024-25 and 2025-26.

- The number of permanent employees as on 31st March, 2026 was **385**.
- During the year 2025-26, the median remuneration of the employees as compared to previous year increased by **9.35%**.
- During the year, the average remuneration of the employees including Key Managerial Personnel increased by **7.84%** as compared to the previous year.
- During the year, the average remuneration of the employees excluding Key Managerial Personnel increased by **7.12%** and the average remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel increased by **9.46%** compared to the previous year.

The remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees is in accordance with the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

(a) Particulars of employees pursuant to provisions of Section 197 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rules 5 (2) and (3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Top 10 Employees in terms of remuneration drawn

(i) Employees in receipt of remuneration aggregating to not less than Rs. 1.02 Crore per annum or Rs. 8.50 Lakh per month

Sl. No.	Name and Age	Designation	Remuneration (Rs.)	Qualification and Experience	Date of Joining	Last Employment
1.	Rajya Vardhan Kanoria (71 years)	Chairman & Managing Director	33,196,159	B.Sc., MBA (Hons.) (52 years)	10.01.1983	-
2.	Saumya Vardhan Kanoria (44 years)	Whole-Time Director	21,877,693	MS in Computer Science (22 years)	21.08.2006	Morgan Stanley, USA
3.	Nirmal Kumar Nolkha (59 years)	Group Chief Financial Officer	12,315,767	B. Com (Hons) ACA (38 years)	02.04.1991	G. R. Magnets Limited

(ii) Other Employees

Sl. No.	Name and Age	Designation	Remuneration (Rs.)	Qualification and Experience	Date of Joining	Last Employment
4.	Sanjay Kumar Ojha (54 years)	Chief of Manufacturing & Project-Chemical Business	6,205,810	B.E. (Mechanical) (29 Years)	11.06.2007	United Phosphorus Limited
5.	Anil S. Sodah (51 Years)	Asst. Vice President (Sales & Marketing)	5,772,432	Diploma in Chemical Engineering (31 Years)	01.07.2019	Deepak Fertilizers and Petrochemicals Corporation Limited
6.	Anil D. Mishra (54 Years)	Asst. Vice President (EHS & Compliances)	5,444,788	M.Tech-Env. Engineering, PGDIS (Post Diploma Industrial Safety) (30 years)	20.12.2004	Khemani Distilleries Ltd., Daman
7.	Ravish Kumar Mundra (50 Years)	AVP (Accounts & Sales) - Chemical Business	4,830,043	B. Com, ACA (25 Years)	05.02.2007	Gopalakrishnan Aiyer & Co., Vapi
8.	Gurumurthy Shrinivas Yeleswarapu (57 Years)	Sr. General Manager - Marketing	4,190,023	MBA Marketing, B.Sc (MPC) (34 Years)	11.12.2006	Indian Rayon, Veraval (A unit of Aditya Birla Nuvo)
9.	Sachin Karmakar (37 Years)	GM-Marketing	3,930,908	M. Tech Chemical Engineering (14 Years)	20.02.2025	Lanxess India Private Limited
10.	Rakesh Kumar Sharma (66 Years)	Principal Private Secretary	3,901,094	Graduate (46 Years)	14.02.2000	Cement Corporation of India

The figures are on mercantile basis.

Notes:

Remuneration includes Salary, Commission, House Rent Allowance, Contribution to Provident Fund, Leave Travel Assistance, Medical and other facilities, as applicable.

All the appointments are on employment agreement basis, except for executive Directors which are contractual.

The Employees, who hold the Equity Shares of the Company as on 31st March 2026 are Shri R. V. Kanoria (461,481) (1.06%), Shri S. V. Kanoria (556,440) (1.27%), Shri Nirmal Kumar Nolkha (1,500) (0.003%). None of the above employee hold Equity Shares of the Company.

Shri R. V. Kanoria, Chairman & Managing Director is spouse of Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria, a Director of the Company. Shri S. V. Kanoria, Whole-Time Director is son of Shri R. V. Kanoria and Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria.

For and on behalf of the Board,

R. V. Kanoria

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 00003792

Place: New Delhi

Date: 25th May, 2026

Report on CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

INTRODUCTION

Your Company has complied with the provisions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations, 2015").

A Report on the implementation of Corporate Governance by the Company as per the Listing Regulations, 2015 is given below.

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance is commitment to values and integrity in directing the affairs of the Company. It is an integral part of the Company's strategic management. Its basic tenets – adherence to ethical business practices; delegation; responsibility and accountability; honesty and transparency in the functioning of management and the Board; true, complete and timely disclosures and compliance of law, ultimately result in maximising shareholders value and in protecting the interests of stakeholders.

The Company is committed to and always strives for excellence through adoption of and adherence to good corporate governance in the true spirit.

The Company is guided by a well-balanced Board comprising of Directors, who are all outstanding professionals of eminence and integrity. Strategic management by a professional Board is the focal point of the Company's Corporate Governance philosophy and practice.

A core group of top-level executives further strengthens and reinforces the foundation of Corporate Governance in the Company. Competent professionals across the organisation have put in place the best in terms of systems, processes, procedures and technologies.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

The Board as on 31st March 2026 consisted of 8 (eight) Directors including 6 (six) Non-executive Directors out of which 4 (four) are Independent Directors. Shri R.V. Kanoria, B.Sc., MBA (Hons.), representing the promoters is holding the executive position and is designated as the Chairman & Managing Director of the Company. He has 52 years of industrial, managerial, administrative and commercial experience. Shri S. V. Kanoria, an MS in Computer Science having 22 years of work experience, is the Whole-Time Director of the Company.

During the year under review, the Board met 5 (five) times; on 21st May, 2025, 29th July, 2025, 5th August, 2025, 10th November, 2025 and 12th February, 2026.

The composition of the Board, Directorship, Chairmanship and/or Membership of Committees held as on 31st March 2026 by each Director in the companies including this Company are as under:

Name of Director	Name of the other Indian listed company where directorship held	Category of Directors	Directorship ¹ (Including in Indian listed companies)	Committee Membership ²	Committee Chairmanship ²
Executive Directors					
Shri Rajya Vardhan Kanoria (DIN: 00003792)	Swaraj Engines Limited	Non -executive Independent Director	7	3	1
	J K Paper Limited	Non-executive Non-Independent Director			
Shri Saumya Vardhan Kanoria (DIN: 02097441)	None	NA	3	1	-

Name of Director	Name of the other Indian listed company where directorship held	Category of Directors	Directorship ¹ (Including in Indian listed companies)	Committee Membership ²	Committee Chairmanship ²
Non-Executive Non-Independent Director					
Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria (DIN: 00142146)	None	NA	2	-	-
Shri Hemant Kumar Khaitan (DIN: 00220049)	Steel Products Limited	Executive Director	4	4	1
	Assam Carbon Products Limited	Non-executive Independent Director			
Non-Executive Independent Directors					
Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla (DIN: 00004213)	Xpro India Limited	Executive Director	5	3	-
	Nestle India Limited	Non-executive Independent Director			
Smt. Suhana Murshed (DIN: 08572394)	Xpro India Limited	Non-executive Independent Director	2	4	1
Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri (DIN: 01998420)	None	NA	1	1	-
Smt. Meeta Makhan (DIN: 07135150)	Timex Group India Limited	Non-executive Independent Director	4	6	4
	DCM Shriram International Limited	Non-executive Independent Director			

1. This excludes Directorship held in Indian Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Companies under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.
2. Committee refers to Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee.

Notes

- i Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria is the spouse of Shri R. V. Kanoria. Shri S. V. Kanoria, Whole-Time Director, is the son of Shri R. V. Kanoria and Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria. None of the other Directors is related to any other Director on the Board.
- ii None of the Directors has any business relationship with the Company.
- iii The Company has three woman Directors on its Board of Directors.
- iv None of the Directors received any loans and advances from the Company during the year.
- v None of the Directors holds Directorships in more than the permissible number of companies under the Companies Act, 2013 or Directorships/Membership/Chairmanship of Board Committees as permissible under Regulations 17A and 26 of the Listing Regulations, 2015. All the Directors have certified that they are not disqualified for appointment as a Director in any company.
- vi Additional information pursuant to the Listing Regulations, 2015 in respect of Director seeking appointment / re-appointment is given in the AGM Notice.

The attendance of Directors at the Board Meetings and the Annual General Meeting held during the year 2025-26 is as under:

Name of Director	Category of Directors	Board Meetings held during the year	Attendance at	
			Board Meetings	Last AGM
Shri Rajya Vardhan Kanoria (DIN: 00003792)	Promoter – Chairman & Managing Director	5	5	Yes
Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria (DIN: 00142146)	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director	5	5	Yes
Shri Saumya Vardhan Kanoria (DIN: 02097441)	Executive Director – Whole-Time Director	5	5	Yes
Shri Hemant Kumar Khaitan (DIN: 00220049)	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director	5	5	Yes
Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla (DIN: 00004213)	Non-Executive – Independent Director	5	5	No
Smt. Suhana Murshed (DIN: 08572394)	Non-Executive – Independent Director	5	3	Yes
Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri (DIN: 01998420)	Non-Executive – Independent Director	5	5	Yes
Smt. Meeta Makhan (DIN: 07135150)	Non-Executive – Independent Director	5	5	Yes

Equity Shares of the Company held by Directors

The Directors, who hold the Equity Shares of the Company as on 31st March 2026 are Shri R.V. Kanoria (461,481), Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria (498,321), Shri S. V. Kanoria (556,440), Shri H. K. Khaitan (100), Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla (25), Smt. Suhana Murshed (5), Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri (1) and Smt. Meeta Makhan (100).

Familiarisation Programmes for Board Members

The Board Members are provided with necessary documents, reports and internal policies to enable them to familiarise with the Company's procedures and practices. Periodic presentations are made at the Board and Board Committees, on business and performance updates of the Company. Relevant statutory changes encompassing important laws are regularly made available to the Directors. Efforts are also made to familiarise the Directors about the Company, their roles, rights, responsibility in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model/procedures/ processes of the Company, etc. through various programmes including plant visits. The details of the familiarisation programmes for Independent Directors are uploaded on the website of the Company and can be accessed at <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/3190f9d463/familiarisation-programme-for-independent-directors.pdf>

Skills/Expertise/Competence of the Board of Directors

The core skills / expertise / competencies identified by the Board as required in the context of the Company's business(es) for it to function effectively and those actually available with the Directors are as given below:

Sl. No.	Skills / expertise / competencies	Name of Directors
1	Leadership qualities	Shri R. V. Kanoria, Smt. M. V. Kanoria, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Shri H. K. Khaitan, Shri S. K. Birla, Smt. Suhana Murshed and Smt. Meeta Makhan
2	Industry knowledge and experience	Shri R. V. Kanoria, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri and Smt. Meeta Makhan
3	Financial expertise	Shri R. V. Kanoria, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Shri H. K. Khaitan, Shri S. K. Birla, Smt. Meeta Makhan
4	Risk Management	Shri R. V. Kanoria, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Shri H. K. Khaitan, and Smt. Meeta Makhan
5	Understanding of relevant laws, rules, regulations and policies	Shri R. V. Kanoria, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Shri H. K. Khaitan, Shri S. K. Birla, Smt. Suhana Murshed, Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri and Smt. Meeta Makhan
6	Corporate Governance	Shri R. V. Kanoria, Smt. M. V. Kanoria, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Shri S. K. Birla, Smt. Suhana Murshed, Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri and Smt. Meeta Makhan
7	Global experience/International exposure	Shri R. V. Kanoria, Smt. M. V. Kanoria, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Shri H. K. Khaitan, Smt. Suhana Murshed, Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri and Smt. Meeta Makhan

Responsibilities

The primary role of the Board is to protect and enhance shareholder value. It monitors the effectiveness of the Company's governance practices and makes changes as necessary. The Board exercises independent judgment on corporate affairs. The Board's concentration is also on strategy, policy and control, delegation of power and specifying approvals that remain in the Board's domain besides review of corporate performance and reporting to shareholders. The Board and Management's roles are clearly demarcated.

The Management is required to:

- a) provide necessary inputs to assist the Board in its decision making process in respect of the Company's strategies, policies, performance targets and code of conduct;
- b) manage day-to-day affairs of the Company to achieve targets and goals set by the Board in the best possible manner;
- c) implement all policies and the code of conduct as approved by the Board;
- d) provide timely, accurate, substantive and material information, including on all financial matters and any exceptions, to the Board and/or its Committees;
- e) ensure strict compliance with all applicable laws and regulations; and
- f) implement sound and effective internal control systems.

The management and the conduct of the affairs of the Company lie with the Managing Director who heads the management team. The Managing Director acts as a link between the Board and the Management and is also responsible for leading and evaluating the work of other executives.

Role of Independent Directors

The Independent Directors play an important role in deliberations and decision-making at the Board Meetings and bring to the Company wide experiences in their respective fields. They also contribute in significant measure to Board Committees. Their independent role vis-à-vis the Company means that they have a special contribution to make in situations where they add a broader perspective by ensuring that the interests of all stakeholders are kept in acceptable balance and in providing an objective view in instances where a (potential) conflict of interests may arise between stakeholders.

Meetings of Independent Directors

It is important for the Independent Directors to have separate meetings in order to enable the Board to provide fair judgment in all matters related to the functioning of the Company. As per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2024 w.e.f. 13.12.2024, the independent directors of top 2000 listed entities as per market capitalization shall endeavour to hold at least two meetings in a financial year, without the presence of non-independent directors and members of the management and all the independent directors shall endeavour to be present at such meetings. During the year under review, 2 (two) Meetings of Independent Directors were held on 4th November, 2025 and 12th February 2026, wherein the Independent Directors carried out the performance evaluation of the Chairman & Managing Director, Executive and Non-Executive Directors as well as the Board of the Company. The Meeting also assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information by the Management of the Company to the Board of Directors.

Confirmation of Independence

Based on the declarations received from the Independent Directors, the Board of Directors is of the opinion that they meet the criteria of independence as per Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI Listing Regulations and that they are independent of the management.

Certificate of Company Secretary in Practice

A Certificate obtained from a Company Secretary in Practice, confirming that none of the Directors of the Company is debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Director of companies by the SEBI/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority, is annexed hereto.

Resignation of the Independent Directors during the year

None of the Independent Directors resigned during the Financial Year 2025-26.

BOARD MEETINGS

Selection of Agenda Items for Board Meetings

- i) The Company holds a minimum of 4 (four) Board Meetings in each year, which are pre-scheduled after the end of each financial quarter. The gap between two Meetings is not more than 120 days. Apart from the four pre-scheduled Board Meetings, additional Board Meetings are convened by giving appropriate notice to address the specific needs of the Company.

- ii) All divisions and departments in the Company are encouraged to plan their functions well in advance, particularly with regard to matters requiring discussion and approval by the Board or by Committees. All such matters are communicated to the Company Secretary in advance so that these may be included in the Agenda for the Board or Committee Meetings.
- iii) At the beginning of each meeting of the Board, the Chairman & Managing Director briefs the Board members about the key developments relating to the Company.
- iv) At each of the 4 (four) pre-scheduled Board Meetings, managers are invited to make presentations on the major business segments and operations of the Company before taking on record the results of the Company for the preceding financial quarter. Sufficient support information is provided to the Board in advance for all strategic matters of significance pertaining to expansion plans, financing and diversifications. These are discussed and deliberated in detail at the Board level.
- v) Among others, the following items are placed at the Board Meetings for the consideration/review/approval of the Board:
 - Annual Operating Plans and Budgets and any updates.
 - Capital Budgets and any updates.
 - Quarterly results of the Company and its Business Segments.
 - Minutes of Meetings of the Board and its Committees.
 - The information on recruitment and remuneration of senior officers just below the Board level, including appointment or removal of Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary.
 - Show cause, demand, prosecution notices and penalty notices, which are materially important.
 - Fatal or serious accidents, dangerous occurrences, any material effluent or pollution problems.
 - Any material default in financial obligations to and by the Company, or substantial non payment for goods sold by the Company.
 - Any issue, which involves possible public or product liability claims of substantial nature, including any judgement or order which may have passed strictures on the conduct of the Company or taken an adverse view regarding another enterprise that can have negative implications on the Company.
 - Details of any Joint Venture or Collaboration Agreement, if any.
 - Transactions that involve substantial payment towards goodwill, brand equity or intellectual property, if any.
 - Significant labour problems and their proposed solutions. Any significant development in Human Resources/ Industrial Relations front like signing of wage agreement, implementation of Voluntary Retirement Scheme etc, if any.
 - Sale of material nature of investments, subsidiaries, assets, which is not in normal course of business.
 - Quarterly details of foreign exchange exposures and the steps taken by management to limit the risks of adverse exchange rate movement, if material.
 - Non-compliance of any regulatory, statutory or listing requirements and shareholders service such as non-payment of dividend, delay in share transfer etc.

In addition, the other matters requiring the Board's consideration/review/approval, from time to time, are also placed at the Board Meetings. The Board's annual agenda includes recommending dividend (if any), determining Directors who shall retire by rotation and recommending appointment/reappointment of Directors and Auditors, authentication of annual accounts and approving the Directors' Report, long term strategic plans for the Company and the principal issues that the Company expects to face in the future. The Board also considers/approves the other matters as required to be considered/approved by the Board as per the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, 2015. The Board also notes and reviews the functions of the Committees.

The Chairman of the Board and the Company Secretary in consultation with other concerned persons in senior management finalise the agenda papers for the Board Meeting. Directors have access to the Company Secretary's support for all information of the Company and are free to suggest inclusion of any matter in the Agenda.

Board Meeting Material Distributed in Advance

- i) Agenda Papers are circulated to the Directors in advance. All material information is incorporated in the Agenda Papers for facilitating meaningful and focussed discussions at the Meeting. Where it is not practical to attach any documents to the Agenda, the same are placed on the table at the Meeting with specific reference to this effect in the Agenda.
- ii) In special and exceptional circumstances, additional or supplementary items on the Agenda are permitted to be taken at the Meeting.

Recording of Minutes of Proceedings at Board and/or Committee Meetings

The Company Secretary records the minutes of the proceedings of each Board and Committee Meeting. Draft Minutes are circulated to all the members of the Board within 15 days from the conclusion of the Meeting for their comments. The Minutes of proceedings of a Meeting are entered in the Minutes Book within 30 days from the conclusion of the Meeting.

Compliance

The Company Secretary while preparing the agenda, notes on agenda and minutes of the Meetings, ensures adherence to the applicable provisions of law including, but not limited to the Companies Act 2013, Secretarial Standards and the Listing Regulations, 2015.

BOARD COMMITTEES

To enable better and focussed attention on the affairs of the Company, the Board delegates specific matters to its Committees. These Committees also prepare the groundwork for decision-making and report at the subsequent Board Meetings. No matter, however, is left to the final decision of any Committee, which under the law or the Articles may not be delegated by the Board or may require the Board's explicit approval. Minutes of the Committee Meetings are circulated to all Directors and discussed at the Board Meetings. During the year, all recommendations of the Committees were approved by the Board

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises of Smt. Meeta Makhan, Smt. Suhana Murshed, Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla and Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri, Independent Directors, and Shri R. V. Kanoria, Chairman & Managing Director of the Company. Smt. Meeta Makhan is the Chairperson of the Committee. The Members of the Committee have requisite knowledge of finance, accounts and Company law.

Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri was inducted in the Committee with effect from 10th November, 2025.

The Audit Committee's constitution, terms of reference and role are in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, 2015. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee inter alia include the following:

- a) Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of Auditors of the company;
- b) Approval of payment to Statutory Auditors for rendering of any other services;
- c) Review and monitor the Auditors' independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process and adequacy of Internal Control Systems;
- d) Review with the Management, the Annual Financial Statement and the Auditors Report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to: (a) matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement; (b) changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same; (c) major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management; (d) significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings; (e) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements; (f) disclosure of any related party transactions; (g) modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;
- e) Reviewing with the Management, the quarterly Financial Statement before submission to the Board for approval;
- f) Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- g) Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- h) Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- i) Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- j) Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- k) Monitoring the end use of funds raised through an issue and related matters;
- l) Review of appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of Internal Auditor;
- m) Review of Internal Audit Reports, discussion with Internal Auditors and follow up of any significant findings therein;
- n) Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- o) Review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism;
- p) Review the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;

- q) Look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- r) Review the utilization of loans and/or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary as prescribed.
- s) Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the listed entity and its shareholder;
- t) Review management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- u) Review management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- v) Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- w) Review statement of deviations;
- x) Approve appointment of CFO (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function).
- y) To carry out any other function as may be referred, from time to time, by the Board of Directors or enforced by any statutory notification/amendment or modification as may be applicable.

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Audit Committee.

During the financial year 2025-26, the Committee met 4 (four) times; on 21st May, 2025, 5th August, 2025, 10th November, 2025 and 12th February, 2026. Attendance of Members at Audit Committee Meetings held during the year 2025-26:

Name of Director	No. of Meetings attended
Smt. Meeta Makhan	4
Shri R V Kanoria	4
Smt. Suhana Murshed	3
Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla	4
Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri *	1

*Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri was inducted in the Committee with effect from 10th November, 2025.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on 26th September 2025. The Board has accepted all recommendations made by the Audit Committee.

Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprises of Smt. Suhana Murshed, Independent Director, Shri H. K. Khaitan, Non-Executive Non Independent Director and Shri S. V. Kanoria, Whole-Time Director of the Company. Smt. Suhana Murshed is the Chairperson of the Committee.

The Committee's constitution, terms of reference and role are in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, 2015, which comprises of the following:

- To approve and authorise issuance of share certificates for sub-division, split, consolidation, renewal, issuance of duplicates thereof or issuance of new certificates, in cases of loss or old decrepit or worn out certificates;
- To consider and resolve the grievances of security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer / transmission of shares, non- receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new / duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.;
- Review the measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;

- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants / annual reports/ statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company;
- To delegate powers of the above acts to any executive of the Company or to the Registrar and Transfer Agents (RTA) of the Company;
- To carry out any other function as may be referred to by the Board of Directors from time to time or enforced by any statutory notification/amendment or modification as may be applicable.

Smt. Pratibha Jaiswal (ACS 33981) as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company under the relevant regulations.

The Chairman of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on 26th September 2025.

During the year, the Company received one complaint on 26th March, 2026, which was pending for resolution at the end of the financial year 2025-26.

During the financial year 2025-26, one Meeting of the Committee was held on 12th February 2026, wherein all the members were present.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company comprises of Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla, Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri and Smt. Meeta Makhan, Independent Directors, and Shri R. V. Kanoria, Chairman & Managing Director of the Company. Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla is the Chairman of the Committee.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee's constitution, terms of reference and roles are in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, 2015. The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee inter alia include the following:

- i Identification of persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to the Board for their appointment and removal.
- ii Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees and ensure that:
 - a. the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the quality required to run the company successfully;
 - b. relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
 - c. remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.
- iii To formulate criteria for performance evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board;
- iv Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- v To recommend to the Board, whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of Independent Director;
- vi To recommend to the Board, remuneration payable to senior management.
- vii To carry out any other function as may be referred, from time to time, by the Board of Directors or enforced by any statutory notification/amendment or modification as may be applicable.

The Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was not present at the last Annual General Meeting held on 26th September 2025.

During the financial year 2025-26, the Committee met 2 (two) times; on 21st May, 2025 and 12th February, 2026.

Attendance of Members at Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings held during the year 2025-26:

Name of Director	No. of Meetings attended
Shri R V Kanoria	2
Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla	2
Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri	2
Smt. Meeta Makhan	2

The Board of Directors of the Company, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, has formulated a Nomination and Remuneration Policy, which contains the matters with regard to criteria for appointment of Directors and determining Directors independence and policy on remuneration for Directors, Senior Managerial Personnel and other employees.

Criteria for Appointment of Directors

In evaluating the suitability of a person and recommending to the Board his / her appointment as a Director of the Company, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee may take into account and ascertain factors such as:

- i Personal and professional ethics, integrity and values
- ii Educational and professional background
- iii Willingness to devote sufficient time and energy in carrying out the duties and responsibilities effectively.

Nomination and Remuneration Policy

The Company's Nomination and Remuneration Policy has been formulated, keeping in view the following guiding principles:

- i Ensuring that the remuneration and other terms of employment are as per the trends and practices prevailing in peer companies and the industry.
- ii Providing reward commensurate with the efforts, dedication and achievement in performance of duty.
- iii Attracting, retaining, motivating and promoting talent and ensuring long term sustainability of talented personnel and create competitive advantage.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is in consonance with the existing Industry practice.

The Managing Director and Whole-Time Director are paid remuneration as per their agreements with the Company. These agreements are approved by the Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and then also placed before the shareholders for their approval. The remuneration structure of the Managing Director and the Whole-Time Director comprises salary, perquisites, other benefits and commission (payable on the net profits of the Company, calculated as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013). The Managing Director and Whole-Time Director are not paid sitting fee for attending Meetings of the Board or Committees thereof.

Non-Executive/Independent Directors receive remuneration by way of fees for attending Meetings of Board or Committee thereof, as fixed by the Board of Directors from time to time, within the limits as prescribed under the applicable law. They are paid a sitting fee of Rs. 50,000/- for attending each Board Meeting. The sitting fee for attending each Audit Committee Meeting and Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting is Rs. 20,000/- and it is Rs. 5,000/- for attending each Meeting of other Committees. Non-Executive/Independent Directors are also reimbursed for expenses incurred for participation in Meetings of the shareholders, the Board of Directors or Committee thereof or for any other purpose in connection with the business of the Company. There is no other pecuniary relationship or transactions of the Non-Executive Directors with the Company. There are no stock option benefits to any of the Directors.

The Criteria for making payments to Non-Executive/Independent Directors is updated on the website of the Company at <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/7c1e71ac49/criteria-payments-to-ned.pdf>

The remuneration of the Senior Management Personnel of the Company is guided by the competitiveness and is based on the individual person's key responsibilities and performance. They may receive variable pay in addition to fixed salaries. The performance-based pay to the SMP, including revisions, if any, would be based on the individual's performance related to the fulfilment of various improvement targets or the attainment of certain objectives.

The other employees' remuneration is determined within the appropriate grade and is based on various factors such as job profile, skill sets, seniority, experience and prevailing remuneration levels for equivalent jobs.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy may be accessed at the Company's website at https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/164c60aa2f/nrc-policy__updated-on-21-may-2025.pdf

Criteria for Performance Evaluation of Directors

The criteria for performance evaluation of Directors among others includes factors such as preparation, participation, engagement, personality and conduct, value addition, strategic planning and vision, team spirit and consensus building, leadership quality, understanding and focus on key business issues, independent thinking and judgment, quality of analysis, experience and business wisdom, management qualities, awareness, motivation, integrity, ethics and receptivity.

Details of Remuneration paid or payable to Directors for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2026

(Figures in Rupees)

Name of the Director	Salary	Perquisites and other benefits	Commission	Sitting Fees*	Total
Shri R.V. Kanoria	18,900,000	14,296,159	-	-	33,196,159
Shri H.K. Khaitan	-	-	-	260,000	260,000
Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla	-	-	-	380,000	380,000
Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria	-	-	-	260,000	260,000
Smt. Suhana Murshed	-	-	-	220,000	220,000
Smt. Meeta Makhan	-	-	-	385,000	385,000
Shri Sumanta Chaudhuri	-	-	-	310,000	310,000
Shri S. V. Kanoria	11,340,000	10,537,693	-	-	21,877,693

* Includes Sitting Fee paid for Board and Committee Meetings.

Details of Agreement

Name	From	To	Tenure
Shri R.V. Kanoria - Managing Director	10.01.2024	09.01.2027	3 Years
Shri S. V. Kanoria – Whole-Time Director	01.04.2025	31.03.2028	3 Years

For termination of agreement, the Company and the Whole-Time Director are required to give a notice of three months or three months' salary in lieu thereof.

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprises of Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria, Non-Executive Director, Shri R. V. Kanoria, Managing Director and Smt. Meeta Makhan, Independent Director. Smt. Madhuvanti Kanoria is the Chairperson of the Committee.

The Committee's constitution, terms of reference and role are in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The terms of reference of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprises of the following:

- To formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company in areas or subject as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under and review thereof (as amended from time to time).
- To recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities in a financial year.
- To monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company from time to time.
- Any other matter/thing as may be considered expedient by the Members of the Committee in furtherance of and to comply with the CSR Policy of the Company.

Role of the CSR Committee:

- The Committee will carry out any other function as may be referred from time to time by the Board of Directors or enforced by any statutory notification/amendment or modification as may be applicable.

- The CSR Committee will review the implementation of the CSR Programmes and issue necessary direction from time to time to ensure orderly and efficient execution of the CSR programmes in accordance with the Policy. The Committee will keep the Board apprised of the status of the implementation of CSR activities.

During the financial year 2025-26, the Committee met two times; on 21st May, 2025 and 5th August, 2025, wherein all the Members were present.

The CSR Policy may be accessed at the Company's website at <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/656982d5c3/corporate-social-responsibility-policy.pdf>

Committee of Directors

The Committee of Directors comprises of Shri R.V. Kanoria, Managing Director, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Whole-Time Director, Shri H.K. Khaitan, Non-Executive Director, Smt. Meeta Makhan and Smt. Suhana Murshed, Independent Directors. Shri R. V. Kanoria is the Chairman of the Committee.

The Committee determines on behalf of the Board, the matters relating to Debentures, Term Loans, Commercial Paper and any other types of financial assistance from Financial Institutions, Banks, Mutual Funds and others, creation of securities and allotment of securities etc. and other matters related and incidental therewith.

In addition, the Committee also carries out any other function as may be referred from time to time by the Board of Directors.

During the financial year 2025-26, one Meeting of the Committee was held on 21st January, 2026, wherein all the members were present.

Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee of the Company comprises Shri R. V. Kanoria, Managing Director, Shri S. V. Kanoria, Whole-Time Director, Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla, Independent Director and Shri N.K. Nolkha - Group Chief Financial Officer. Shri R. V. Kanoria is the Chairman of the Committee.

The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee inter alia include the following:

- (1) To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include: -
 - A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the Company, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
 - Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
 - Business continuity plan.
- (2) To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- (3) To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;
- (4) To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- (5) To keep the Board of Directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken.

During the year under review, the Committee met two times; on 10th November, 2025 and 31st March, 2026.

Attendance of Members at Risk Management Committee Meetings held during the year 2025-26:

Name of Director	No. of Meetings attended
Shri R V Kanoria	2
Shri S V Kanoria	2
Shri Sidharth Kumar Birla	2
Shri N K Nolkha, Group Chief Financial Officer	2

PARTICULARS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The particulars of senior management as per Regulation 16(1) (d) of the Listing Regulations including the changes since the close of the previous financial year is as under:

Name	As on 31.03.2026	As on 31.03.2025
Nirmal Kumar Nolkha	✓	✓
Sanjay Kumar Ojha	✓	✓
Anil Sushil Sodah	✓	✓
Anil D. Mishra	✓	✓
Ravish Kumar Mundra	✓	✓
Rajesh Madhogaria	✓	✓
Pratibha Jaiswal	✓	✓

COMPLAINTS PERTAINING TO SEXUAL HARASSMENT

There was no complaint pertaining to sexual harassment filed with the Complaint Redressal Committee of the Company during the financial year 2025-26 and no complaint was pending at the end of the year.

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

The last three Annual General Meetings of the Company were held as per details given below:

Year	Date	Time	Venue	No. of Special Resolution(s) passed
2024-25	26 th September 2025	11.00 A. M.	At the registered Office (deemed venue) of the Company – Through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM")	-
2023-24	16 th September 2024	11.00 A. M.		2
2022-23	8 th September 2023	11.00 A. M.		-

No Extra Ordinary General meeting of the members was held during the financial year 2025-26.

An Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company was held on Wednesday, 1st April, 2026 through Video Conferencing/Other Audio-Visual Means and two Special Resolutions were approved.

POSTAL BALLOT

During the financial year 2025-26, the Company passed the following resolutions through postal ballot/e-voting, pursuant to Section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013:

Details of Resolution	Date of Passing the Resolution
Re-appointment of Shri Saumya Vardhan Kanoria (DIN: 02097441) as a Whole-Time Director of the Company for a term of 3 years	10 th May 2025
Approval of Material Related Party Transaction between the step down subsidiaries of the Company, viz., APAG Elektronik AG, Switzerland and APAG Elektronik s.r.o., Czech Republic	10 th May 2025
Approval of dilution and divestment of 100% shareholding of the Company in its material subsidiary	4 th September 2025

The postal ballot process was undertaken in accordance with the provisions of Section 102, 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014. Shri Amit Choraria, a Practising Chartered Accountant was appointed as Scrutinizer for conducting the Postal Ballot process in a fair and transparent manner and to report thereon.

The Notice of the Postal Ballot and the Scrutinizer Report, Result of the Evoting is updated on the website of the Company & Stock Exchange:

Particulars	Company's Website Link
Notice of Postal Ballot dated 13th February 2025	https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/5ba3cbb13e/postal-ballot-notice-to-the-shareholders-dated-13th-february-2025.pdf
Result dated 10th May 2025	https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/a8edfd7b93/voting-result-postal-ballot-10th-may-2025.pdf
Notice of Postal Ballot dated 29th July 2025	https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/67892e669e/postal-ballot-notice-to-the-shareholders-dated-29th-july-2025.pdf
Result dated 4th September 2025	https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/ff498cbfa3/voting-result-postal-ballot-4th-september-2025.pdf

None of the businesses proposed to be transacted at the ensuing Annual General Meeting requires passing a resolution through Postal Ballot.

DISCLOSURES:

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The Audit Committee reviews the financial statements, particularly the investments made by the subsidiary company. The minutes of the Board Meetings of the subsidiary company are placed at the Board Meetings of the Company.

APAG Holding AG along with its subsidiary companies ceased to be a subsidiary of Kanoria Chemicals and Industries Ltd. with effect from 31st July, 2025.

The Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries as approved by the Board may be accessed on the Company's website at <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/234f08894e/policy-for-determining-material-subsidiaries.pdf>

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year under review, the Company had not entered into any material transaction with any of its related parties. All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered by the Company during the financial year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis.

None of the transactions with any of the related parties were in conflict with the Company's interest. Suitable disclosure as required by the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS 24) has been made in the Note No. 44 to the Standalone Financial Statements, forming part of the Annual Report. There are no pecuniary relationships or transactions with the non-executive Director and Independent Directors.

The Policy on Related Party Transactions as approved by the Board of Directors may be accessed on the Company's website at <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/a6ceffe01e/policy-on-related-party-transactions.pdf>

COMPLIANCE OF MATTERS RELATED TO CAPITAL MARKETS

There has been no non-compliance, penalties or strictures imposed on the Company by Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any other Statutory Authorities, on any matter connected to capital markets relating to the last three years.

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

In compliance with provisions of Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, 2015, the Company has in place a Whistle Blower Policy for its Directors, employees and any other stakeholder to report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of applicable laws and regulations and the Company's Codes of Conduct or policies and leak or suspected leak of unpublished price sensitive information of the Company. The concerns may be reported to the Audit Committee through the Nodal Officer and, in exceptional cases, may also be reported to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. During

the year under review, no employee was denied access to the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower Policy of the Company may be accessed on the Company's website at <https://a.storyblok.com/f/209886/x/56e0c1521e/whistle-blower-policy.pdf>

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The Company makes timely disclosures of required information to the Stock Exchanges in terms of the Listing Regulations and other applicable rules, regulations and circulars issued by the SEBI.

The quarterly and annual financial results were taken on record and approved within the prescribed time limits. The approved results were thereafter sent to the Stock Exchanges and also uploaded on the website of the Company for the information of shareholders/investors.

The financial results were also published in English and vernacular (Bengali) language newspapers within 48 hours of the Meeting and were displayed on website at <https://www.kanoriachem.com/investors/newspaper-publications/>

The Company issues official press releases to the print media from time to time and meetings scheduled with institutional investors / analysts and detailed presentations made to them, if any are also displayed on the Company's website at www.kanoriachem.com

The Company has its own website www.kanoriachem.com where information about the Company is displayed and regularly updated. An e-mail ID investor@kanoriachem.com has been created and displayed on the Company's website for the purpose of interaction including registering complaints by the investors.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management Discussion and Analysis is a part of the Annual Report.

CEO AND CFO CERTIFICATION

As required under Regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations, 2015, the Managing Director and the Group Chief Financial Officer of the Company have certified to the Board regarding review of financial statement for the year under review, compliance with the accounting standards and applicable laws and regulations, maintenance of internal control for financial reporting and accounting policies.

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has Codes of Conduct for its Directors and Senior Management Personnel as well as for its other Employees. The Codes of Conduct are available on the Company's website at <https://www.kanoriachem.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>

It is confirmed that all the Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed their compliance with the Company's Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management Personnel for the financial year 2025-26, as required under Regulation 26(3) of the Listing Regulations, 2015 and a declaration to this effect signed by the Chairman & Managing Director forms part of the Annual Report as annexure.

MECHANISM TO PREVENT INSIDER TRADING

In pursuance of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the Company has framed a Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by Designated Persons, which inter alia, prohibits trading in the shares of the Company by the Designated Persons, while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company.

UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND/ TRANSFER OF SHARES TO IEPF AUTHORITY

During the year under review, the Company has deposited unclaimed dividend of Rs. 459,573/- for the year 2017-18 to the Investor Education and Protection Fund on 28th October, 2025, pursuant to Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with allied rules.

As required under Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, during the year, the Company has transferred 18,871 Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each of the Company, on which dividend has remained unclaimed/unpaid for a continuous period of 7 years or more, to the Demat Account of the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority.

UNCLAIMED SHARES

Unclaimed Suspense Account:

Pursuant to Regulation 39 of the Listing Regulations, 2015, for the unclaimed shares issued in physical form and remaining unclaimed, the Company has a

separate “Unclaimed Suspense Account.” The particulars of Unclaimed Suspense Account are as follows:

Particulars	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares
Aggregate number of shareholders and outstanding shares lying in the Unclaimed Suspense Account at the beginning of the year	6	3,879
Number of shareholders who approached the Company for transfer of shares from the Unclaimed Suspense Account during the year	-	-
Number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from the Unclaimed Suspense Account during the year	-	-
Number of shares transferred to the Demat Account of the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority, as required under Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013	1	336
Aggregate number of shareholders and outstanding shares lying in the Unclaimed Suspense Account at the end of the year. The voting rights on these shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares.	5	3,543

Suspense Escrow Demat Account:

Pursuant to SEBI Circular dated January 25, 2022, as amended, to enhance the Shareholders experience in dealing with securities markets, the listed companies shall issue the securities in dematerialized form only, while processing any investor service requests viz., issue of duplicate share certificates, endorsement, transmission, transposition. After processing the investor service request, a Letter of Confirmation would be issued to the Shareholders in lieu of a physical securities certificate. Letter of Confirmation shall be valid for a period of 120 days, within which the Shareholder shall make a request to the Depository Participant for dematerializing the said shares. In case the Shareholders fail to submit the dematerialisation request within 120 days, the Company shall then credit those shares to the Suspense Escrow Demat Account held by the Company. The Shareholders can reclaim these shares from the Company's Suspense Escrow Demat Account on submission of documentation prescribed by SEBI. The details of shares transferred to/released from Suspense Escrow Demat Account during Financial year are as follows:

Particulars	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares
Aggregate number of shareholders and outstanding shares lying in the Suspense Escrow Demat Account at the beginning of the year	1	900
Number of shareholders who approached the Company for transfer of shares from the Suspense Escrow Demat Account during the year	-	-
Number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from the Suspense Escrow Demat Account during the year	-	-
Aggregate number of shareholders and outstanding shares lying in the Suspense Escrow Demat Account at the end of the year. The voting rights on these shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares.	1	900

TOTAL FEES PAID TO AUDITOR

Total fees for all the services paid by the Company to the Statutory Auditor during the year under review amounted to Rs. 2.55 Million. None of the subsidiary companies has paid any fee to the Company's Statutory Auditor or any of its network firm.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE COMMITTEES

During the year, the Board of Directors has accepted all the recommendations of the Committees of the Board and there have been no instances of non acceptances of any of the Committee recommendations by the Board.

Disclosure by Company and its subsidiaries of 'Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which Directors are interested

Loans given by the subsidiary Company

(Rs. in million)

Name of the entity in which Director is interested	Nature of Interest	Amount
Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc.	Subsidiary	182.20

Details of material subsidiaries of the listed entity; including the date and place of incorporation and the name and date of appointment of the statutory auditors of such subsidiary.

Name	Date of incorporation	Place of incorporation	Name of Statutory Auditors	Date of appointment of Statutory Auditors
Kanoria Africa Textiles plc	5th July 2012	Addis Ababa	Tibebe Mengistu Certified Audit Firm	1st April 2014

COMPLIANCE OF MANDATORY AND NON-MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of Corporate Governance specified in the Listing Regulations. The Company has adopted the discretionary requirements specified in Part E of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations as given below:

i) Audit Opinion:

For the year under review, the Auditors have expressed their unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

ii) Reporting of Internal Auditor:

The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Audit Committee. The same is reported by briefing the Audit Committee through observations, review, comments and recommendations etc. in the Internal Audit Reports by the Internal Auditor of the Company.

COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS 17 TO 27 AND REGULATION 46(2) OF THE LISTING REGULATIONS

The Company has complied with the corporate governance requirements as per Regulation 17 to 27 and website disclosure requirements as per Regulation 46(2) of the Listing Regulations. Further, the Company has complied with all the requirements of Corporate Governance Report as stated under sub-paras (2) to (10) of Section I of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE OF THE AUDITORS

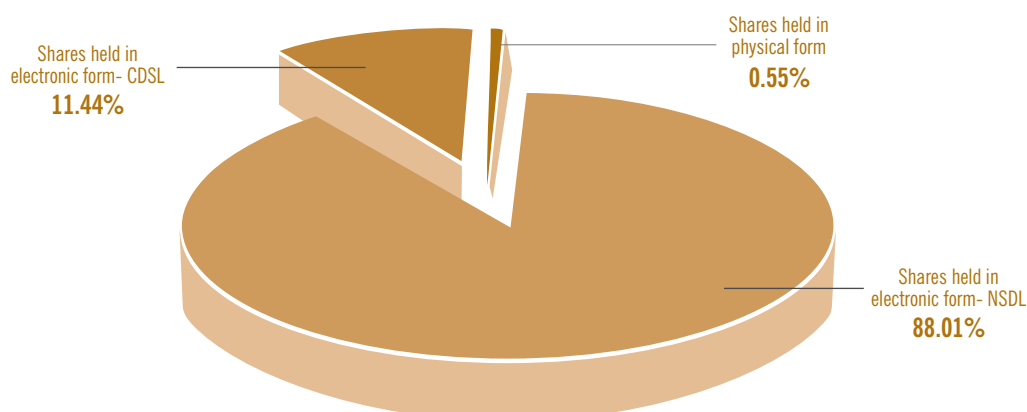
The Statutory Auditors' Certificate that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations, 2015 is annexed to this Report

GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' INFORMATION

1.	Annual General Meeting • Date and time • Venue/Mode	2 nd September 2026, 11.00 A.M. Through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio Visual Mode ("OAVM")
2.	Financial Year <u>Financial Calendar 2026-27</u> (tentative and subject to change) • Financial Results for the: quarter ending 30 th June 2026 quarter ending 30 th September 2026 quarter ending 31 st December 2026 year ending 31 st March 2027 • Annual General Meeting 2026-27	1 st April to 31 st March } Within 45 days of end of respective quarter By 30 th May 2027 By 30 th September 2027
3.	Date of Book Closure	Not Applicable (Cut-off date on Wednesday, 26 th August 2026)
4.	Dividend Payment Date	Not Applicable for the Financial Year 2025-26

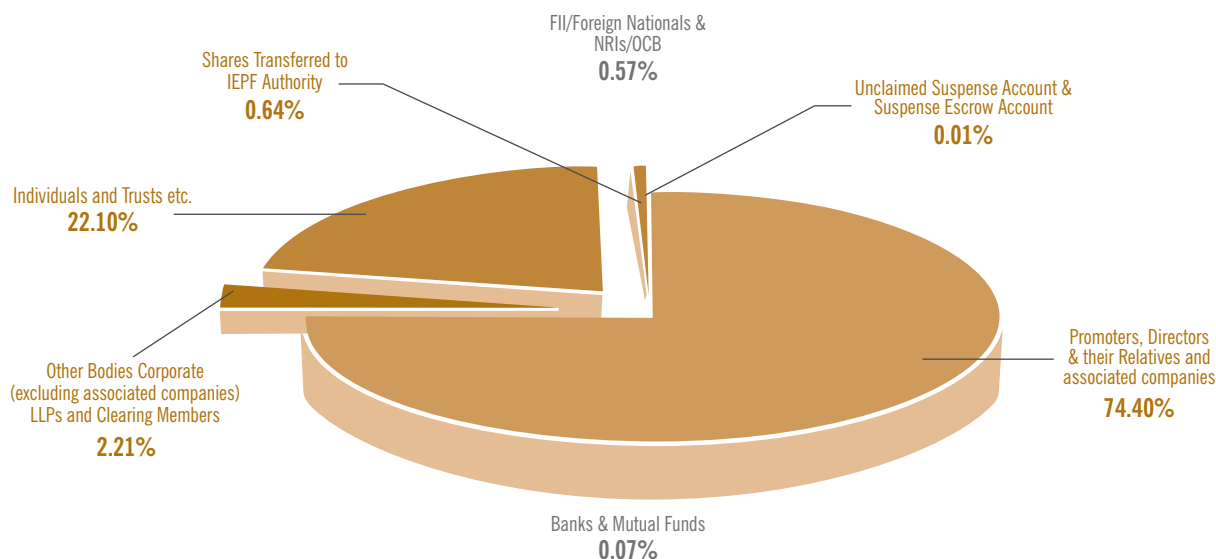
5.	Listing on Stock Exchanges	National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. 'Exchange Plaza' Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E) Mumbai - 400 051 www.nseindia.com BSE Limited P. J. Towers, Dalal Street, Fort Mumbai - 400 001 www.bseindia.com Note: Listing fee for the year 2025-26 has been paid to the above Stock Exchanges.
6.	Registrar and Transfer Agent	MUFG Intime India Private Limited Kolkata Office Address: Rasoi Court, 5th Floor, 20 R N Mukherjee Road, Kolkata-700 001 Phone: (033) 6906 6200 Email: investor.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufig.com Website: https://in.mpms.mufig.com/
7.	(a) Share Transfer System	Shareholders' requests for transfer / transmission of Equity shares and other related matters are handled by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent and are affected within stipulated timelines, if all the documents are valid and in order. Shares of the Company are transferred in dematerialised form.
	(b) Dematerialisation of Shares and liquidity	Depositories: National Securities Depository Limited, Mumbai ("NSDL") and Central Depository Services (India) Limited, Mumbai ("CDSL"). The Equity Shares of the Company are compulsorily traded and settled through Stock Exchanges only in the dematerialised form. Details of shares held in dematerialised form with depositories as on 31st March 2026: NSDL: 38,453,394 Shares (88.01%) CDSL: 4,999,084 Shares (11.44%) Shares held in Physical form: 240,855 Shares (0.55%) Under the Depository System, International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company's Equity Shares is INE 138C01024. Shares held in the dematerialised form are electronically transferred by the Depository Participant and the Company is informed periodically by the Depositories about the beneficiary holdings to enable the Company to send corporate communication, dividend etc. The requests received for dematerialisation are processed within a period of 10 days from the date of receipt of request provided they are in order in every respect.
	(c) Suspension of Trading	The trading was not suspended during the financial year.

The Company has connectivity with the Depositories, National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL). The Annual Custody Fee for the financial year 2025-26 has been paid by the Company to Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL).



	(d) National Electronic Clearing Service (NECS) for Dividend	Members holding Shares in demat form should ensure that the correct and updated particulars of their Bank Account are available with their Depository Participant (DP) and Members holding Shares in physical form should provide the electronic credit mandate to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company. This would facilitate receiving dividend payment through electronic mode from the Company and avoid postal delays and loss in transit.			
8.	Distribution of Equity Shareholding as on 31 st March 2026				
	Nominal value of Shareholding	Number of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	Number of Equity Shares	% of Share Capital
	Up to Rs. 5,000	16,375	92.67	2,669,355	6.11
	Rs. 5,001 - Rs. 10,000	646	3.65	947,685	2.17
	Rs. 10,001 - Rs. 20,000	341	1.93	964,091	2.21
	Rs. 20,001 - Rs. 30,000	129	0.73	640,665	1.47
	Rs. 30,001 - Rs. 40,000	42	0.24	299,015	0.68
	Rs. 40,001 - Rs. 50,000	39	0.22	365,371	0.84
	Rs. 50,001 - Rs. 1,00,000	49	0.28	697,024	1.59
	Rs. 1,00,001 and above	50	0.28	37,110,127	84.93
	Total	17,671	100.00	43,693,333	100.00
9.	Equity Shareholding Pattern as on 31 st March 2026				
	Category	No. of Shares held		% of Shareholding	
	Promoters, Directors & their Relatives and associated companies	32,506,880		74.40	
	FII/Foreign Nationals & NRIs/OCB	249,121		0.57	
	Banks & Mutual Funds	31,425		0.07	
	Other Bodies Corporate (excluding associated companies), LLPs and Clearing Members	965,567		2.21	
	Individuals and Trusts etc.	9,658,326		22.10	
	Shares transferred to IEPF Authority	277,571		0.64	
	Unclaimed Suspense Account	3,543		0.01	
	Suspense Escrow Account	900		-	
	Total	43,693,333		100.00	

Graphic Presentation of the Equity Shareholding Pattern as on 31.03.2026



10.	Top Ten Shareholders of the Company as on 31 st March 2026		
Sl. No	Name of Shareholders	No. of shares	% of shareholding
i.	Vardhan Limited	26,190,872	59.94
ii.	R V Investment & Dealers Limited	3,210,120	7.35
iii.	Kirtivardhan Finvest Services Limited	1,154,907	2.64
iv.	Sanjiv Dhiresbhai Shah	1,043,283	2.39
v.	Saumya Vardhan Kanoria	556,440	1.27
vi.	Madhuvanti Kanoria	498,321	1.14
vii.	Rajya Vardhan Kanoria	461,481	1.06
viii.	Anand Vardhan Kanoria	434,739	1.00
ix.	Himanjana Ramesh Patel	375,516	0.86
x.	Chartered Finance & Leasing Limited	350,000	0.80
	Total	34,275,679	78.45

11.	Outstanding GDR/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible Instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity.	The Company has not issued GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants or any other convertible Instruments.
12.	Commodity Price Risk/Foreign Exchange Risk and Hedging Activities	The Company is affected by the price volatility of methanol, one of its major raw materials. Its operating activities require a continuous supply of methanol. The Company monitors price and demand/supply situation on continuous basis and takes risk mitigation measures for any material adverse effect on the Company. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities. The Company monitors the foreign exchange fluctuations on continuous basis and takes risk mitigation measures for any material adverse effect on the Company. The Company enters into forward exchange contracts against its foreign currency exposure relating to underlying liabilities and firm commitments. The Company does not enter into any derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes. The details of foreign currency exposure as on 31st March, 2026 are disclosed in Note No. 42 to the Standalone Financial Statements.
13.	Credit Ratings and any revisions thereto for any debt instruments or any fixed deposit programme or any scheme or proposal involving mobilisation of funds, whether in India or abroad.	The Company has not issued any debt instrument and does not have any fixed deposit programme or any scheme or proposal involving mobilisation of funds, whether in India or abroad. Care Ratings Limited has reviewed and reaffirmed the credit rating for the Long Term Bank facilities of the Company as CARE BB + Stable, and that for the short term facilities as CARE A4 +.
14.	Details of utilization of funds raised through Preferential Allotment or Qualified Institutions Placement as specified under Regulation 32(7A) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.	Not Applicable

15.	Disclosure of certain agreements binding listed entities	There are no such agreements
16.	Plant Locations	I. Alcochem Ankleshwar Division Ankleshwar Chemical Works, 3407, GIDC Industrial Estate, P.O. Ankleshwar - 393 002, Dist. Bharuch (Gujarat). II. Alcochem Vizag Division Plot No.32, J N Pharma City, Parwada (Mandal), Anakapalli – 531 019, Andhra Pradesh. III. Alcochem Naidupet Division Plot No. 50 and 51, Block - C, APIIC Industrial Park, Naidupeta Mandal, Tirupati – 524126, Andhra Pradesh.
17.	Address for Correspondence: For Investors' matters For queries relating to Financial Statements	<i>Company Secretary:</i> Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited 'KCI Plaza', 23C, Ashutosh Chowdhury Avenue, Kolkata-700 019 Phone : (033) 4031 3200 Email: pratibha.jaiswal@kanoriachem.com Website: http://www.kanoriachem.com <i>Group Chief Financial Officer:</i> Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited 'KCI Plaza', 23C, Ashutosh Chowdhury Avenue, Kolkata-700 019 Phone: (033) 4031 3200 Email: nolkha@kanoriachem.com Website: http://www.kanoriachem.com

For and on behalf of the Board,

R. V. Kanoria
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00003792

Place: New Delhi
Date: 25th May, 2026

DECLARATION AFFIRMING COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CONDUCT

(Regulation 34, read with Schedule V (D) of the
SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

This is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Directors and Senior Management Personnel ("Code") and that the same is available on the website of the Company, www.kanoriachem.com

I hereby declare that all the Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed their compliance with the aforesaid Code for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2026.

Place: New Delhi
Date: 25th May, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board,

R. V. Kanoria
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00003792

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

[Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause 10(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

In pursuance of sub clause (i) of clause 10 of Para C of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR) in respect of KANORIA CHEMICALS & INDUSTRIES LTD (CIN: L24110WB1960PLC024910), we hereby certify that:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2026 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company	Date of Cessation in Company
1	SAUMYA VARDHAN KANORIA	02097441	01/04/2016	-
2	SIDHARTH KUMAR BIRLA	00004213	18/05/2018	-
3	RAJYA VARDHAN KANORIA	00003792	09/11/1982	-
4	HEMANT KUMAR KHAITAN	00220049	09/01/1982	-
5	MADHUVANTI KANORIA	00142146	11/02/2015	-
6	SUHANA MURSHED	08572394	29/06/2021	-
7	SUMANTA CHAUDHURI	01998420	04/09/2024	-
8	MEETA MAKHAN	07135150	04/09/2024	-

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For N.K & Associates
Company Secretaries

Navin Kothari
Proprietor
FCS No.:5935 CP No.:3725
Peer Review No.: 1384/2021
UDIN: F005935H000455340

Place: Kolkata
Date: 23.05.2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AS PER PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER IV OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015, AS AMENDED.

To,
The Members of,
Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited

1. The Corporate Governance Report prepared by Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited (hereinafter the "Company"), contains details as specified in regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) and (t) of sub – regulation (2) of regulation 46 and para C, D, and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("the Listing Regulations") ('Applicable criteria') for the year ended March 31, 2026 and the said Report will be submitted by the Company to the Stock Exchanges as part of the Annual Report.

Management's Responsibility

2. The preparation of the Corporate Governance Report is the responsibility of the Management of the Company including the preparation and maintenance of all relevant supporting records and documents. This responsibility also includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Corporate Governance Report.
3. The Management along with the Board of Directors are also responsible for ensuring that the Company complies with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations, issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI").

Auditor's Responsibility

4. Pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Regulations, our responsibility is to provide a reasonable assurance in the form of an opinion whether, the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as specified in the Listing Regulations.
5. We conducted our examination of the Corporate Governance Report in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes and the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). The Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.
7. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks associated in compliance of the Corporate Governance Report with the applicable criteria. Summary of procedures performed includes:
 - i. Read and understood the information prepared by the Company and included in its Corporate Governance Report;
 - ii. Obtained and verified that the composition of the Board of Directors with respect to executive and non-executive directors has been met throughout the reporting period;
 - iii. Obtained and read the Register of Directors as on March 31, 2026 and verified that at least one independent woman director was on the Board of Directors throughout the reporting period;
 - iv. Obtained and read the minutes of the following committee meetings held during April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026:
 - (a) Board of Directors;
 - (b) Audit Committee;
 - (c) Annual General Meeting (AGM);
 - (d) Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
 - (e) Stakeholders Relationship Committee;
 - (f) Risk Management Committee;
 - (g) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.

- v. Obtained necessary declarations from the directors of the Company.
 - vi. Obtained and read the policy adopted by the Company for related party transactions.
 - vii. Obtained the schedule of related party transactions during the year and balances at the year end. Obtained and read the minutes of the audit committee meeting where in such related party transactions have been pre-approved prior by the audit committee.
 - viii. Performed necessary inquiries with the management and also obtained necessary specific representations from management.
8. The above-mentioned procedures include examining evidence supporting the particulars in the Corporate Governance Report on a test basis. Further, our scope of work under this report did not involve us performing audit tests for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the fairness or accuracy of any of the financial information or the financial statements of the Company taken as a whole.

Opinion

9. Based on the procedures performed by us, as referred in paragraph 7 above, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as specified in Listing Regulations, as applicable for the year ended March 31, 2026, referred to in paragraph 4 above.

Other matters & Restriction on Use

10. This report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
11. This report is addressed to and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose of enabling it to comply with its obligations under the Listing Regulations with reference to compliance with the relevant regulations of Corporate Governance and should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care or for any for any other purpose or to any other party to whom it is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing. We have no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this report.

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

For Singhi & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

(Rahul Bothra)
Partner
Membership No.: 067330
UDIN: 26067330AHKJPK1161

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

KANORIA CHEMICALS & INDUSTRIES LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **M/S. KANORIA CHEMICALS & INDUSTRIES LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Statement of Profit & Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS ") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026 and its Profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our report:

Sl. No.	Description of Key Audit Matter	How we addressed the matter in our audit
1	Investment in Subsidiaries The Company carries its investment in a foreign subsidiary at cost, adjusted for impairment if any. At 31 st March 2026, total investments amounted to Rs. 1241.63 million, the amount is significant to the financial statements. Moreover, the testing of impairment exercise involves the use of estimates and judgments. The identification of impairment events and the determination of an impairment charge also require the application of significant judgments by management, in particular with respect to the timing, quantity and estimation of future cash flows. In view of the significance of the investments and the above, we consider investment valuation/impairment to be a significant key audit matter.	Besides obtaining an understanding of management's process and controls with regard to testing the investment for impairment, our audit procedures comprised, amongst others: • We have assessed the valuation methodology used by management and the requirements in Ind AS and tested the inputs used. • Our audit response also consisted of analysing the possible indications of impairment and discussed them with management. • We have discussed the forecasted results of the investments with management and also reviewed the substantiation of the forecasts based on historical information. • We have reviewed the market value of assets provided by the management based upon prevalent market conditions and evidences of the market value of the assets.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the relevant rules, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- c. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- e. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure of about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interests of such communication.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- 1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2) As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief are necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books; except for the matters stated in the paragraph 2(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit & Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time.
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the Directors as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph (b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 2(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
 - g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - h) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration paid/provided by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act; and
 - i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2026 on its financial position in its Standalone financial statements - Refer Note No. 33 to the Standalone financial statements.

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- ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company, except for Rs. 1.92 million which is held in abeyance due to pending legal cases.
 - a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to accounts, during the year no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries (Refer Note 53 to the standalone financial statements).
 - b. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, during the year no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 54 to the standalone financial statements).
 - c. Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under paragraph (2) (i) (iv) (a) & (b) above, contain any material mis-statement.
 - v) The Company has not declared any dividend in previous financial year which has been paid in current year. Further, no dividend has been declared in current year. Accordingly, the provision of section 123 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
 - vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year except for the instances mentioned below, for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective software and we did not come across any instances of audit trail feature being tampered with during the course of our audit:
 - a. The feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes for SAP Application till 16th May 2025 and throughout the year for Payroll management softwares used for maintaining the books of account
- Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention except for the exceptions mentioned above.

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited of even date)

i. In respect of the Company's fixed assets:

- a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant & equipment.
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- b) The management has physically verified the property, plant and equipment of the Company in a phased manner to cover the entire block of assets over a period of three years, which is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) as disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
- c) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible asset during the year.
- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated during the year or are pending as at 31st March, 2026 against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transaction Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

ii. (a) The inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management. For stocks lying with the third parties at the year end, written confirmations have been obtained. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable and procedures & coverage as followed by the management were appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stock and the book stock for each class of inventory, wherever ascertained were not more than 10%.

(b) During the year, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rupees five crores in aggregate from banks during the year on the basis of security of current asset of the Company. The quarterly returns/statements filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts other than those as set out below (Refer note no. 47 to the standalone financial statements):

Name of the Banks	Quarter Ended	Particulars of security provided	Amount as per Books of Accounts (Rs. in million)	Amount as per Quarterly Statements (Rs. in million)	Differences (Rs. in million)	Reasons for material differences
Axis Bank, HDFC Bank and Yes Bank	June, 2025	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	919.60	1022.76	(103.16)	Primarily inclusion of certain liabilities not forming part of creditors for goods and debtors more than 90 days.
	September, 2025	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	917.02	1073.70	(156.68)	
	December, 2025	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	1140.39	1309.80	(169.41)	
	March, 2026	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	847.56	954.70	(107.14)	

iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, during the year the Company has made investments and granted loans but not provided any guarantee or security or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties.

- a. During the year, the Company has granted loans to its wholly owned foreign subsidiary (Kanoria Africa Textiles Private Limited Company) and employees amounting to Rs. 182.20 million and Rs. 6.80 million and the total outstanding balance of loan given to the said subsidiary and employees as on

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

31.03.2026 aggregating to Rs. 1475.48 million and Rs 8.08 million. Moreover, during the year, the Company has not provided advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.

- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion the investments made and the terms and conditions of the loans granted during the year, prima facie are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company. The Company has not provided any guarantee or security or advances in the nature of loan during the year.
 - c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, in our opinion the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the receipts have been regular except the interest for earlier periods remained unpaid and was overdue at the beginning of the financial year. The said overdue interest was recovered during the year.
 - d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount during the year for more than ninety days in respect of loans given other than overdue interest which had fallen due and remained overdue for more than 90 days from the respective due dates. The said overdue interest was recovered during the year. In our opinion, reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of the interest.
 - e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan or advance in the nature of loan granted falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties.
 - f. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, during the year the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees & securities provided, as applicable.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of section 73 to 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. The Central Government has prescribed maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for the Company. We have broadly reviewed such accounts and records and are of the opinion that prime facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained but no detailed examination of such records and accounts have been carried out by us.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account:
- a) The Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, duty of customs, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues during the year with the appropriate authorities. No undisputed statutory dues as above were outstanding as at March 31, 2026 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) The details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of dispute and the forum where the dispute was pending as on March 31, 2026 are as under:

(Rs. in million)

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (Rs. in million)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	45.74	AY 2016-17 & AY 18-19	Commissioner Income Tax (Appeals), Kolkata
The Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	0.40	2016-17	The Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellant Tribunal, Vadodara
The Customs Act, 1962	Custom Duty	7.65	2019-20 & 2020-21	Gujarat High Court, Ahmedabad

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded in the books of accounts, as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- ix. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us including representation received from the management, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank, financial institution or other lender.
(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, Term Loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, prima facie, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purpose by the Company.
(e) The Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instrument). Accordingly reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
(b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
(c) According to the information and explanations and representations made by the management, no whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year (and up to date of report) by the Company.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii)(a) to 3(xii)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) The Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
(b) The internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of the audit report, for the period under audit has been considered by us.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable on the Company.
- xvi. (a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

- (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, there is no core investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios as disclosed in note no 45 to the standalone financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, in respect of other than ongoing projects, as at balance sheet date, the Company does not have any amount remaining unspent under Section 135(5) of the Act., accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, there is no unspent amount under section 135(5) of the Companies Act, pursuant to ongoing projects at the balance sheet date, accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

Place: Kolkata
Dated: May 25, 2026

For Singhi & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

(Rahul Bothra)
Partner
Membership No. 067330
UDIN: 26067330ORMPZA1484

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the
Members of Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the standalone financial statement under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement of Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement.

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

A Company's internal financial control with reference to the standalone financial statement is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to the standalone financial statement includes those policies and procedures that- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to the standalone financial statement may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

OPINION

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement and such internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statement were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

Place: Kolkata
Dated: May 25, 2026

For Singhi & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

(Rahul Bothra)
Partner
Membership No. 067330
UDIN: 260673300RMPZA1484

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET

As at 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

	Notes	As at 31 st March 2026	As at 31 st March 2025
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	5A	4,376.16	4,226.97
(b) Capital Work-in-Progress	5C	259.53	136.87
(c) Other Intangible Assets	5B	0.86	0.86
(d) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	6A	1,656.12	1,607.91
(ii) Loans	7	1,478.58	1,633.87
(iii) Others	8	27.15	23.32
(e) Other Non-Current Assets	9	42.91	9.32
Total Non-Current Assets		7,841.31	7,639.12
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	10	750.02	590.83
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	6B	171.16	20.63
(ii) Trade Receivables	11	1,320.41	1,059.68
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	12A	61.21	17.14
(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above	12B	2.84	4.84
(v) Loans	7	4.98	92.62
(vi) Others	8	157.72	192.12
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)	13	63.26	108.79
(d) Other Current Assets	9	73.18	69.98
(e) Assets held for Sale	14	64.37	64.37
Total Current Assets		2,669.15	2,221.00
Total Assets		10,510.46	9,860.12
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	15	218.49	218.49
Other Equity	16	6,163.05	5,793.71
Total Equity		6,381.54	6,012.20
LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	1,067.65	787.65
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	18	0.28	0.23
(b) Provisions	19	70.63	100.51
(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	20A	444.46	583.40
Total Non-Current Liabilities		1,583.02	1,471.79
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	760.98	1,182.05
(ii) Trade Payables	21		
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises		52.41	30.20
Total outstanding dues of Others		1,175.42	764.97
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	18	264.93	235.94
(b) Other Current Liabilities	22	212.80	120.77
(c) Provisions	19	79.36	42.20
Total Current Liabilities		2,545.90	2,376.13
Total Liabilities		4,128.92	3,847.92
Total Equity and Liabilities		10,510.46	9,860.12
Material Accounting Policies	3		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date annexed

For SINGHI & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 302049E

RAHUL BOTHRA

Partner

Membership No. 067330

Place: Kolkata

Date: 25th May, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA

Director

(DIN: 00004213)

Place: New Delhi

N. K. NOLKHA

Group Chief Financial Officer

Place: New Delhi

R. V. KANORIA

Managing Director

(DIN: 00003792)

Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL

Company Secretary

(ACS: 33981)

Place: Kolkata

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS

For the year ended 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

	Notes	For the year ended 31 st March 2026	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
INCOME			
Revenue from Operations	23	8,753.44	6,783.04
Other Income	24	268.93	142.50
Total Income		9,022.37	6,925.54
EXPENSES			
Cost of Materials Consumed		5,529.71	4,672.87
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade		1,013.16	189.30
Change in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress	25	(14.55)	68.04
Employee Benefit Expenses	26	447.33	406.01
Other Expenses	27	1,230.97	1,053.54
Total Expenses		8,206.62	6,389.76
Profit before Finance Costs, Depreciation & Amortisation, Exceptional Items and Tax		815.75	535.78
Finance Costs	28	194.49	160.70
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	5A, 5B	228.12	199.68
Profit before Exceptional Items and Tax		393.14	175.40
Exceptional Items	29	106.42	449.86
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations before Tax		286.72	(274.46)
Tax Expenses:			
Current Tax		73.19	43.59
Deferred Tax		(141.57)	70.73
Tax for earlier years		10.98	-
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations after Tax		344.12	(388.78)
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations before Tax	30	-	(2.75)
Gain related to sale of discontinued operations		-	27.82
Tax expenses of discontinued operations		-	16.09
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations after Tax		-	8.98
Profit/(Loss) for the Year		344.12	(379.80)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (OCI)			
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	31A	27.85	(1.96)
(ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		(2.63)	1.24
B Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss	31B	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (net of tax)		25.22	(0.72)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		369.34	(380.52)
Earning per Share - Basic & Diluted:	32		
for Continuing Operations (INR)		7.88	(8.90)
for Discontinued Operations (INR)		-	0.21
for Continuing & Discontinued Operations (INR)		7.88	(8.69)
Material Accounting Policies	3		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date annexed

For and on behalf of the Board

For SINGHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

RAHUL BOTHRA
Partner
Membership No. 067330

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
Director
(DIN: 00004213)
Place: New Delhi

N. K. NOLKHA
Group Chief Financial Officer
Place: New Delhi

R. V. KANORIA
Managing Director
(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the period ended 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

(A) Equity Share Capital						
	Year ended 31 st March 2026			Year ended 31 st March 2025		
	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting period	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting period
Equity Share Capital	218.47	-	218.47	218.47	-	218.47
Add : Forfeited Shares (amount paid up)	0.02	-	0.02	0.02	-	0.02
Total	218.49	-	218.49	218.49	-	218.49

(B) Other Equity							
	Reserves and Surplus				Items of Other Comprehensive Income		Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Capital Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Defined Benefit Plan	Equity Instruments	
As at 31st March 2024	34.17	161.50	72.69	5,898.50	-	7.37	6,174.23
Profit/(Loss) for the Year				(379.80)			(379.80)
Other Comprehensive Income					(2.25)	1.53	(0.72)
Transfer to Retained Earnings				(2.25)	2.25		-
Total Comprehensive Income				5,516.45	-	8.90	
As at 31st March 2025	34.17	161.50	72.69	5,516.45	-	8.90	5,793.71
Profit/(Loss) for the Year				344.12			344.12
Other Comprehensive Income					(0.10)	25.32	25.22
Transfer to Retained Earnings				(0.10)	0.10		-
Total Comprehensive Income				5,860.47	-	34.22	
As at 31st March 2026	34.17	161.50	72.69	5,860.47	-	34.22	6,163.05

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date annexed

For SINGHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

RAHUL BOTHRA
Partner
Membership No. 067330

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
Director
(DIN: 00004213)
Place: New Delhi

N. K. NOLKHA
Group Chief Financial Officer
Place: New Delhi

R. V. KANORIA
Managing Director
(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

For the year ended 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

	For the year ended 31 st March 2026	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit/(Loss) before Tax		
From continuing operations	286.72	(274.46)
Adjustments for:		
Unrealized Debts and Claims Written Off	1.80	0.85
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts & Advances (Net)	1.76	2.25
Finance Costs	194.49	160.70
Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	228.12	199.68
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	(0.08)	(37.30)
(Gain)/Loss on Sale of Investments as FVTPL (Net)	21.11	2.93
Interest Income	(74.88)	(65.84)
Fair Value (Gain)/Loss on Financial Instruments as FVTPL (Net)	(18.15)	10.70
Fair value (Gain)/Loss on Forward Contract	(10.81)	4.82
Dividend Income	(0.33)	(2.42)
Guarantee Fee Income	(13.55)	(14.23)
Liabilities Written Back	(7.80)	0.11
Exceptional Items	106.42	449.86
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	714.82	437.65
Adjustments for:		
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables (Net)	(263.27)	(217.37)
(Increase)/ Decrease in Inventories	(159.19)	(29.03)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Trade and other Payables (Net)	483.60	(9.30)
Cash Generated from Operations	775.96	181.95
Income Tax (Paid)/Refund (net)	(38.63)	(11.98)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Operating Activities	737.33	169.97
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets (including CWIP & Capital Advances)	(513.27)	(536.11)
Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	72.65	199.38
Loans & Advances to Subsidiaries (Net)	37.47	(319.03)
Purchase of Investments	(37.31)	(0.02)
Sale of Investments	22.84	6.41
Advance against sale of Investment	-	87.13
Bank Deposits (held as security)(Net)	1.45	(0.68)
Interest Received	75.60	2.29
Guarantee Fee Received	(11.81)	(2.34)
Dividend Received	0.33	2.42
Gain from sale of discontinued operations	-	27.82
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Investing Activities	(352.05)	(532.73)

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

For the year ended 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

	For the year ended 31 st March 2026	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Long-term Borrowings	275.00	533.80
Repayment of Long-term Borrowings	(195.92)	(174.57)
Proceeds/(Payments) of Short-term Borrowings (Net)	(220.99)	181.09
Finance Costs Paid	(199.30)	(160.67)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Financing Activities	(341.21)	379.65
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents from continuing operations	44.07	16.89
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year from continuing operations	17.14	0.25
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year from continuing operations	61.21	17.14
D. CASH FLOW FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	-	0.02
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Operating Activities	-	(56.02)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Investing Activities	-	55.60
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Financing Activities	-	0.40
Net increase in cash and cash equivalent from discontinued operations	-	0.00
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year from discontinued operation	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Note 12A)	61.21	17.14

Note: a. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) - Statement of Cash Flow.

b. Reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the Balance Sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities.

	For the year ended 31 st March 2026			For the year ended 31 st March 2025		
	Long term Borrowings	Short term Borrowings	Interest Accrued but not due	Long term Borrowings	Short term Borrowings	Interest Accrued but not due
Opening Balance	1,119.12	850.58	8.79	759.89	669.09	8.76
Cash flow Changes	79.08	(220.99)	(199.30)	359.23	181.49	(160.67)
Non Cash flow changes						
Finance Costs	-	-	194.49	-	-	160.70
Others	85.84	(85.00)	(0.84)	-	-	-
Closing Balance	1,284.04	544.59	3.14	1,119.12	850.58	8.79

As per our report of even date annexed

For SINGHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

RAHUL BOTHRA
Partner
Membership No. 067330

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
Director
(DIN: 00004213)
Place: New Delhi

N. K. NOLKHA
Group Chief Financial Officer
Place: New Delhi

R. V. KANORIA
Managing Director
(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1: Corporate Information

Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited (the Company) having its registered office at 'KCI Plaza', 23C Ashutosh Chowdhury Avenue, Kolkata – 700 019, India is a Public Limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India. The Equity Shares of the Company are listed on National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. and BSE Ltd. The Company is primarily engaged in manufacture of Industrial Chemicals in India.

2: Basis of Preparation

A. Statement of Compliance

In accordance with the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the Standalone Financial Statements.

These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 25th May 2026.

B. Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest two decimals of millions, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Historical Cost Convention

The financial statements have been prepared and presented on the going concern basis using accrual basis of accounting on a historical cost basis, except for the following which are measured at fair value:

- I. Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities
- II. Defined Benefit Plans

D. Fair Value Measurement

A number of Company's accounting policies and disclosures require fair value measurement for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement, as under:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement, at the end of each reporting period.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

E. Current versus Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset or liability is treated as current if it satisfies any of the following condition:

- I. the asset/liability is expected to be realised/settled in normal operating cycle;
- II. the asset is intended for sale or consumption;
- III. the asset/liability is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- IV. the asset/liability is expected to be realised/settled within twelve months after the reporting period;
- V. the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period;
- VI. in the case of a liability, the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets or liabilities are classified as non-current assets or liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

F. Use of Estimates and Judgements

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the accompanying disclosures including contingent liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Difference between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period prospectively in which the results are known/materialised.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Detailed information about estimates and judgements is included in Note 4.

3: Material Accounting Policies

A. Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates on the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Exchange difference arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on net basis.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or Statement of Profit and Loss are also recognised in OCI or Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Property, Plant & Equipment

I. Recognition & Measurement

All items of property, plant and equipment (PPE) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost of an item of PPE includes its purchase cost, non refundable taxes and duties, directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and borrowing cost if the recognition criteria is met.

In case of self-constructed assets, cost includes the costs of all materials used in construction, direct labour, allocation of directly attributable overheads, directly attributable borrowing costs incurred in bringing the item to working condition for its intended use. The costs of testing whether the asset is functioning properly, after deducting the net proceeds from selling items produced while bringing the asset to that location and condition, are also added to the cost of self-constructed assets. The Company considers a Project to be 'unit of measure' for construction of a manufacturing plant rather than individual assets comprising the project in appropriate cases for the purpose of capitalisation of expenditure incurred during construction period.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate component of property, plant and equipment.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment allowance (if any) which includes expenses incurred during construction period, interest on amount borrowed for acquisition of qualifying assets and other expenses incurred in connection with project implementation in so far as such expenses relate to the period prior to the commencement of commercial production.

II. Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation on all items of PPE is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual value, over their estimated useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act except for following items where useful life is considered as lower than that prescribed based on technical assessment:

PPE/PPE Group	Useful life
Effluent treatment plant Digester	15 years
Measuring instruments like flow meters, transmitters, level gauges etc.	10 years
Other Independent Instruments	15 years

Depreciation on an item of PPE purchased/sold during the year is provided on pro-rata basis.

C. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Such intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The Company amortises intangible assets with a finite useful life using the straight line method over three years.

D. Assets Held for Sale

Non-current assets or disposal groups comprising of assets and liabilities are classified as 'held for sale' when all the following criteria are met:

(i) decision has been made to sell, (ii) the assets are available for immediate sale in its present condition, (iii) the assets are being actively marketed and (iv) sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within 12 months of the Balance Sheet date.

Subsequently, such non-current assets and disposal groups classified as 'held for sale' are measured at the lower of its carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. Non-current assets held for sale are not depreciated or amortised.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

E. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

I. Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement:

The Company recognizes a financial asset in its Balance Sheet when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value, plus in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Where the fair value of a financial asset at initial recognition is different from its transaction price, the difference between the fair value and the transaction price is recognized as a gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss at initial recognition if the fair value is determined through a quoted market price in an active market for an identical asset (i.e. level 1 input) or through a valuation technique that uses data from observable markets (i.e. level 2 input).

In case the fair value is not determined using a level 1 or level 2 input as mentioned above, the difference between the fair value and transaction price is deferred appropriately and recognized as a gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss only to the extent that such gain or loss arises due to a change in factor that market participants take into account when pricing the financial asset.

However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Subsequent measurement:

For subsequent measurement, the Company classifies a financial asset in accordance with the below criteria:

- a. The Company's business model for managing the financial asset and
- b. The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Based on the above criteria, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories:

- i. Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- ii. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- iii. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

i. Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

A financial asset is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and
- b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to cash and bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets of the Company. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The amortized cost of a financial asset is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

ii. Financial assets measured at FVTOCI:

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company, through an irrevocable election at initial recognition, has measured certain investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI. The Company has made such election on an instrument by instrument basis. These equity instruments are not held for trading. Pursuant to such irrevocable election, subsequent changes in the fair value of such equity instruments are recognized in OCI. However, the Company recognizes dividend income from such instruments in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

On Derecognition of such financial assets, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Company may transfer such cumulative gain or loss into retained earnings within equity.

iii. Financial assets measured at FVTPL:

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI as explained above. This is a residual category applied to all other investments of the Company excluding investments in subsidiary companies. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition:

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- a) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred or expired.
- b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognised only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

II. Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement:

The Company recognises a financial liability in its Balance Sheet when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liability.

Where the fair value of a financial liability at initial recognition is different from its transaction price, the difference between the fair value and the transaction price is recognised as a gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss at initial recognition if the fair value is determined through a quoted market price in an active market for an identical liability (i.e. level 1 input) or through a valuation technique that uses data from observable markets (i.e. level 2 input).

In case the fair value is not determined using a level 1 or level 2 input as mentioned above, the difference between the fair value and transaction price is deferred appropriately and recognised as a gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss only to the extent that such gain or loss arises due to a change in factor that market participants take into account when pricing the financial liability.

Subsequent measurement:

All financial liabilities of the Company are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

III. Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments viz. foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps to manage Company's exposure to foreign exchange rate and interest rate risks are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately. The Company does not hold derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

F. Impairment

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation and assets representing investments in subsidiary companies are reviewed for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount may not be recoverable. Such circumstances include, though are not limited to, significant or sustained decline in revenues or earnings and material adverse changes in the economic environment.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount.

G. Inventories

Inventories of raw materials, stores and spare parts, work in progress and finished goods are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value. However, materials and other items held for use in production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished goods in which they will be used are expected to be sold at or above cost. In case of certain products, where cost cannot be ascertained reliably, the same are measured at net realisable value.

Cost of raw materials, stores and spares include its purchase cost and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. Cost of work in progress and finished goods include direct materials, direct labour and appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual item of inventory on weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

H. Income Tax

Income Tax comprises current and deferred tax and is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity as the case may be.

I. Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year and any adjustments to the tax payable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates and tax laws enacted by the reporting date.

II. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes i.e tax base.

Deferred Tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences, carried forward tax losses and unused tax credits.

Deferred Tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

I. Revenue Recognition

I. Revenue from Contract with Customer:

The Company derives revenue primarily from sale of manufactured and traded goods. Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

obligation upon transfer of goods to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company is expected to be entitled to in exchange for those goods.

The transaction price of goods sold is net of variable consideration on account of returns, trade allowances, rebates and amounts collected on behalf of third parties. This variable consideration is estimated based on the expected value of outflow. The company recognizes revenue when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be reliably measured.

Sale of Products: Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the control on the goods have been transferred to the customer. The performance obligation in case of sale of product is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when material is shipped to the customer or on delivery to the customer, as may be specified in the contract.

II. Interest Income

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised on accrual basis using effective interest rate method applicable on such debt instrument.

III. Dividend

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

J. Employee Benefits

I. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and expensed as the relative service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid e.g. towards bonus, if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

II. Defined contribution plan

Provident Fund, a defined contribution plan, is a post employment benefit plan under which the Company pays contributions into a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Company recognises the contributions payable towards the provident fund as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the periods during which the related services are rendered by employees.

III. Defined benefit plan

A defined benefit plan is a post employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company has unfunded Gratuity liability towards this which is provided on the basis of actuarial valuation made by an external valuer at the end of each financial year using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses are immediately recognised in the balance sheet with corresponding debit or credit to Other Equity through OCI. Remeasurements are not classified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Net interest and changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised in profit or loss.

IV. Other long term employee benefits

The liabilities for earned leave are measured and provided on the basis of actuarial valuation made by an external valuer at the end of each financial year using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurement gains or losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

K. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs consists of interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. Income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

deducted from the borrowings costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Transaction costs in respect of long-term borrowings are amortised over the tenor of respective loans using effective interest method. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

L. Exceptional items

When items of income and expense in the statement of profit and loss from ordinary activities are of such size, nature or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to explain the performance of the Company for the period, the nature and amount of such material items are disclosed separately as exceptional items.

M. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

N. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are measured at present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to liability. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

O. Contingent Liabilities and Assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

P. Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

Q. Events after Reporting date

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

R. Recent applicable Accounting pronouncements

a. New and amended standards adopted by the Company:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. In May 2025 and August 2025, MCA has notified amendments to various Ind AS which are, applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2025, are given below. The Company has reviewed the amendment and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Ind AS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2025 – The amendment relates to classification of liabilities as current or non-current and non-current liabilities with covenants. In the context of classifying a liability as current, it removes the requirement of existence of a right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date and instead requires that the said right should exist on the reporting date and have substance. The amendment also introduces guidance on classification of liabilities with covenants. The Company has no impact of these amendments in its classification criteria of current and non-current liabilities.

Ind AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows and Ind AS 107, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2025 – The amendment in Ind AS 7 requires to inform users of financial statements of the existence of supplier finance arrangements and explain the nature of the arrangements, the carrying amount of liabilities and the range of payment due dates. Ind AS 107 has been amended to add supplier finance arrangements as a factor that may cause concentration of liquidity risk. The Company has reviewed the amendment and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 12, International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules applicable immediately – The amendments provide a temporary mandatory relief from deferred tax accounting for top-up tax and disclose that they have applied the relief. This relief is immediate and applies retrospectively. These do not have any impact on the financial statements.

b. New and amended standards issued but not effective.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2026, A new Standard on Accounting, Ind AS 118 (equivalent to IFRS 18) - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements has been introduced which will be applicable from April 1, 2027 and will replace Ind AS 1 once notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Ind AS 118 sets out general and specific requirements for the presentation of financial statements and for disclosures in the notes. Additional clarifications issued in August 2025 relating to liability classification have been considered by the Company. These do not have a material impact on the financial statements.

4: Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

(a) Defined Benefit Plans

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(b) Fair Value measurement of Financial Instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

(c) Depreciation/Amortisation and Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment/Intangible Assets

Property, plant and equipment / intangible assets are depreciated / amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation / amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation / amortisation for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(d) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company reviews its carrying value of investments carried at amortized cost annually, or more frequently when there is indication of impairment. If recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.

(e) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Determination of the recoverable amount involves management estimates on highly uncertain matters, such as commodity prices and their impact on markets and prices for upgraded products, development in demand, inflation, operating expenses and tax and legal systems. The Company uses internal business plans, quoted market prices and the Company's best estimate of commodity prices, currency rates, discount rates and other relevant information. A detailed forecast is developed for a period of three to five years with projections thereafter. The Company does not include a general growth factor to volumes or cash flows for the purpose of impairment tests, however, cash flows are generally increased by expected inflation and market recovery towards previously observed volumes is considered.

(f) Taxes

The Company calculates income tax expense based on reported income. Deferred income tax expense is calculated based on the differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax basis that are considered temporary in nature. Valuation of deferred tax assets is dependent on management's assessment of future recoverability of the deferred benefit. Expected recoverability may result from expected taxable income in the future, planned transactions or planned tax optimizing measures. Economic conditions may change and lead to a different conclusion regarding recoverability.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5A: Property Plant and Equipment

(Rs. in million)

	Gross Carrying Value				Depreciation				Net Carrying Value
	As at 01.04.25	Additions	Disposal/Reclassification	As at 31.03.26	As at 01.04.25	For the Year	Disposal/Reclassification	As at 31.03.26	As at 31.03.26
Land & Site Development :									
Freehold	727.77	-	-	727.77	-	-	-	-	727.77
Leasehold (ROU)*	666.45	-	-	666.45	94.80	9.47	-	104.27	562.18
Buildings*	953.66	6.07	-	959.73	268.80	28.13	-	296.93	662.80
Plant & Equipment	3,396.39	368.87	17.19	3,748.07	1,190.53	182.73	15.69	1,357.57	2,390.50
Furniture & Fixtures*	45.59	1.67	0.20	47.06	28.86	2.93	0.13	31.66	15.40
Vehicles & Fork Lifts	28.46	-	-	28.46	15.76	2.35	-	18.11	10.35
Office Equipment	34.99	1.85	0.40	36.44	27.59	2.04	0.35	29.28	7.16
Total	5,853.31	378.46	17.79	6,213.98	1,626.34	227.65	16.17	1,837.82	4,376.16

* Leasehold Land of Rs. 54.88 million, Buildings of Rs. 9.42 million and Furniture & Fixtures of Rs. 0.07 million are classified as assets held for sale.

	Gross Carrying Value				Depreciation				Net Carrying Value
	As at 01.04.24	Additions	Disposal/Reclassification	As at 31.03.25	As at 01.04.24	For the Year	Disposal/Reclassification	As at 31.03.25	As at 31.03.25
Land & Site Development :									
Freehold	746.87	-	19.10	727.77	-	-	-	-	727.77
Leasehold (ROU)*	730.21	-	63.76	666.45	93.48	9.56	8.24	94.80	571.65
Buildings*	938.51	44.54	29.39	953.66	247.21	27.94	6.35	268.80	684.86
Plant & Equipment	3,039.68	702.75	346.04	3,396.39	1,357.82	156.83	324.12	1,190.53	2,205.86
Furniture & Fixtures*	45.90	0.79	1.10	45.59	26.98	2.83	0.95	28.86	16.73
Vehicles & Fork Lifts	26.04	5.15	2.73	28.46	15.60	2.74	2.58	15.76	12.70
Office Equipment	34.09	2.16	1.26	34.99	26.32	2.43	1.16	27.59	7.40
Total	5,561.30	755.39	463.38	5,853.31	1,767.41	202.33	343.40	1,626.34	4,226.97

* Leasehold Land of Rs. 54.88 million, Buildings of Rs. 9.42 million and Furniture & Fixtures of Rs. 0.07 million are classified as assets held for sale.

Depreciation for the year includes Rs. 4.16 million for discontinued operations.

Note: The lease term in respect of leasehold land is 99 years. The lease term in respect of land acquired under finance lease is up to 99 years with ability to opt for renewal of the lease term on fulfilment of certain conditions.

The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the company.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5B: Intangible Assets

(Rs. in million)

	Gross Carrying Value				Amortisation				Net Carrying Value
	As at 01.04.25	Additions	Disposal/ Reclassification	As at 31.03.26	As at 01.04.25	For the Year	Disposal/ Reclassification	As at 31.03.26	As at 31.03.26
Computer Software	22.25	0.47	-	22.72	21.39	0.47	-	21.86	0.86

	Gross Carrying Value				Amortisation				Net Carrying Value
	As at 01.04.24	Additions	Disposal/ Reclassification	As at 31.03.25	As at 01.04.24	For the Year	Disposal/ Reclassification	As at 31.03.25	As at 31.03.25
Computer Software	21.90	0.35	-	22.25	19.88	1.51	-	21.39	0.86

5C: Capital Work-in-Progress Aging Schedule:

	As at 31.03.26	As at 31.03.25
Balance at the beginning of the year	136.87	321.07
Additions during the year	501.05	566.06
Less: Capitalised during the year	378.39	750.26
Balance at the end of the year	259.53	136.87

	Amount in Capital Work-in-Progress					Amount in Capital Work-in-Progress				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at 31.03.26	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at 31.03.25
Project in Progress	259.53	-	-	-	259.53	136.87	-	-	-	136.87

Note: There is no project whose completion is overdue or which has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6: Investments

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026			31 st March 2025		
	Face Value Rs.	Nos.	Amount	Face Value Rs.	Nos.	Amount
(A) Non Current Investments:						
Investments at Cost						
Equity Shares, Fully Paid (Unquoted) In Subsidiary Companies						
APAG Holding AG, Switzerland ¹	-	-	-	€ 1,021.30	286	494.64
Less: Provision for Impairment			-			(247.32)
Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc, Ethiopia	ETB 10	54,313,591	1,396.66	ETB 10	62,997,916	1,619.97
Less: Provision for Impairment (Refer note 29)			(326.19)			(378.35)
Total Investments at Cost			1,070.47			1,488.94
Investments at Fair Value through OCI						
Equity Shares, Fully Paid (Quoted)						
IFCI Ltd.	10	200	0.01	10	200	0.01
HDFC Bank Ltd.	1	10,000	7.31	1	5,000	9.14
Bank of India	10	9,000	1.23	10	9,000	0.96
NMDC Ltd.	1	24,000	1.83	1	24,000	1.65
NMDC Steel Ltd.	10	8,000	0.27	10	8,000	0.27
Equity Shares, Fully Paid (Unquoted)						
APAG Holding AG, Switzerland ¹	€ 1,021.30	826	435.92	-	-	-
Enviro Technology Ltd.	10	10,000	0.10	10	10,000	0.10
BEIL Infrastructure Ltd.	10	1,400	0.01	10	1,400	0.01
Mittal Tower Premises Co-op. Society Ltd.	50	5	0.00	50	5	0.00
Narmada Clean Tech	10	822,542	8.23	10	822,542	8.23
Woodlands Multispeciality Hospital Ltd.	10	2,180	0.02	10	2,180	0.02
Ballygunge Services Private Ltd.	10	400	0.02	10	400	0.02
Jamnagar Renewables Two Private Ltd.	10	3,730,650	37.31	-	-	-
Total Investments at Fair Value through OCI			492.26			20.41

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026			31 st March 2025		
	Face Value Rs.	Nos.	Amount	Face Value Rs.	Nos.	Amount
Investments at Fair Value through PL						
Alternative Investment Funds (Unquoted)						
360 One Seed Venture Fund 1	4	2,408,992	31.92	5	2,408,992	38.55
Chiratae Trust	100,000	172	33.23	100,000	177	34.67
India Housing Fund - Series 4	10	1,999,882	28.24	10	1,999,882	25.34
Total Investments at Fair Value through PL			93.39			98.56
Total Non Current Investments (A)			1,656.12			1,607.91
(B) Current Investments:						
Investments at Cost						
Equity Shares, Fully Paid (Unquoted) In Subsidiary Companies						
Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc, Ethiopia	ETB 10	8,684,325	223.31	-	-	-
Less: Provision for Impairment (Refer note 29)			(52.15)			-
Total Investments at Cost			171.16			-
Investments at Fair Value through PL						
Alternative Investment Fund (Unquoted)						
360 One Real Estate Fund (Domestic) Sr.3	-	-	-	7	5,365,000	20.63
Total Investments at fair value through PL			-			20.63
Total Current Investments (B)			171.16			20.63

	Non-Current	Current		Non-Current	Current
Aggregate book value of quoted investments	10.65	-		12.03	-
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	10.65	-		12.03	-
Aggregate value of unquoted investments	1,645.47	171.16		1,595.88	20.63
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	326.19	52.15		625.67	-

¹ APAG Holding AG, Switzerland (APAG) ceased to be a subsidiary during the year and therefore the investment in APAG as at 31st March, 2026 has been classified under Investment at Fair Value through OCI.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7: Loans

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
(Unsecured, considered good) Loans to Related Parties				
Loans to Subsidiaries ¹ (Refer note 39)	1,475.48	-	1,631.05	88.86
Other Loans				
Loans to Employees	3.10	4.98	2.82	3.76
Total Loans	1,478.58	4.98	1,633.87	92.62

¹ Outstanding Loans to Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC, a subsidiary is Rs. 1,475.48 million as at 31st March, 2026 (previous year Rs. 1,108.61 million) which includes interest converted into Funded Interest Loan of Rs. 61.57 million during the year (previous year Rs. 41.31 million) and is receivable after September, 2028.

8: Other Financial Assets

(Unsecured considered good) Security Deposits	27.15	-	23.32	-
Export Benefits and Claims Receivable	-	10.94	-	14.36
MTM Gain on Forward Contracts	-	5.95	-	-
Interest and Dividend Receivable	-	2.05	-	0.67
Interest and Fees receivable from Related Parties	-	138.78	-	177.09
Total Other Financial Assets	27.15	157.72	23.32	192.12

9: Other Assets

(Unsecured considered good)				
(a) Capital Advances	41.30	-	6.44	-
(b) Advances other than Capital Advances				
(i) Advances to Related Party	-	36.86	-	36.96
(ii) Other Advances	1.61	19.30	2.88	17.99
(iii) Balance with Government Authorities	-	17.02	-	15.03
Total Other Assets	42.91	73.18	9.32	69.98

10: Inventories

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Raw Materials	236.52	183.51
Raw Materials in Transit	116.28	133.34
Work-in-Progress	22.03	11.61
Finished Goods	168.35	154.40
Finished Goods in Transit	7.01	16.84
Stores & Spare Parts	199.83	90.90
Stock-in-trade	-	0.23
Total Inventories	750.02	590.83

Note: Write downs of value of finished goods at net realizable value amounted to Rs. 0.07 million (Previous year Rs. 1.56 million).

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11: Trade Receivables

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Secured, considered good	47.37	2.37
Unsecured, considered good	1,273.04	1,057.31
With Significant Increase in Credit risk	4.96	3.20
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	4.96	3.20
Total Trade Receivables	1,320.41	1,059.68

Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						31 st March 2026
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i. Undisputed Trade Receivables-considered good	1,112.03	197.25	2.51	3.96	2.29	-	1,318.04
ii. Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	1.24	2.29	0.33	3.86
iii. Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	-	-	-	-	-	2.37	2.37
v. Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	0.20	-	0.90	1.10
vi. Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	-	-	-	1.44	2.29	1.23	4.96
Total	1,112.03	197.25	2.51	3.96	2.29	2.37	1,320.41

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						31 st March 2025
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i. Undisputed Trade Receivables-considered good	814.63	223.08	12.98	6.46	0.16	-	1,057.31
ii. Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	2.13	0.12	0.09	2.34
iii. Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	-	-	-	-	-	2.37	2.37
v. Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	0.86	0.86
vi. Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	-	-	-	2.13	0.12	0.95	3.20
Total	814.63	223.08	12.98	6.46	0.16	2.37	1,059.68

12A: Cash and Cash Equivalent

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Balance with Banks	60.86	16.77
Cash on hand	0.35	0.37
Total Cash and Cash equivalent	61.21	17.14

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12B: Other Bank Balances

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Earmarked balances with Banks (Unpaid Dividend Accounts)	2.39	2.94
Bank Deposits (held as security)	0.45	1.90
Total Other Bank Balances	2.84	4.84

13: Current Tax Assets

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Income Tax Payments (net of provision)	63.26	108.79
Total Current Tax Assets	63.26	108.79

14: Assets held for Sale

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Leasehold Land	54.88	54.88
Buildings	9.42	9.42
Furniture & Fixtures	0.07	0.07
Total Assets held for Sale	64.37	64.37

Note: The Board of Directors has approved the sale of assets vide its resolution dated 3rd May, 2024. The Company has entered into Sale of these assets and also received advance of Rs. 163.42 million against these. However the Sale could not be completed during the year pending receipt of some regulatory approvals. The Sale of assets is expected to complete in short term.

15: Equity Share Capital

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
(a) Authorised Share Capital				
Equity Shares of Rs. 5 each	100,000,000	500.00	100,000,000	500.00
(b) Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid				
Equity Shares of Rs. 5 each	43,693,333	218.47	43,693,333	218.47
Add: Forfeited Shares (Amount paid up)		0.02		0.02
Total		218.49		218.49

(c) Terms/rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of issued shares i.e. Equity Share having par value of Rs. 5 per share. Each holder of Equity Share is entitled to one vote per share and equal right for dividend. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after payment of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(d) Shares held by holding company

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Vardhan Limited	26,190,872	130.95	26,190,872	130.95

(e) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the Shareholder	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Vardhan Limited	26,190,872	59.94	26,190,872	59.94
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	3,210,120	7.35	3,210,120	7.35

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(f) Promoter's Shareholding

Name of the Promoters	Shares held by promoters as at 31 st March 2026		Shares held by promoters as at 31 st March 2025		Percentage of change during the year
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding	
Vardhan Limited	26,190,872	59.94	26,190,872	59.94	-
Rajya Vardhan Kanoria	461,481	1.06	461,481	1.06	-
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	3,210,120	7.35	3,210,120	7.35	-
Kirtivardhan Finvest Services Ltd.	1,154,907	2.64	1,154,907	2.64	-
Madhuvanti Kanoria	498,321	1.14	498,321	1.14	-
Saumya Vardhan Kanoria	556,440	1.27	556,440	1.27	-
Anand Vardhan Kanoria	434,739	1.00	434,739	1.00	-
Total	32,506,880	74.40	32,506,880	74.40	-

Note: There is no changes in promoter's shareholding during the year 2024-25.

(g) Shares reserved for issue under options

No Shares have been reserved for issue under options and contracts/commitments for the sale of shares/ disinvestment as at the Balance Sheet date.

(h) The company has not issued any shares for consideration other than cash nor issued any bonus shares nor have bought back any shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the current financial year.

(i) None of the securities are convertible into shares at the end of the reporting period.

(j) No calls are unpaid including that by any Director or Officer of the Company.

16: Other Equity

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
Capital Reserve				
As per last Balance Sheet		34.17		34.17
Capital Redemption Reserve				
As per last Balance Sheet		72.69		72.69
Securities Premium				
As per last Balance Sheet		161.50		161.50
Retained Earnings				
As per last Balance Sheet	5,516.45		5,898.50	
Add : Profit/(Loss) for the Year	344.12		(379.80)	
Add : Actuarial gain/(loss) on Defined Benefit Plan (Net)	(0.10)	5,860.47	(2.25)	5,516.45
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)				
As per last Balance Sheet	8.90		7.37	
Add : Movement in OCI (Net) during the year	25.32	34.22	1.53	8.90
Total Other Equity		6,163.05		5,793.71

Description of the nature and purpose of each reserve within other equity is as follows:

- Capital Reserve: represents the amount received on account of capital receipts, etc. in earlier years.
- Capital Redemption Reserve: was created for redemption of preference shares and on buy-back of equity shares as per statutory requirement.
- Securities Premium: represents premium on issue of shares.
- Retained Earnings: are the accumulated profits earned by the Company and remaining undistributed as on date.
- Other Comprehensive Income: represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on fair valuation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income under an irrevocable option.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17: Borrowings

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
Secured				
Term Loan				
From Banks/Financial Institution ¹	582.65		787.65	
Current Maturities of Long Term Debts		216.39		206.47
Short Term Loan				
From Banks ²		281.95		489.09
Loans Repayable on Demand				
From Banks ²		76.14		276.49
Unsecured				
Term Loan				
From Related parties	485.00		-	
Current Maturities of Long Term Debts		-		125.00
Short Term Loan				
From Related party		-		85.00
From Body Corporates		186.50		-
Total Borrowings	1,067.65	760.98	787.65	1,182.05

¹ Term Loan of Rs. 138.34 million (Previous year Rs. 294.66 million) secured by first charge and mortgage by deposit of title deeds of immovable properties and hypothecation of movable fixed assets of Naidupet & Vizag Division, Rs. 642.05 million (Previous year Rs. 639.70 million) secured by first charge and mortgage by deposit of title deeds of immovable properties and hypothecation of movable fixed assets on pari passu basis of Ankleshwar Unit and hypothecation of plant & Machinery created out of bank finance on first charge basis in Ankleshwar unit, Rs. 0.61 million (Previous year Rs. 10.80 million) Secured by second charge on Current Assets of the Company and movable fixed assets of Ankleshwar Division and Rs. 18.04 million (previous year Rs. 48.96 million) Secured by second charge on entire fixed assets of the Naidupet and Vizag Division.

² Loan of Rs. 358.09 million (previous year Rs. 645.58 million) Secured by hypothecation of Current Assets of the Company and movable fixed assets on pari passu basis of Ankleshwar Division and Rs. Nil (previous year Rs. 120 million) secured by subservient charge over the movable & immovable fixed assets of the company.

Repayment Schedule:

Term Loan	Interest Rate	Repayment Terms	Outstanding as at	
			31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
EXIM Bank Rupee Loan	Bank's MCLR (1Y) plus 160 bps	28 quarterly structured instalments beginning from May, 2021	100.60	153.65
EXIM Bank Foreign Currency Loan	USD SOFR (3M) plus 370 bps	24 quarterly structured instalments beginning from April, 2021	37.74	141.01
EXIM Bank GECL Loan	Bank's LTMLR	48 Monthly instalments beginning from November, 2022	18.04	48.96
Yes Bank GECL Loan	Bank's MCLR (1Y) plus 45 bps	48 Monthly instalments beginning from March, 2022	-	6.53
HDFC Bank GECL Loan	Bank's MCLR (3M) plus 55 bps	48 Monthly instalments beginning from September, 2022	0.61	4.27
State Bank of India Rupee Loan	Bank's MCLR (6M) plus 20 bps	24 quarterly instalments beginning from March, 2026	642.05	639.70
Vardhan Limited	11%	April, 2027, May, 2027 & December, 2028	235.00	125.00
R V Investment & Dealers Ltd	11%	April, 2027 & June, 2027	250.00	-
Total Term Loan			1,284.04	1,119.12

18: Other Financial Liabilities

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
Interest Accrued but not due	-	3.14	-	8.79
Security Deposits	0.28	12.18	0.23	9.13
Liabilities for Capital Goods	-	67.43	-	44.26
Unpaid Dividend ¹	-	2.39	-	2.93
Employee related Liabilities	-	24.42	-	21.74
Advance against Sale of Investments ²	-	87.13	-	87.13
MTM Loss on Forward Contracts	-	-	-	4.85
Other Liabilities	-	68.24	-	57.11
Total Other Financial Liabilities	0.28	264.93	0.23	235.94

¹ These figures does not include any amount, due and outstanding, to be credited to Investor Education and Protection Fund except Rs. 1.92 million (previous year Rs. 1.80 million) which is held in abeyance due to legal case pending.

² The Company has entered into a binding letter of intent for Sale of 86,84,325 Equity Shares representing 13.79% of investments in Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc, Ethiopia for USD 2 million against which an advance of USD 1 million has been received. The transaction is yet to be consummated pending receipt of certain regulatory approvals from Ethiopia.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19: Provisions

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
Provision for Employee Benefits	70.63	79.36	100.51	42.20
Total Provisions	70.63	79.36	100.51	42.20

20: Income Tax

A. Deferred Tax

The major components of deferred tax liabilities/assets arising on account of timing differences are as follows:

	1 st April 2025	Profit & Loss (Net)	OCI (Net)	31 st March 2026
Deferred Tax Liability				
Timing Difference on PPE & Intangible Assets	849.27	(197.38)	-	651.89
Fair Value of Investments	4.06	2.64	(0.20)	6.50
Others	1.63	(0.38)	-	1.25
Deferred Tax Assets				
MAT Credit Entitlement	192.47	(20.35)	-	172.12
Unabsorbed Business Losses/Depreciation/Capital Loss	26.42	(21.11)	-	5.31
Expenses relating to Retirement Benefits	49.87	(9.29)	(2.83)	37.75
Others	2.80	(2.80)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities	583.40	(141.57)	2.63	444.46

	1 st April 2024	Profit & Loss (Net)	OCI (Net)	31 st March 2025
Deferred Tax Liability				
Timing Difference on PPE & Intangible Assets	760.61	88.66	-	849.27
Fair Value of Investments	8.83	(4.74)	(0.03)	4.06
Others	1.87	(0.24)	-	1.63
Deferred Tax Assets				
MAT Credit Entitlement	182.90	9.57	-	192.47
Unabsorbed Business Losses/Depreciation	42.88	(16.46)	-	26.42
Expenses relating to Retirement Benefits	44.27	4.39	1.21	49.87
Others	0.34	2.46	-	2.80
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities	500.92	83.72	(1.24)	583.40

B: Reconciliation of tax expense on the accounting profit for the year:

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	286.72	(249.39)
At India's statutory Income tax rate of 34.944%	100.19	(87.15)
Reversal of deferred tax on account of new tax regime	(216.21)	-
Tax effect on non-deductible expenses	37.19	157.20
Net Increase in deferred tax on account of withdrawal of indexation benefit on LTCG	-	38.80
MAT expired/written off	20.35	25.56
Others	(9.90)	(4.00)
Tax for earlier years	10.98	-
Tax expenses reported in the statement of profit and loss	(57.40)	130.41

Note: The Company, after evaluating the impact of amendments to the Income Tax Act, 2025, has decided to adopt Section 200 of the Act for paying Income Tax starting from Tax Year 2026-27. This transition to the new tax rate required remeasuring Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities according to 'Ind AS 12 – Income Taxes' to align with the applicable new tax rate of 22% (plus surcharge and cess), resulting in a net reversal of Deferred Tax by Rs. 214.33 million for the year ended 31st March, 2026.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21: Trade Payable

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Trade Payable		
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises	52.41	30.20
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises	1,175.42	764.97
Total Trade Payables	1,227.83	795.17
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each financial year.		
i. Principal	52.41	30.20
ii. Interest	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-

The above information has been compiled in respect of parties to the extent to which they could be identified as Micro and Small Enterprises under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 on the basis of information available with the Company.

Trade Payable Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						31 st March 2026
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i. MSME	-	52.41	-	-	-	-	52.41
ii. Others	81.56	1,047.86	41.14	4.61	-	0.25	1,175.42
iii. Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	81.56	1,100.27	41.14	4.61	-	0.25	1,227.83

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						31 st March 2025
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
I. MSME	-	30.20	-	-	-	-	30.20
ii. Others	9.41	731.11	19.37	4.88	-	0.20	764.97
iii. Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	9.41	761.31	19.37	4.88	-	0.20	795.17

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22: Other Current Liabilities

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Statutory Liabilities	22.65	17.54
Advance against Assets held for Sale	163.42	92.47
Contract Liabilities	26.73	10.76
Total Other Current Liabilities	212.80	120.77

23: Revenue from Operations

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
(a) Sale of Products		
Manufactured products		
Chemicals	7,384.60	6,447.21
Traded products		
Methanol	1,043.16	208.19
Total Sale	8,427.76	6,655.40
(b) Other Operating Revenues		
Miscellaneous Sales	321.39	122.94
Export benefits	4.29	4.70
Total Other Operating Revenues	325.68	127.64
Total Revenue from Operations	8,753.44	6,783.04

Revenue disaggregation is as follows:

(a) Primary geographical markets		
India	8,486.99	6,499.35
Outside India	266.45	283.69
Total Revenue from Operations	8,753.44	6,783.04
(b) There are no significant adjustments between the contracted price and revenue from operations.		

24: Other Income

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Interest Income		
On Investments	1.12	-
From Related Parties	69.43	62.46
From Others	4.34	3.38
Dividend Income	0.33	2.42
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Investments (Net)	(21.11)	(2.93)
Fair value gain/(loss) on Financial Instruments classified as FVTPL (Net)	18.15	(10.70)
Profit/(Loss) on Property, Plant & Equipment (Net)	0.08	37.30
Foreign Exchange Rate Fluctuation (Net)	156.70	24.63
Fair value gain on Forward Contract	10.81	-
Guarantee fee from Related Parties	13.55	14.23
Rent Income	4.78	4.65
Other Non Operating Income	10.75	7.06
Total Other Income	268.93	142.50

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

25: Change in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Opening Stock		
Finished Goods	171.23	238.44
Work-In-Progress	11.61	12.44
	182.84	250.88
Closing Stock		
Finished Goods	175.36	171.23
Work-In-Progress	22.03	11.61
	197.39	182.84
Change in Inventories		
Finished Goods	(4.13)	67.21
Work-In-Progress	(10.42)	0.83
Total Change in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress	(14.55)	68.04

26: Employee Benefits Expense

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Salaries, Wages, Bonus & Gratuity etc. (including payments to Contractors)	406.44	367.30
Contribution to Provident Fund	18.50	17.00
Staff Welfare Expenses	22.39	21.71
Total Employee Benefits Expense	447.33	406.01

27: Other Expenses

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Consumption of Stores & Spare parts etc.	177.48	149.39
Other Manufacturing Expenses	59.40	41.50
Power & Fuel	512.96	414.70
Repairs to -		
Plant & Machinery	88.95	67.84
Buildings	12.32	18.30
Others	10.19	7.66
Water Charges & Cess	62.06	53.57
Rates & Taxes	8.36	14.50
Rent	6.99	6.94
Insurance	23.77	19.74
Legal and Professional Charges	63.41	48.58
Miscellaneous Expenses	59.04	69.11
CSR Expenditure (Refer Note No. 34)	0.09	1.40
Fair value loss on Forward Contract	-	4.82
Commission & Brokerage to Others	13.73	13.76
Freight, Handling & Other Charges	110.99	102.89
Director sitting Fees	1.82	1.58
Travelling Expenses	13.08	11.38
Allowance for bad & doubtful Debts & Advances (Net)	1.76	2.25
Unrealized Debts and Claims written off	1.80	0.85
Payment to Auditors	2.77	2.78
Total Other Expenses	1,230.97	1,053.54

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Additional Information regarding Payment to Auditors

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
(a) Statutory Auditors		
Audit Fees	1.15	1.15
For Certificates & Others	1.40	1.39
For Travelling and out of pocket expenses	0.07	0.09
(b) Cost Auditors		
Audit Fees	0.15	0.15
Total payment to Auditors	2.77	2.78

28: Finance Costs

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Interest Expense	157.46	146.74
Net Gain/Loss on foreign currency transaction and translation (to the extent considered as Finance Cost)	24.40	5.20
Bank/Finance charges	12.63	8.76
Total Finance Cost	194.49	160.70

29: Exceptional Items

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
(i) Impairment Loss of Investment in Equity Shares of Kanoria Africa Textile PLC, a subsidiary company.	-	202.54
(ii) Impairment Loss of Investment in Equity Shares of APAG Holding AG, an erstwhile subsidiary company.	106.42	247.32
Total Exceptional Items	106.42	449.86

30: Discontinued Operations

The Solar Power Division of the Company was sold on Slump Sale and Going Concern basis on 30th June, 2024. Consequently, the result of the said division has been disclosed as Discontinued Operations in accordance with Ind AS 105 "Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

The Financial Results of Discontinued Operations for the period are as under:

Revenue from Operations	-	3.71
Other Income	-	2.08
Total Income	-	5.79
Employee Benefit Expenses	-	0.34
Other Expenses	-	4.04
Total Expenses	-	4.38
Profit before Finance Costs, Depreciation & Amortisation and Tax	-	1.41
Finance Costs	-	-
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	-	4.16
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations before Tax	-	(2.75)
Gain related to sale of discontinued operations	-	27.82
Tax Expenses	-	16.09
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations after Tax	-	8.98

Refer Statement of Cash Flow for Cash Flow from Discontinued Operations

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31: Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
A. Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
1. Actuarial Gain/(Loss) on Defined Benefit Plan	2.73	(3.46)
Deferred Tax	(2.83)	1.21
2. Net Gain/(Loss) on Equity instruments designated as FVTOCI	25.12	1.50
Deferred Tax	0.20	0.03
Net OCI not to be reclassified to Profit or Loss	25.22	(0.72)
B. Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss	-	-
Net OCI to be reclassified to Profit or Loss	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax	25.22	(0.72)

32: Earning per Share (EPS)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Details for calculation of Basic and Diluted Earning per Share:		
Weighted average number of Equity Share	43,693,333	43,693,333
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operation after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	344.12	(388.78)
Basic and Diluted Earning per Share for continuing operations (Rs.) (Face Value Rs. 5 each)	7.88	(8.90)
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	-	8.98
Basic and Diluted Earning per Share for discontinued operations (Rs.) (Face Value Rs. 5 each)	-	0.21
Basic and Diluted Earning per Share for continuing and discontinued operations (Rs.) (Face Value Rs. 5 each)	7.88	(8.69)

33: Commitments and Contingencies

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
(i) Contingent Liabilities		
(a) Claims/Disputed Liabilities not acknowledged as Debt		
Service Tax Demands	0.40	0.40
Sales Tax Demands (paid Rs. 0.43 million)	0.43	0.43
GST Demands (paid Rs. 1.63 million)	1.63	1.35
Customs & Central Tax Demands	7.65	7.65
Income Tax Demands (paid Rs. 12.63 million)	58.37	58.37
(b) Corporate Guarantee given to:		
Export-Import Bank of India for securing loan of Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC, Ethiopia (Outstanding Loan US\$ 11.39 million equivalent to Rs. 1,074.99 million (Previous year US\$ 13.60 million equivalent to Rs. 1,162.28 million)	1,887.18	1,709.17
Future cash flows in respect of Contingent Liabilities are determinable only on receipt of judgements pending at various forums/authorities.		
(ii) Commitments		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	365.43	62.91
Advances paid	41.30	6.44

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

34: CSR Activities

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	0.09	1.32
Amount of expenditure incurred on:		
Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(I) Construction/acquisition of any Asset	-	-
(ii) Purposes other than (i) above	0.09	1.40
Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
Reason for shortfall	NA	NA
Nature of CSR activities	Skill Development for Youth	a) Skill Development for Youth b) Intervention to ensure enrolment of all children in schools and their retention and empowering adolescent children on their rights, in paravada mandal
Details of related party transactions	NIL	NIL

35: Details of pre-operative expenses capitalised:

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Cost of Materials Consumed	-	16.42
Employee Benefit Expenses	0.13	-
Other Expenses	0.32	6.34
Finance Costs	4.27	18.31
	4.72	41.07
Less:		
Sale of Manufactured products	-	18.47
Miscellaneous Sales	-	0.41
	4.72	22.19

36: The Company is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing of Chemicals which is considered as one reportable segment and hence, no additional disclosures with respect to segment information have been made under Ind As 108 - Operating Segments.

There is one customer whose revenue individually exceed 10% of the company's total revenue for the year ended 31st March, 2026.

37: On November 21, 2025, the Government of India notified the four Labour Codes - the Code on Wages, 2019, the Industrial Relations Code, 2020, the Code on Social Security, 2020, and the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020. The Company has assessed the impact of the changes and has recognised an incremental liability of Rs. 2.00 million as at March 31, 2026 based on the actuarial valuation in accordance with Ind AS 19. The Company continues to monitor the finalisation of Central / State Rules and clarifications from the Government on other aspects of the Labour Code and impact of these if any, will be evaluated and accounted for in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the period in which they are notified.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

38: Disclosures as required under Indian Accounting Standard 19 on "Employee Benefits"

A. Defined Benefit Plan

The Company has unfunded scheme for payment of gratuity to all eligible employees calculated at specified number of days of last drawn salary depending upon tenure of service for each year of completed service subject to minimum five years of service payable at the time of separation upon superannuation or on exit otherwise.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the Post - retirement benefit plans.

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
	Gratuity	Gratuity
1. Change in the Present Value of Obligation		
- Present Value of Obligation as at the beginning	116.98	103.78
- Current Service Cost (including Past Service Cost)	7.22	6.22
- Interest Expense or Cost	7.89	7.41
- Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from:		
change in demographic assumptions	-	-
change in financial assumptions	(4.41)	2.41
experience variance	1.68	1.05
- Benefits paid	(6.64)	(3.89)
- Present Value of Obligation as at the end	122.72	116.98
2. Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss		
- Current Service Cost	7.22	6.22
- Interest Expense or Cost	7.89	7.41
Total	15.11	13.63
3. Other Comprehensive Income		
- Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from:		
change in demographic assumptions	-	-
change in financial assumptions	(4.41)	2.41
experience variance	1.68	1.05
Total	(2.73)	3.46
4. Actuarial Assumptions		
(a) Financial Assumptions		
Discount rate (per annum)	7.50%	6.75%
Salary growth rate (per annum)	7.00%	7.00%
(b) Demographic Assumptions		
Mortality rate (% of IALM 2012-14)	100.00%	100.00%
Attrition/Withdrawal rates, based on age: (per annum)		
up to 44 years	2.00%	2.00%
above 44 years	1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Sensitivity Analysis

The Sensitivity Analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible change of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. These sensitivities show the hypothetical impact of a change in each of the listed assumptions in isolation. While each of these sensitivities holds all other assumptions constant, in practice such assumptions rarely change in isolation. For presenting the sensitivities, the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the Defined Benefit Obligation presented above. There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in the preparation of the Sensitivity Analysis from previous year.

The impact of Sensitivity analysis on Defined Benefit Plan is given below:

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Discount rate increase by 1%	(117.46)	(111.33)
Discount rate decrease by 1%	128.67	123.35
Salary Growth rate increase by 1%	128.64	123.27
Salary Growth rate decrease by 1%	(117.39)	(111.30)

6. Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation

(Rs. in million)

Weighted average duration (based on discounted cash flow)	5 years
Expected cash flow over the next (valued on undiscounted basis)	
1 year	52.09
2 to 5 years	48.14
6 to 10 years	20.89
More than 10 years	72.90

7. Description of Risk Exposures

Valuations are performed on certain basic set of pre-determined assumptions and other regulatory framework which may vary over time. Thus, the Company is exposed to various risks in providing the above gratuity benefit which are as follows:

Liquidity Risk: This is the risk that the Company is not able to meet the short-term gratuity payouts. This may arise due to non availability of enough cash/cash equivalent to meet the liabilities or holding of liquid assets not being sold in time.

Salary Escalation Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.

Demographic Risk: The Company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out to be worse compared to the assumption.

Regulatory Risk: Gratuity benefit is paid in accordance with the requirements of the Code of Social Security 2020. There is a risk of change in regulations requiring higher gratuity payouts.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Defined Contribution Plan

The Company contributes 12% of salary for all eligible employees towards Provident Fund managed either by approved trust or by the Central Government and debit the same to statement of Profit and Loss. The provident fund set up by the employers, require interest shortfall to be met by the employers. The fund set up by the Company does not have existing deficit of interest shortfall. The amount debited to Statement of Profit and Loss towards Provident Fund contribution during the year was Rs. 18.50 million (previous year Rs. 17.00 million).

39: Details of Loans given, Investments made, Guarantees given and Security provided under Section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013.

(Rs. in million)

Name of the Company	Relation	Nature	Purpose	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
APAG Holding AG	Erstwhile Subsidiary	Loans (Interest Bearing)	Capital Expenditure, Working Capital and acquisition	-	611.29
Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc	Subsidiary	Loans (Interest Bearing)	Capital Expenditure and Working Capital	1,475.48	1,108.61
Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc	Subsidiary	Pledge of shares of Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc	Borrowing by Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc from Export-Import Bank of India	1,619.97	1,619.97
Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc ¹	Subsidiary	Corporate Guarantee	Borrowing by Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc from Export- Import Bank of India	1,887.18	1,709.17

¹ Loan Outstanding Rs. 1,074.99 million (Previous year Rs. 1,162.28 million)

Details of Investments refer note 6.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

40: Category-wise classification of Financial Instruments

(Rs. in million)

	Refer Note	Non-Current		Current	
		31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Financial Assets					
Measured at cost					
Investments	6A	1,070.47	1,488.94	171.16	-
Measured at amortised cost					
Trade Receivables	11	-	-	1,320.41	1,059.68
Cash and cash equivalents	12A	-	-	61.21	17.14
Other Bank balances	12B	-	-	2.84	4.84
Loans	7	1,478.58	1,633.87	4.98	92.62
Other Financial Assets	8	27.15	23.32	151.77	192.12
Measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Investments	6A&B	93.39	98.56	-	20.63
Other Financial Assets	8	-	-	5.95	-
Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Investments	6A	492.26	20.41	-	-
Total Financial Assets		3,161.85	3,265.10	1,718.32	1,387.03
Financial Liabilities					
Measured at amortised cost					
Borrowings	17	1,067.65	787.65	760.98	1,182.05
Trade Payables	21	-	-	1,227.83	795.17
Other Financial Liabilities	18	0.28	0.23	264.93	231.09
Measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Other Financial Liabilities	18	-	-	-	4.85
Total Financial Liabilities		1,067.93	787.88	2,253.74	2,213.16

41: Fair Value Measurements of Financial Instruments

The following table provides fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's financial assets and liabilities:

Financial assets/financial liabilities	Fair value hierarchy as at 31 st March 2026			Fair value hierarchy as at 31 st March 2025		
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss						
Unquoted Alternate Investment funds	-	93.39	-	-	119.19	-
Forward Contracts	-	5.95	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Quoted Equity Shares	10.65	-	-	12.03	-	-
Unquoted Equity Shares	-	-	481.61	-	-	8.38
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss						
Forward Contracts	-	-	-	-	4.85	-

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair value since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

42: Financial Risk Management - Objectives and Policies

The company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade payables, other financial liabilities and financial guarantee contracts. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's financial assets include investments, trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans and other financial assets.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company has a Risk management policy and its management is supported by a Risk management committee that advises on risks and the appropriate risk governance framework for the Company. The Risk management committee provides assurance to the Company's management that the Company's risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

(i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: currency risk and other price risk, such as commodity price risk and equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include FVTOCI investments, FVTPL investments, trade payables, trade receivables, etc.

(a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a foreign currency exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities. The Company monitors the foreign exchange fluctuations on continuous basis and advises the management of any material adverse effect on the Company and for taking risk mitigation measures. The Company enters into forward exchange contracts against its foreign currency exposure relating to underlying liabilities and firm commitments. The Company does not enter into any derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD and Euro exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to likely changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026				31 st March 2025			
	USD	INR	EURO	INR	USD	INR	EURO	INR
Foreign Currency Receivable/ (Payable) (Net)	9.17	855.15	3.89	419.96	2.39	198.74	6.49	598.87
Depreciation in Indian Rupees		5%		5%		5%		5%
Effect on Profit before Tax		42.76		21.00		9.94		29.94
Appreciation in Indian Rupees		5%		5%		5%		5%
Effect on Profit before Tax		(42.76)		(21.00)		(9.94)		(29.94)

Total hedged foreign currency payable - USD 2.66 million equivalent to Rs. 250.52 million (Previous year - USD 7.44 million equivalent to Rs. 635.81 million).

(b) Commodity price risks

The company is affected by the price volatility of methanol, one of its major raw material. Its operating activities require a continuous supply of methanol. The Company monitors price and demand/supply situation on continuous basis and advises the management of any material adverse effect on the Company and for taking risk mitigation measures.

Commodity price sensitivity

The following table shows the effect of price changes in Methanol on Profit before Tax, with all other variable held constant:

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
Consumption of Methanol	4,232.19		3,449.32	
Price change	+5%	-5%	+5%	-5%
Effect on Profit before Tax	(211.61)	211.61	(172.47)	172.47

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(c) Equity price risks

The Company's listed and unlisted equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Company manages the equity price risk through diversification and by placing limits on individual and total equity instruments/mutual funds. Reports on the investment portfolio are submitted to the Company's management on a regular basis.

Equity price sensitivity

The following table shows the effect of price changes in quoted & unquoted equity shares and unquoted alternative investment funds.

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
Investment	585.65		139.60	
Price change	+5%	-5%	+5%	-5%
Effect on Profit before Tax	29.28	(29.28)	6.98	(6.98)

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables).

Trade receivables

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for all the customers. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. The calculation is based on credit losses historical data. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of trade receivables disclosed as the Company does not hold collateral as security. The Company has evaluated the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries.

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value.

The Company has an established liquidity risk management framework for managing its short term, medium term and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial asset and liabilities. The Company manages the liquidity risk by maintaining adequate funds in cash and cash equivalents. The Company also has adequate credit facilities agreed with banks to ensure that there is sufficient cash to meet all its normal operating commitments in a timely and cost-effective manner.

The table below analyse the financial liabilities of the Company into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amount disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flow.

	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Carrying Value
As at 31st March, 2026					
Borrowings (refer note 17)	760.98	959.70	112.03	1,832.71	1,828.63
Trade payable (refer note 21)	1,227.83	-	-	1,227.83	1,227.83
Other financial liabilities (refer note 18)	264.93	0.28	-	265.21	265.21
As at 31st March, 2025					
Borrowings (refer note 17)	1,182.05	602.10	190.47	1,974.62	1,969.70
Trade payable (refer note 21)	795.17	-	-	795.17	795.17
Other financial liabilities (refer note 18)	235.94	0.23	-	236.17	236.17

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

43: Capital Management

The Company being in a capital intensive industry, its objective is to maintain a strong credit rating, healthy capital ratios and establish a capital structure that would maximise the return to stakeholders through optimum mix of debt and equity.

The Company's capital requirement is mainly to fund its capacity expansion, repayment of principal and interest on its borrowings and strategic acquisitions. The principal source of funding of the Company has been, and is expected to continue to be, cash generated from its operations supplemented by funding from bank borrowings and the capital markets. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company regularly considers other financing and refinancing opportunities to diversify its debt profile, reduce interest cost and elongate the maturity of its debt portfolio, and closely monitors its judicious allocation amongst competing capital expansion projects and strategic acquisitions, to capture market opportunities at minimum risk.

The Company monitors its capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt, divided to total equity. Net debt includes, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Long Term Borrowings	1,284.04	1,119.12
Short Term Borrowings	544.59	850.58
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	(61.21)	(17.14)
Net Debt	1,767.42	1,952.56
Total Equity	6,381.54	6,012.20
Gearing Ratio	0.28	0.32

44: Related Party Disclosures:

(i) List of related parties and relatives with whom transactions have taken place:

Name of the Related Parties	Relationship
1. Vardhan Limited	Holding Company
2. Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc, Ethiopia	Subsidiary Companies
3. APAG Holding AG, Switzerland (ceased on 31.07.2025)	
4. APAG Elektronik AG, Switzerland (ceased on 31.07.2025)	
5. APAG Elektronik s.r.o., Czech Republic (ceased on 31.07.2025)	
6. CoSyst Control Systems GmbH, Germany (ceased on 31.07.2025)	
7. APAG Elektronik LLC, USA (ceased on 31.07.2025)	
8. APAG Elektronik Corp., Canada (ceased on 31.07.2025)	
9. APAG Elektronik Private Ltd, India (ceased on 31.07.2025)	
10. ADAPT Control Systems Inc., Canada (ceased on 31.07.2025)	
11. ADAPT Control Systems GmbH, Germany (ceased on 31.07.2025)	
12. Mr. R. V. Kanoria - Chairman & Managing Director	Key Management Personnel (KMP)
13. Mr. S. V. Kanoria - Whole Time Director	
14. Mr. Amitav Kothari - Director (Retired w.e.f. 03.09.2024)	
15. Mr. H.K. Khaitan - Director	
16. Mr. Sidharth K. Birla - Director	
17. Mr. A. Vellayan - Director (Retired w.e.f. 03.09.2024)	
18. Mrs. M. Kanoria - Director	
19. Mrs. Suhana Murshed - Director	
20. Mrs. Meeta Makhan - Director (Appointed w.e.f. 04.09.2024)	
21. Mr. Sumanta Chaudhuri - Director (Appointed w.e.f. 04.09.2024)	
22. Mr. A. V. Kanoria	Close Family Members of KMP
23. KPL International Limited	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence
24. R V Investment & Dealers Limited	
25. Fytomax Nutrition Pvt Ltd	
26. Cosyst Holding AG	
27. Kanoria Employees' Provident Fund Trust	Post Employment Benefit Plan entity

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(ii) Transaction with related parties:

(Rs. in million)

Nature of Transaction	2025-2026				2024-2025			
	Holding/ Subsidiary Companies	KMP/Close Family Members of KMP	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence	Post Employment Benefit plan entity	Holding/ Subsidiary Companies	KMP/Close Family Members of KMP	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence	Post Employment Benefit plan entity
Director sitting Fees								
Mr. Amitav Kothari	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-
Mr. H.K. Khaitan	-	0.26	-	-	-	0.31	-	-
Mr. Sidharth K Birla	-	0.38	-	-	-	0.28	-	-
Mr. A. Vellayan	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-
Mrs. M. Kanoria	-	0.26	-	-	-	0.21	-	-
Mrs. Suhana Murshed	-	0.22	-	-	-	0.25	-	-
Mrs. Meeta Makhan	-	0.39	-	-	-	0.18	-	-
Mr. Sumanta Chaudhuri	-	0.31	-	-	-	0.07	-	-
Borrowings								
Vardhan Limited	25.00	-	-	-	85.00	-	-	-
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	-	-	250.00	-	-	-	125.00	-
Repayment of Borrowings								
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	125.00	-
Interest Expenses for the year								
Vardhan Limited	21.27	-	-	-	17.79	-	-	-
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	-	-	14.54	-	-	-	6.06	-
Loans & Advances Given								
Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC	182.20	-	-	-	284.95	-	-	-
APAG Elektronik Private Ltd	-	-	-	-	0.10	-	-	-
Receipt towards Loans & Advances Repayment								
APAG Elektronik Private Ltd	0.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest & Fee Income for the year								
Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC	75.12	-	-	-	55.54	-	-	-
APAG Holding AG	7.86	-	-	-	21.15	-	-	-
Remuneration								
Mr. R. V. Kanoria	-	33.20	-	-	-	31.50	-	-
Mr. S. V. Kanoria	-	21.88	-	-	-	19.51	-	-

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in million)

Nature of Transaction	2025-2026				2024-2025			
	Holding/ Subsidiary Companies	KMP/Close Family Members of KMP	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence	Post Employment Benefit plan entity	Holding/ Subsidiary Companies	KMP/Close Family Members of KMP	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence	Post Employment Benefit plan entity
Commission Paid KPL International Limited	-	-	3.51	-	-	-	3.85	-
Rent Income KPL International Limited	-	-	1.20	-	-	-	1.20	-
Fytomax Nutrition Pvt Ltd	-	-	0.51	-	-	-	0.50	-
Purchase of Raw Material/Stores KPL International Limited	-	-	152.63	-	-	-	-	-
Advance Received against Property KPL International Limited	-	-	110.00	-	-	-	-	-
Advance Repayment KPL International Limited	-	-	110.00	-	-	-	-	-
Received against Utility Services Fytomax Nutrition Pvt Ltd	-	-	0.24	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution during the year (includes Employees' share and contribution) Kanoria Employees' Provident Fund Trust	-	-	-	8.87	-	-	-	7.98
Balances as at 31st March								
Borrowings								
Vardhan Limited	235.00	-	-	-	210.00	-	-	-
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	-	-	250.00	-	-	-	-	-
Investments								
Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC	1,241.63	-	-	-	1,241.63	-	-	-
APAG Holding AG	-	-	-	-	247.32	-	-	-
Loans & Advances								
Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC	1,512.35	-	-	-	1,145.47	-	-	-
APAG Holding AG	-	-	-	-	611.29	-	-	-
APAG Elektronik Private Ltd	-	-	-	-	0.10	-	-	-
Interest and fees Receivable								
Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC	138.78	-	-	-	113.42	-	-	-
APAG Holding AG	-	-	-	-	63.67	-	-	-
Remuneration Payable								
Mr. R. V. Kanoria	-	0.16	-	-	-	0.16	-	-
Mr. S. V. Kanoria	-	0.14	-	-	-	0.14	-	-
Payable/Receivable								
KPL International Limited	-	-	0.29	-	-	-	0.60	-
Rent Receivable								
Fytomax Nutrition Pvt Ltd	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	0.04	-

Corporate Guarantee given to Export-Import Bank of India for securing loan of Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC refer Note No. 33.
ALL transactions with these related parties are priced on an arm's length basis.

The remuneration of Key Management Personnel (KMP) during the year was as follows:

Particulars	2025-2026	2024-2025
Short-term benefits	55.08	51.01
Post-employment benefits [#]	-	-
Total	55.08	51.01

[#] As the liabilities for gratuity and compensated absences are provided on actuarial basis for the Company as a whole, the amounts pertaining to KMP are not included.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

45: Analytical Ratios

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	2025-26	2024-25	% Variation
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.05	0.93	12%
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.29	0.33	-13%
Debt Services Coverage Ratio	Earning available for Debt Service	Debt Service	1.94	1.55	25%
Return on Equity Ratio	Net profit*	Average Shareholder's Equity	7.27	1.13	544%
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Total Sales	Average Inventory	12.57	11.55	9%
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Total Sales	Average Trade Receivable	7.08	7.24	-2%
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Total Purchases	Average Trade Payable	6.79	6.37	6%
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Total Sales	Working Capital	68.38	(42.93)	259%
Net Profit Ratio	Net profit*	Total Income	4.99%	1.01%	394%
Return on Capital Employed	Earning before Interest & Tax*	Equity + Debt + Deferred Tax	6.79%	4.22%	61%
Return on Investments	Income from Investments	Average Investment	4.92%	-6.60%	174%

Note: Financial numbers of discontinued operations have been included for calculation of ratios.

* excludes exceptional items.

Reasons for Variance in excess of 25%

- Return on Equity Ratio, Net Profit Ratio and Return on Capital Employed increased due to better profitability.
- Net Capital Turnover Ratio increased due to higher sales.
- Return on Investments increased due to profit on investments as compare to loss in previous year.

46: The Company does not have any transactions with companies which are struck off except the following:

Name of the struck off company	Nature of transaction	2025-26 (Amount in Rs.)	2024-25 (Amount in Rs.)	Relationship with the struck off company
Nilgiri Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	Shares held by struck off company	-	3,390.00	Shareholder

Shares held by struck off company has been transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund on 9th November, 2024.

47: The Company has filed quarterly statements with the banks against the sanctioned working capital facilities and a reconciliations of the same between books of accounts and statements submitted is as under:

Name of the Bank	Quarter Ended	Particulars of security provided	Amount as per Books of Accounts (Rs. in million)	Amount as per Quarterly Statements (Rs. in million)	Differences (Rs. in million)	Reasons for material differences
Axis Bank, HDFC Bank and Yes Bank	June, 2025	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	919.60	1,022.76	103.16	Primarily inclusion of certain liabilities not forming part of creditors for goods and debtors more than 90 days.
	September, 2025	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	917.02	1,073.70	156.68	
	December, 2025	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	1,140.39	1,309.80	169.41	
	March, 2026	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	847.56	954.70	107.14	
Name of the Bank	Quarter Ended	Particulars of security provided	Amount as per Books of Accounts (Rs. in million)	Amount as per Quarterly Statements (Rs. in million)	Differences (Rs. in million)	Reasons for material differences
Axis Bank, HDFC Bank and Yes Bank	June, 2024	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	872.65	968.86	96.21	Primarily inclusion of certain liabilities not forming part of creditors for goods and debtors more than 90 days.
	September, 2024	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	770.03	890.61	120.58	
	December, 2024	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	897.81	999.87	102.06	
	March, 2025	Inventories and Debtors less Creditors	858.54	966.39	107.85	

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

48. None of the Loans or Advances in the nature of loans as at 31st March, 2026 and as at 31st March, 2025 are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013,) either severally or jointly with any other person, that are: (a) repayable on demand or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
49. The company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.
50. No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made there under.
51. As per index of charges, charges on fully paid loan amounts aggregating to Rs 398.50 million are unsatisfied. The Company is in the process of filing necessary documents for satisfaction of charges with the Registrar of Companies.
52. The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
53. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
54. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
55. The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year ended 31st March, 2026 and 31st March, 2025 in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
56. The Company has not revalued its property plant and equipment and intangible assets during the current and previous year.
57. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
58. The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

Signature to Note 1 to 58

As per our report of even date annexed

For SINGHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

RAHUL BOTHRA
Partner
Membership No. 067330

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
Director
(DIN: 00004213)
Place: New Delhi

N. K. NOLKHA
Group Chief Financial Officer
Place: New Delhi

R. V. KANORIA
Managing Director
(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

KANORIA CHEMICALS & INDUSTRIES LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of M/S. KANORIA CHEMICALS & INDUSTRIES LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as “the Parent Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as ‘the Group’) (Refer note 39 to the consolidated financial statements) comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as “the Consolidated Financial Statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2026 and their consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, their consolidated statement of changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in other matter paragraph below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON

The Parent Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Parent Company's Board of Directors is responsible for preparation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

in equity consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the relevant rules issued there under. The respective Board of Directors / Management of the companies included in the Group is responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Parent Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Parent Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- c. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- f. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Parent Company included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure of about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interests of such communication.

OTHER MATTERS

We did not audit the standalone financial statements of Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC, the foreign subsidiary of Parent Company whose financial statements and other financial information reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustment) of Rs 3,552.64 million as at March 31, 2026, and total revenues (before consolidation adjustment) of Rs. 1,060.83 million, total net loss after tax (before consolidation adjustment) of Rs. 126.69 million, total comprehensive income (before consolidation adjustment) of Rs. (126.69) million for the year ended on that date and net cash inflows (before consolidation adjustment) of Rs. 19.09 million for the year ended March 31, 2026, as considered in the financial statements which have been audited by their independent auditor.

We did not audit the consolidated interim financial statements of APAG Holding AG, the erstwhile foreign subsidiary of Parent Company whose interim financial statements reflect total assets of Rs Nil as at March 31, 2026, and total revenues (before consolidation adjustment) of Rs. 3,439.75 million, total net loss after tax (before consolidation adjustment) of Rs. 168.45 million, total comprehensive income (before consolidation adjustment) of Rs. (149.12) million for the year ended on that date and net cash outflow (before consolidation adjustment) of Rs. 17.63 million for the year ended March 31, 2026, as considered under discontinued operations in the financial statements which have been audited by their independent auditor.

The independent auditor's report on the financial statements / interim financial statements of these entities have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the financial statements in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of such auditors and the procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph below.

The subsidiary / erstwhile subsidiary are located outside India whose financial statements / interim financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Parent Company's management has converted the financial statements / interim financial statements of such subsidiary / erstwhile subsidiary located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Parent Company's management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of such subsidiaries located outside India is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Parent Company and audited by us.

Our report on the consolidated financial statement is not modified in respect of the above matter.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

financial information of the subsidiary companies, incorporated in India, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order.

2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors; except for the matters stated in the paragraph 2(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
- c. The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Parent Company as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Parent Company, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph (b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 2(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
- g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure 'B'.
- h. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Parent Company, the Parent Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- i. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and also the other financial information of the subsidiaries, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:
 - i. The Group has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its consolidated financial statements – Refer Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Parent Company except for Rs 1.92 million which is held in abeyance due to pending legal cases.
 - iv. (a) The respective management of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, respectively to the extent applicable that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to accounts, during the year no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Parent Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or behalf of the Parent Company or any of such subsidiaries (Ultimate beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries (Refer Note 51 to the consolidated financial statements).

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(b) The respective management of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, respectively to the extent applicable that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, during the year no funds have been received by the Parent Company or any of such subsidiaries from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 52 to the consolidated financial statements).

(c) Based on the audit procedures, that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, performed by us and those performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act to the extent applicable, nothing has come to our or other auditors' notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under paragraph (2) (i) (iv) (a) & (b) above, contain any material mis-statement.

- v. The Parent Company has not declared any dividend in previous financial year which has been paid in current year. Further, no dividend has been declared in current year. Accordingly, the provision of section 123 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Parent Company has used accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year except for the instances mentioned below, for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective software and we did not come across any instances of audit trail feature being tampered with during the course of our audit:
 - a. The feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes for SAP Application till 16th May 2025 and throughout the year for Payroll management softwares used for maintaining the books of account

Additionally the audit trail, to the extent enabled has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

Place: Kolkata
Dated: May 25, 2026

For Singhi & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

(Rahul Bothra)
Partner
Membership No. 067330
UDIN: 26067330JCQP08396

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited of even date)

(xxi) In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Parent Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that there are no qualification or adverse remarks in the CARO report of the Parent Company.

Place: Kolkata
Dated: May 25, 2026

For Singhi & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

(Rahul Bothra)
Partner
Membership No. 067330
UDIN: 26067330JCQP08396

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement of **M/S. KANORIA CHEMICALS & INDUSTRIES LIMITED** ("the Parent Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The Board of Directors of the Parent Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the covered entities considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to covered entities' policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement of the Parent Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Parent Company's internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement.

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

A Company's internal financial control with reference to the consolidated financial statement is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to the consolidated financial statement includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to the consolidated financial statement may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

OPINION

In our opinion, the Parent Company has in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement and such internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statement were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Parent Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

OTHER MATTER

The subsidiaries of the Parent Company are either incorporated outside India or provisions of section 143(3) are not applicable to them.

Place: Kolkata
Dated: May 25, 2026

For Singhi & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

(Rahul Bothra)
Partner
Membership No. 067330
UDIN: 26067330JCQP08396

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 st March 2026	As at 31 st March 2025
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	5A	7,268.50	8,549.63
(b) Capital Work-in-Progress	5C	323.97	437.22
(c) Goodwill on Consolidation	5B	-	59.45
(d) Other Intangible Assets	5B	0.86	36.63
(e) Intangible Assets Under Development	5D	-	20.29
(f) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	6A	585.65	118.97
(ii) Loans	7	3.10	2.82
(iii) Others	8	27.86	36.44
(g) Other Non-Current Assets	9	104.79	56.33
Total Non-Current Assets		8,314.73	9,317.78
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	10	1,061.19	2,461.36
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	6B	-	20.63
(ii) Trade Receivables	11	1,335.26	2,377.66
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	12A	104.61	80.91
(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above	12B	41.61	8.10
(v) Loans	7	4.98	3.76
(vi) Others	8	34.01	30.97
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)	13	63.26	96.79
(d) Other Current Assets	9	146.33	520.50
(e) Assets held for Sale	14	64.37	64.37
Total Current Assets		2,855.62	5,665.05
Total Assets		11,170.35	14,982.83
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	15	218.49	218.49
Other Equity	16	5,510.66	4,989.73
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		5,729.15	5,208.22
Non-Controlling Interest		-	(104.59)
Total Equity		5,729.15	5,103.63
LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	1,830.14	3,436.23
(iia) Lease Liability	18	8.22	9.06
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	19	0.28	33.00
(b) Provisions	20	70.63	100.52
(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	21	444.46	585.63
Total Non-Current Liabilities		2,353.73	4,164.44
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	1,073.49	2,504.96
(iia) Lease Liability	18	1.01	1.10
(ii) Trade Payables	22		
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises		52.41	30.20
Total outstanding dues of Others		1,307.54	2,250.21
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	19	290.97	436.91
(b) Other Current Liabilities	23	282.69	422.72
(c) Provisions	20	79.36	68.66
Total Current Liabilities		3,087.47	5,714.76
Total Liabilities		5,441.20	9,879.20
Total Equity and Liabilities		11,170.35	14,982.83
Material Accounting Policies	3		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date annexed

For SINGHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049ERAHUL BOTHRA
Partner
Membership No. 067330
Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
Director
(DIN: 00004213)
Place: New DelhiR. V. KANORIA
Managing Director
(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New DelhiN. K. NOLKHA
Group Chief Financial Officer
Place: New DelhiPRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

For the year ended 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 st March 2026	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
INCOME			
Revenue from Operations	24	9,814.27	7,543.14
Other Income	25	224.52	167.27
Total Income		10,038.79	7,710.41
EXPENSES			
Cost of Materials Consumed		6,035.21	5,057.67
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade		1,013.16	189.30
Change in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress	26	23.87	113.18
Employee Benefit Expenses	27	584.19	598.27
Other Expenses	28	1,444.46	1,258.38
Total Expenses		9,100.89	7,216.80
Profit before Finance Costs, Depreciation & Amortisation, Exceptional Items and Tax		937.90	493.61
Finance Costs	29	319.75	310.60
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	5A, 5B	351.70	319.12
Profit before Exceptional Items and Tax		266.45	(136.11)
Exceptional Items	30	-	294.44
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations before Tax		266.45	(430.55)
Tax Expenses:			
Current Tax		73.19	43.59
Deferred Tax		(141.57)	70.74
Tax for earlier years		10.98	-
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations after Tax		323.85	(544.88)
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations before Tax	31	(168.35)	(544.74)
Gain related to sale of discontinued operations		-	27.82
Gain on Loss of Control of discontinued operations		976.55	-
Tax expenses of discontinued operations		0.10	19.67
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations after Tax		808.10	(536.59)
Profit/(Loss) for the Year		1,131.95	(1,081.47)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (OCI)			
Continuing Operations			
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	32A	27.85	(1.96)
(ii) Income-tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit & Loss		(2.63)	1.24
B Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss	32B	244.92	58.11
		270.14	57.39
Discontinued Operations			
Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss	32	40.49	23.38
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (net of tax)		310.63	80.77
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		1,442.58	(1,000.70)
Profit/(Loss) attributable to			
Owners of the Company		1,207.75	(835.97)
Non-Controlling Interest		(75.80)	(245.50)
Other Comprehensive Income attributable to			
Owners of the Company		301.94	87.60
Non-Controlling Interest		8.69	(6.83)
Total Comprehensive Income attributable to			
Owners of the Company		1,509.69	(748.37)
Non-Controlling Interest		(67.11)	(252.33)
Earning per Share - Basic & Diluted:	33		
for Continuing Operations (INR)		7.41	(12.47)
for Discontinued Operations (INR)		20.23	(6.66)
for Continuing & Discontinued Operations (INR)		27.64	(19.13)
Material Accounting Policies	3		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date annexed

For SINGHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

RAHUL BOTHRA
Partner
Membership No. 067330

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
Director
(DIN: 00004213)
Place: New Delhi

R. V. KANORIA
Managing Director
(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New Delhi

N. K. NOLKHA
Group Chief Financial Officer
Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

(A) Equity Share Capital						
	Year ended 31 st March 2026			Year ended 31 st March 2025		
	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting period	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting period
Equity Share Capital	218.47	-	218.47	218.47	-	218.47
Add: Forfeited Shares (amount paid up)	0.02	-	0.02	0.02	-	0.02
Total	218.49	-	218.49	218.49	-	218.49

(B) Other Equity										
	Attributable to the equity holders of the parent									
	Reserves and Surplus				Items of Other Comprehensive Income			Total	Non Controlling Interest	Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Capital Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Defined Benefit Plan	Equity Instruments	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve			
As at 31st March 2024	34.17	885.96	72.69	4,593.04	-	7.38	201.01	5,794.25	163.30	5,957.55
Profit/(Loss) for the year				(835.97)				(835.97)	(245.50)	(1,081.47)
Other Comprehensive Income					(2.25)	1.53	88.32	87.60	(6.83)	80.77
Transfer to Retained Earnings				(2.25)	2.25			-		-
Total Comprehensive Income				3,754.82	-	8.91	289.33			
Foreign Currency translation adjustment		(0.25)		(55.90)			-	(56.15)	(15.56)	(71.71)
As at 31st March 2025	34.17	885.71	72.69	3,698.92		8.91	289.33	4,989.73	(104.59)	4,885.14
Profit/(Loss) for the year				1,207.75				1,207.75	(75.80)	1,131.95
Other Comprehensive Income					(0.10)	25.32	276.72	301.94	8.69	310.63
Transfer to Retained Earnings				(0.10)	0.10			-		-
Total Comprehensive Income				4,906.57	-	34.23	566.05			
Foreign Currency translation adjustment		62.34		(264.55)			-	(202.21)	(6.11)	(208.32)
Adjustment on account of Loss of Control		(786.55)		68.50			(68.50)	(786.55)	177.81	(608.74)
As at 31st March 2026	34.17	161.50	72.69	4,710.52		34.23	497.55	5,510.66	-	5,510.66

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date annexed

For and on behalf of the Board

For SINGHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

RAHUL BOTHRA
Partner
Membership No. 067330

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
Director
(DIN: 00004213)
Place: New Delhi

N. K. NOLKHA
Group Chief Financial Officer
Place: New Delhi

R. V. KANORIA
Managing Director
(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

For the year ended 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

	For the year ended 31 st March 2026	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit/(Loss) before Tax		
From continuing operations	266.45	(430.55)
Adjustments for:		
Unrealised Debts & Claims Written Off	1.79	0.85
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts & Advances (Net)	1.76	2.25
Finance Costs	319.75	310.60
Depreciation & Amortization	351.70	319.13
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	(0.08)	(37.30)
(Gain)/Loss on Sale of Investments as FVTPL/FVTOCI (Net)	21.11	2.93
Interest Income	(13.31)	(24.53)
Fair Value (Gain)/Loss on Financial Instruments as FVTPL (Net)	(18.15)	10.70
Fair value (Gain)/Loss on Forward Contract	(10.80)	4.82
Dividend Income	(0.33)	(2.42)
Liabilities Written Back	(16.35)	(0.26)
Unrealised Foreign Exchange (Gain)/Loss (Net)	(286.07)	(87.77)
Exceptional Items	-	294.44
Operating Profit before Working Capital changes	617.47	362.89
Adjustments for:		
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade and other Receivables (Net)	(278.46)	(262.98)
(Increase)/ Decrease in Inventories	(133.82)	146.21
Increase/ (Decrease) in Trade and other Payables (Net)	547.43	(63.79)
Cash generated from Operations	752.62	182.33
Income Tax (Paid)/Refund (net)	(38.53)	(11.98)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Operating Activities	714.09	170.35
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets (including CWIP & Capital Advances)	(589.06)	(535.33)
Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	72.65	199.41
Proceeds from Refund of Loan	407.53	-
Purchase of Investments	(37.31)	(0.02)
Sale of Investments	22.84	6.41
Advance against sale of Investment	-	87.13
Bank Deposits (held as security)(Net)	(34.06)	11.23
Interest Received	81.81	3.28
Dividend Received	0.33	2.42
Gain from sale of discontinued operations	-	27.82
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Investing Activities	(75.27)	(197.65)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

For the year ended 31st March 2026

(Rs. in million)

	For the year ended 31 st March 2026	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Long-term Borrowings	275.00	497.34
Repayment of Long-term Borrowings	(304.12)	(382.10)
Proceeds/(Payments) of Short-term Borrowings (Net)	(221.01)	145.64
Finance Costs Paid	(325.53)	(312.63)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Financing Activities	(575.66)	(51.75)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents from continuing operations	63.16	(79.05)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year from continuing operations	41.45	120.50
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year from continuing operations	104.61	41.45
D. CASH FLOW FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	39.46	(8.28)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Operating Activities	(51.46)	(37.89)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Investing Activities	(295.01)	(395.39)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Financing Activities	328.84	481.02
Net increase in cash and cash equivalent from discontinued operations	(17.63)	47.74
Derecognised of Cash & Cash Equivalents on account of Loss of Control	(21.83)	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year from discontinued operations	-	39.46
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Note 12A)	104.61	80.91

Note: a. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) - Statement of Cash Flow.

b. Reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the Balance Sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities.

	For the year ended 31 st March 2026			For the year ended 31 st March 2025		
	Long term Borrowings	Short term Borrowings	Interest Accrued but not due	Long term Borrowings	Short term Borrowings	Interest Accrued but not due
Opening Balance	4,066.88	1,874.31	19.95	3,430.01	1,637.21	21.12
Cash flow Changes	154.26	(25.84)	(375.24)	651.22	237.10	(459.03)
Non Cash flow changes						
Finance Costs	-	-	376.03	-	-	479.37
Derecognition on Account of Loss of Control	(1,899.70)	(1,219.67)	(9.96)			
Others	37.60	(84.21)	(0.84)	(14.35)		(21.51)
Closing Balance	2,359.04	544.59	9.94	4,066.88	1,874.31	19.95

As per our report of even date annexed

For and on behalf of the Board

For SINGHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

RAHUL BOTHRA
Partner
Membership No. 067330

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
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(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1: Corporate Information

Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited (the Company or Parent Company) having its registered office at 'KCI Plaza', 23C Ashutosh Chowdhury Avenue, Kolkata – 700 019, India is a Public Limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India. The Equity Shares of the Company are listed on National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. and BSE Ltd. The Consolidated Financial Statements (CFS) comprise financial statements of Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Ltd. and its subsidiaries (collectively the Group) as at and for the year ended 31st March 2026. The Group is primarily engaged in manufacture of Industrial Chemicals and Textiles. APAG Holding AG which was engaged in manufacture of Electronic Automotive ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company w.e.f. 31st July, 2025 on issuance of fresh equity shares by it.

2: Basis of Preparation

A. Statement of Compliance

In accordance with the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the consolidated Financial Statement.

These Consolidated financial Statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 25th May 2026.

B. Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

- I. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are combined on a line by line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, incomes, expenses and cash flows, after fully eliminating intra-group balances and intra-group transactions.
- II. Profits or losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and property, plant & equipment, are eliminated in full.
- III. In case of foreign subsidiaries, revenue items are consolidated at the average monthly rate prevailing during the year. All assets and liabilities are converted at rates prevailing at the end of the year. Any exchange difference arising on consolidation is recognised in the Foreign Currency Translation Reserve.
- IV. Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary.
- V. Non Controlling Interest's share of profit/loss of consolidated subsidiaries for the year is identified and adjusted against the income of the group in order to arrive at the net income attributable to shareholders of the Company.
- VI. Non Controlling Interest's share of net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet separate from liabilities and the equity of the Company's shareholders.
- VII. **Loss of Control:** When the Group loses control over subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related Non Controlling interest and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in Profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

C. Functional and presentation currency

These Consolidated financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Parent Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest two decimals of millions, unless otherwise indicated.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

D. Historical cost convention

The Consolidated financial Statements have been prepared and presented on the going concern basis using accrual basis of accounting on a historical cost basis, except for the following which are measured at fair value:

- I. Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities
- II. Defined Benefit Plans

E. Fair value measurement

A number of Group's accounting policies and disclosures require fair value measurement for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Consolidated financial Statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement, as under:

- I. Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- II. Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- III. Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the Consolidated financial Statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement, at the end of each reporting period.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Group's accounting policies.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

F. Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset or liability is treated as current if it satisfies any of the following condition:

- I. the asset/liability is expected to be realised/settled in normal operating cycle;
- II. the asset is intended for sale or consumption;
- III. the asset/liability is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- IV. the asset/liability is expected to be realised/settled within twelve months after the reporting period;
- V. the asset is Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period;
- VI. in the case of a liability, the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets or liabilities are classified as non-current assets or liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

G. Use of estimates and judgements

In preparing these Consolidated financial Statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the accompanying disclosures including contingent liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Difference between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period prospectively in which the results are known/materialised.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Detailed information about estimates and judgements is included in Note 4.

3: Material Accounting Policy

A. Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of each Company in the Group, at the exchange rates on the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Exchange difference arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss on net basis.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates on the date of the initial transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates on the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss are also recognised in OCI or Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively.

B. Property, Plant & Equipment

I. Recognition & Measurement

All items of property, plant and equipment (PPE) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost of an item of PPE includes its purchase cost, non refundable taxes and duties, directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and borrowing cost if the recognition criteria is met.

In case of self-constructed assets, cost includes the costs of all materials used in construction, direct labour, allocation of directly attributable overheads, directly attributable borrowing costs incurred in bringing the item to working condition for its intended use. The costs of testing whether the asset is functioning properly, after deducting the net proceeds from selling items produced while bringing the asset to that location and condition, are also added to the cost of self-constructed assets. The Company considers a Project to be 'unit of measure' for construction of a manufacturing plant rather than individual assets comprising the project in appropriate cases for the purpose of capitalisation of expenditure incurred during construction period.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate component of property, plant and equipment.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment allowance (if any) which includes expenses incurred during construction period, interest on amount borrowed for acquisition of qualifying assets and other expenses incurred in connection with project implementation in so far as such expenses relate to the period prior to the commencement of commercial production.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

II. Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation on all items of PPE is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual value, over their estimated useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act except for sum items of PPE where useful life is considered based on technical assessment.

Depreciation on an item of PPE purchased/sold during the year is provided on pro-rata basis.

C. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired are initially measured at cost. Such intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Internally generated development expenditure is capitalised as part of the cost of the resulting intangible assets only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. Otherwise it is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Goodwill is not amortised and is tested for impairment annually.

The Group amortises intangible assets with a finite useful life using the straight line method over the following periods:

Computer Softwares	3 years
Product Development	5 years

D. Leases

The Group evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of lease requires significant judgement. The company uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

The Group determines the lease term as non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both the periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the company is certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

Leasehold land having perpetual rights are included in Property, plant and equipment.

E. Assets Held for Sale

Non-current assets or disposal groups comprising of assets and liabilities are classified as 'held for sale' when all the following criteria are met: (i) decision has been made to sell, (ii) the assets are available for immediate sale in its present condition, (iii) the assets are being actively marketed and (iv) sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within 12 months of the Balance Sheet date.

Subsequently, such non-current assets and disposal groups classified as 'held for sale' are measured at the lower of its carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. Non-current assets held for sale are not depreciated or amortised.

F. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

I. Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement:

The Group recognizes a financial asset in its Balance Sheet when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

assets are recognized initially at fair value, plus in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Where the fair value of a financial asset at initial recognition is different from its transaction price, the difference between the fair value and the transaction price is recognized as a gain or loss in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss at initial recognition if the fair value is determined through a quoted market price in an active market for an identical asset (i.e. level 1 input) or through a valuation technique that uses data from observable markets (i.e. level 2 input).

In case the fair value is not determined using a level 1 or level 2 input as mentioned above, the difference between the fair value and transaction price is deferred appropriately and recognized as a gain or loss in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss only to the extent that such gain or loss arises due to a change in factor that market participants take into account when pricing the financial asset.

However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Subsequent measurement:

For subsequent measurement, the Group classifies a financial asset in accordance with the below criteria:

- a. The Group's business model for managing the financial asset and
- b. The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Based on the above criteria, the Group classifies its financial assets into the following categories:

- i. Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- ii. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- iii. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

i. Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

A financial asset is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The Group's business model objective for managing the financial asset is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and
- b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to cash and bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets of the Group. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The amortized cost of a financial asset is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

ii. Financial assets measured at FVTOCI:

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) The Group's business model objective for managing the financial asset is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Group, through an irrevocable election at initial recognition, has measured certain investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI. The Group has made such election on an instrument by instrument basis. These equity instruments are not held for trading. Pursuant to such irrevocable election, subsequent changes in the fair value of such equity instruments are recognized in OCI. However, the Group recognizes dividend income from such instruments in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

On Derecognition of such financial assets, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is not reclassified from the equity to Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Group may transfer such cumulative gain or loss into retained earnings within equity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

iii. Financial assets measured at FVTPL:

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI as explained above. This is a residual category applied to all other investments of the Group excluding investments in subsidiary companies. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition:

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- a) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred or expired.
- b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognised only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

II. Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement:

The Group recognises a financial liability in its Balance Sheet when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liability.

Where the fair value of a financial liability at initial recognition is different from its transaction price, the difference between the fair value and the transaction price is recognised as a gain or loss in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss at initial recognition if the fair value is determined through a quoted market price in an active market for an identical liability (i.e. level 1 input) or through a valuation technique that uses data from observable markets (i.e. level 2 input).

In case the fair value is not determined using a level 1 or level 2 input as mentioned above, the difference between the fair value and transaction price is deferred appropriately and recognised as a gain or loss in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss only to the extent that such gain or loss arises due to a change in factor that market participants take into account when pricing the financial liability.

Subsequent measurement:

All financial liabilities of the Group are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

III. Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments viz. foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps to manage Company's exposure to foreign exchange rate and interest rate risks are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately. The Company does not hold derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

G. Impairment

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation and assets representing investments in subsidiary companies are reviewed for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount may not be recoverable. Such circumstances include,

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

though are not limited to, significant or sustained decline in revenues or earnings and material adverse changes in the economic environment. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount.

H. Inventories

Inventories of raw materials, stores and spare parts, work in progress and finished goods are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value. However, materials and other items held for use in production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished goods in which they will be used are expected to be sold at or above cost. In case of certain products, where cost cannot be ascertained reliably, the same are measured at net realisable value.

Cost of raw materials, stores and spares include its purchase cost and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. Cost of work in progress and finished goods include direct materials, direct labour and appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual item of inventory on FIFO/weighted average method, as appropriate.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

I. Income Tax

Income Tax comprises current and deferred tax and is recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity as the case may be.

I. Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year and any adjustments to the tax payable in respect of previous years. It is measured using applicable tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

II. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes i.e. tax base.

Deferred Tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences, carried forward tax losses and unused tax credits.

Deferred Tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

J. Revenue Recognition

I. Revenue from Contract with Customer:

The Group derives revenue primarily from sale of manufactured and traded goods. Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of goods to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the group is expected to be entitled to in exchange for those goods.

The transaction price of goods sold is net of variable consideration on account of returns, trade allowances, rebates and amounts collected on behalf of third parties. This variable consideration is estimated based on the expected value of outflow. The group recognizes revenue when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be reliably measured.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sale of Products: Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the control on the goods have been transferred to the customer. The performance obligation in case of sale of product is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when material is shipped to the customer or on delivery to the customer, as may be specified in the contract.

Sale of Services: Revenue from sale of services is recognized when the Group has an enforceable right to receive payment for services rendered.

II. Interest Income

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised on accrual basis using effective interest rate method applicable on such debt instrument.

III. Dividend

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive the payment is established.

K. Employee Benefits

I. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and expensed as the relative service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid e.g. towards bonus, if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

II. Defined contribution plan

Provident Fund, a defined contribution plan, is a post employment benefit plan under which the Group pays contributions into a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Group recognises the contributions payable towards the provident fund as an expense in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the periods during which the related services are rendered by employees.

III. Defined benefit plan

A defined benefit plan is a post employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Group has unfunded Gratuity liability towards this which is provided on the basis of actuarial valuation made by an external valuer at the end of each financial year using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest) are immediately recognised in the balance sheet with corresponding debit or credit to Other Equity through OCI. Remeasurements are not classified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Net interest and changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised in profit or loss.

IV. Other long term employee benefits

The liabilities for earned leave are measured and provided on the basis of actuarial valuation made by an external valuer at the end of each financial year using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurement gains or losses are recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

L. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs consists of interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. Income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowings costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Transaction costs in respect of long-term borrowings are amortised over the tenor of respective loans using effective interest method. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

M. Exceptional items

When items of income and expense in the statement of profit and loss from ordinary activities are of such size, nature or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to explain the performance of the Company for the period, the nature and amount of such material items are disclosed separately as exceptional items.

N. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

O. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are measured at present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to liability. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

P. Contingent Liabilities and Assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Consolidated financial Statements. Contingent assets are not recognised in the Consolidated financial Statements.

Q. Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

R. Events after Reporting date

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the Consolidated financial Statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

S. Recent applicable Accounting pronouncements

a. New and amended standards adopted by the Group:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. In May 2025 and August 2025, MCA has notified amendments to various Ind AS which are, applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2025, are given below. The Group has reviewed the amendment and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2025 – The amendment relates to classification of liabilities as current or non-current and non-current liabilities with covenants. In the context of classifying a liability as current, it removes the requirement of existence of a right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date and instead requires that the said right should exist on the reporting date and have substance. The amendment also introduces guidance on classification of liabilities with covenants. The Group has no impact of these amendments in its classification criteria of current and non-current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Ind AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows and Ind AS 107, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2025 – The amendment in Ind AS 7 requires to inform users of financial statements of the existence of supplier finance arrangements and explain the nature of the arrangements, the carrying amount of liabilities and the range of payment due dates. Ind AS 107 has been amended to add supplier finance arrangements as a factor that may cause concentration of liquidity risk. The Group has reviewed the amendment and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 12, International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules applicable immediately – The amendments provide a temporary mandatory relief from deferred tax accounting for top-up tax and disclose that they have applied the relief. This relief is immediate and applies retrospectively. These do not have any impact on the financial statements.

b. New and amended standards issued but not effective.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2026, A new Standard on Accounting, Ind AS 118 (equivalent to IFRS 18) - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements has been introduced which will be applicable from April 1, 2027 and will replace Ind AS 1 once notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Ind AS 118 sets out general and specific requirements for the presentation of financial statements and for disclosures in the notes. Additional clarifications issued in August 2025 relating to liability classification have been considered by the Group. These do not have a material impact on the financial statements.

4: Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

(a) *Defined benefit plans*

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

(b) *Fair value measurement of financial instruments*

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

(c) Depreciation/Amortisation and Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment/Intangible Assets

Property, plant and equipment / intangible assets are depreciated / amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation / amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation / amortisation for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(d) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group reviews its carrying value of investments carried at amortized cost annually, or more frequently when there is indication of impairment. If recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.

(e) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Determination of the recoverable amount involves management estimates on highly uncertain matters, such as commodity prices and their impact on markets and prices for upgraded products, development in demand, inflation, operating expenses and tax and legal systems. The Group uses internal business plans, quoted market prices and the Group's best estimate of commodity prices, currency rates, discount rates and other relevant information. A detailed forecast is developed for a period of three to five years with projections thereafter. The Group does not include a general growth factor to volumes or cash flows for the purpose of impairment tests, however, cash flows are generally increased by expected inflation and market recovery towards previously observed volumes is considered.

(f) Taxes

The Group calculates income tax expense based on reported income. Deferred income tax expense is calculated based on the differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax basis that are considered temporary in nature. Valuation of deferred tax assets is dependent on management's assessment of future recoverability of the deferred benefit. Expected recoverability may result from expected taxable income in the future, planned transactions or planned tax optimizing measures. Economic conditions may change and lead to a different conclusion regarding recoverability.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5A: Property Plant and Equipment

(Rs. in million)

	Gross Carrying Value					Depreciation					Net Carrying Value
	As at 01.04.25	Additions	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Disposal/Reclassification [@]	As at 31.03.26	As at 01.04.25	For the Year #	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Disposal/Reclassification [@]	As at 31.03.26	As at 31.03.26
Land & Site Development :											
Freehold	807.12	-	8.20	87.55	727.77	-	-	-	-	-	727.77
Leasehold (ROU)	1,023.83	3.48	37.23	-	1,064.54	140.57	14.29	5.09	-	159.95	904.59
Buildings	2,794.06	7.23	184.33	922.50	2,063.12	735.07	62.78	45.91	342.40	501.36	1,561.76
Plant & Equipment	8,188.97	680.98	472.82	2,935.92	6,406.85	3,490.15	359.86	238.12	1,711.83	2,376.30	4,030.55
Furniture & Fixtures	97.32	1.81	4.67	31.02	72.78	70.60	5.52	3.94	25.44	54.62	18.16
Vehicles & Fork Lifts	120.25	6.52	8.07	73.67	61.17	84.45	5.54	6.35	52.34	44.00	17.17
Office Equipment	177.28	2.57	12.49	143.19	49.15	138.36	8.20	10.00	115.91	40.65	8.50
Total	13,208.83	702.59	727.81	4,193.85	10,445.38	4,659.20	456.19	309.41	2,247.92	3,176.88	7,268.50

* Leasehold Land of Rs. 54.88 million, Buildings of Rs. 9.42 million and Furniture & Fixtures of Rs. 0.07 million are classified as assets held for sale.

Depreciation for the year includes Rs. 104.96 million for discontinued operations.

@ Disposal/Reclassification includes derecognised on account of Loss of Control of a subsidiary (refer Note No. 31).

	Gross Carrying Value					Depreciation					Net Carrying Value
	As at 01.04.24	Additions	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Disposal/Reclassification	As at 31.03.25	As at 01.04.24	For the Year #	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Disposal/Reclassification	As at 31.03.25	As at 31.03.25
Land & Site Development :											
Freehold	823.41	-	2.81	19.10	807.12	-	-	-	-	-	807.12
Leasehold (ROU)*	1,078.76	-	8.83	63.76	1,023.83	133.65	14.09	1.07	8.24	140.57	883.26
Buildings *	2,715.05	67.97	40.98	29.94	2,794.06	646.31	88.86	6.36	6.46	735.07	2,058.99
Plant & Equipment	7,486.21	998.59	95.74	391.57	8,188.97	3,331.82	467.90	54.00	363.57	3,490.15	4,698.82
Furniture & Fixtures	97.44	0.98	0.72	1.82	97.32	64.16	7.45	0.66	1.67	70.60	26.72
Vehicles & Fork Lifts	127.57	16.39	1.70	25.41	120.25	88.47	12.55	1.34	17.91	84.45	35.80
Office Equipment	175.00	8.34	1.22	7.28	177.28	124.53	19.95	1.05	7.17	138.36	38.92
Total	12,503.44	1,092.27	152.00	538.88	13,208.83	4,388.94	610.80	64.48	405.02	4,659.20	8,549.63

* Leasehold Land of Rs. 54.88 million, Buildings of Rs. 9.42 million and Furniture & Fixtures of Rs. 0.07 million are classified as assets held for sale.

Depreciation for the year includes Rs. 293.19 million for discontinued operations.

Note: The lease term in respect of leasehold land is 99 years. The lease term in respect of land acquired under finance lease is up to 99 years with ability to opt for renewal of the lease term on fulfilment of certain conditions.

5B: Intangible Assets

	Gross Carrying Value					Amortisation					Net Carrying Value
	As at 01.04.25	Additions	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Disposal/Reclassification [@]	As at 31.03.26	As at 01.04.25	For the Year #	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Disposal/Reclassification [@]	As at 31.03.26	As at 31.03.26
Goodwill	59.45	-	5.12	64.57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer Software	190.91	0.47	17.07	185.42	23.03	159.60	6.26	14.22	157.91	22.17	0.86
Product Development	26.59	27.41	2.29	56.29	-	21.27	1.88	1.87	25.02	-	-
Total	276.95	27.88	24.48	306.28	23.03	180.87	8.14	16.09	182.93	22.17	0.86

Amortisation for the year includes Rs. 7.67 million for discontinued operations.

@ Disposal/Reclassification includes derecognised on account of Loss of Control of a subsidiary (refer Note No. 31).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in million)

	Gross Carrying Value					Amortisation					Net Carrying Value
	As at 01.04.24	Additions	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Impairment/ Disposal/ Reclassification	As at 31.03.25	As at 01.04.24	For the Year #	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Disposal/ Reclassification	As at 31.03.25	As at 31.03.25
Goodwill*	352.50	-	1.39	294.44	59.45	-	-	-	-	-	59.45
Computer Software	162.84	23.20	4.87	-	190.91	140.87	14.18	4.55	-	159.60	31.31
Product Development	26.34	-	0.25	-	26.59	15.81	5.23	0.23	-	21.27	5.32
Total	541.68	23.20	6.51	294.44	276.95	156.68	19.41	4.78	-	180.87	96.08

* Refer note 30

Amortisation for the year includes Rs. 17.90 million for discontinued operations.

5C: Capital Work-in-Progress Aging Schedule:

	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at 31.03.26	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at 31.03.25
Project in Progress	323.97	-	-	-	323.97	437.22	-	-	-	437.22

Note: There is no project whose completion is overdue or which has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

5D: Intangible Assets Under Development Aging Schedule:

	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at 31.03.26	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at 31.03.25
Project in Progress	-	-	-	-	-	20.29	-	-	-	20.29

Note: There is no project whose completion is overdue or which has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6: Investments

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026			31 st March 2025		
	Face Value (Rs.)	Nos.	Amount	Face Value (Rs.)	Nos.	Amount
(A) Non-Current Investments:						
Investments at Fair Value through OCI						
Equity Shares, Fully Paid (Quoted)						
IFCI Ltd.	10	200	0.01	10	200	0.01
HDFC Bank Ltd.	1	10,000	7.31	1	5,000	9.14
Bank of India.	10	9,000	1.23	10	9,000	0.96
NMDC Ltd.	1	24,000	1.83	1	24,000	1.65
NMDC Steel Ltd.	10	8,000	0.27	10	8,000	0.27
Equity Shares, Fully Paid (Unquoted)						
APAG Holding AG, Switzerland ¹	€ 1,021.30	826	435.92	-	-	-
Enviro Technology Ltd.	10	10,000	0.10	10	10,000	0.10
BEIL Infrastructure Ltd.	10	1,400	0.01	10	1,400	0.01
Mittal Tower Premises Co-op. Society Ltd.	50	5	0.00	50	5	0.00
Narmada Clean Tech	10	822,542	8.23	10	822,542	8.23
Woodlands Multispeciality Hospital Ltd.	10	2,180	0.02	10	2,180	0.02
Ballygunge Services Private Ltd.	10	400	0.02	10	400	0.02
Jamnagar Renewables Two Private Ltd.	10	3,730,650	37.31	-	-	-
Total Investments at Fair Value through OCI			492.26			20.41
Investments at Fair Value through PL						
Alternative Investment Funds (Unquoted)						
360 One Seed Venture Fund 1	4	2,408,992	31.92	5	2,408,992	38.55
Chiratae Trust	100,000	172	33.23	100,000	177	34.67
India Housing Fund - Series 4	10	1,999,882	28.24	10	1,999,882	25.34
Total Investments at Fair Value through PL			93.39			98.56
Total Non Current Investments (A)			585.65			118.97
(B) Current Investments:						
Investments at Fair Value through PL						
Alternative Investment Fund (Unquoted)						
360 One Real Estate Fund (Domestic) Sr.3	-	-	-	7	5,365,000	20.63
Total Investments at Fair Value through PL				-		20.63
Total Current Investments (B)				-		20.63

	Non-Current	Current		Non-Current	Current
Aggregate book value of quoted investments	10.65	-		12.03	-
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	10.65	-		12.03	-
Aggregate value of unquoted investments	575.00	-		106.94	20.63

¹ APAG Holding AG, Switzerland (APAG) ceased to be a subsidiary during the year and therefore the investment in APAG as at 31st March, 2026 has been classified under Investment at Fair Value through OCI.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7: Loans

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
(Unsecured considered good) Other Loans				
Loan to Employees	3.10	4.98	2.82	3.76
Total Loans	3.10	4.98	2.82	3.76

8: Other Financial Assets

(Unsecured considered good) Security Deposits	27.86	15.07	36.44	15.93
Export Benefits and Claims Receivable	-	10.94	-	14.36
MTM Gain on Forward Contracts	-	5.95	-	-
Interest and Dividend Receivable	-	2.05	-	0.68
Total Other Financial Assets	27.86	34.01	36.44	30.97

9: Other Assets

(Unsecured considered good) (a) Capital Advances	41.30	-	6.44	-
(b) Advances other than Capital Advances				
(i) Other Advances	63.49	74.85	49.89	252.71
(ii) Balance with Government Authorities	-	71.48	-	267.79
Total Other Assets	104.79	146.33	56.33	520.50

10: Inventories

Raw Materials	347.73	1,193.11
Raw Materials in transit	116.28	147.24
Work-in-Progress	139.19	557.98
Finished Goods	197.72	386.79
Goods in Transit	7.01	16.84
Stores & Spare Parts	253.26	159.17
Stock-in-trade	-	0.23
Total Inventories	1,061.19	2,461.36

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11: Trade Receivables

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Secured, considered good	47.37	2.37
Unsecured, considered good	1,287.89	2,375.29
With Significant Increase in Credit risk	4.96	8.24
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	4.96	8.24
Total Trade Receivables	1,335.26	2,377.66

Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						31 st March 2026
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i. Undisputed Trade Receivables-considered good	1,114.96	207.34	2.51	3.96	2.29	1.83	1,332.89
ii. Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	1.24	2.29	0.33	3.86
iii. Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	-	-	-	-	-	2.37	2.37
v. Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	0.20	-	0.90	1.10
vi. Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	-	-	-	1.44	2.29	1.23	4.96
Total	1,114.96	207.34	2.51	3.96	2.29	4.20	1,335.26

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						31 st March 2025
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i. Undisputed Trade Receivables-considered good	2,017.48	321.26	12.98	21.65	1.92	-	2,375.29
ii. Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	2.13	0.12	5.13	7.38
iii. Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	-	-	-	-	-	2.37	2.37
v. Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	0.86	0.86
vi. Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	-	-	-	2.13	0.12	5.99	8.24
Total	2,017.48	321.26	12.98	21.65	1.92	2.37	2,377.66

12A: Cash and Cash Equivalent

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Balance with banks:		
On Current Accounts	103.76	79.09
Cash on hand	0.85	1.82
Total Cash and cash equivalent	104.61	80.91

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12B: Other Bank Balances

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Earmarked balances with Banks (Unpaid Dividend Accounts)	2.39	2.94
Bank deposits (held as security)	39.22	5.16
Total other bank balances	41.61	8.10

13: Current Tax Assets

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Income Tax Payments (net of provision)	63.26	96.79
Total Current Tax Assets	63.26	96.79

14: Assets held for Sale

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Freehold Land	54.88	54.88
Buildings	9.42	9.42
Furniture & Fixtures	0.07	0.07
Total Assets held for Sale	64.37	64.37

Note: The Board of Directors of parent company has approved the sale of assets vide its resolution dated 3rd May, 2024. The Company has entered into Sale of these assets and also received advance of Rs. 163.42 million against these. However the Sale could not be completed during the year pending receipt of some regulatory approvals. The Sale of assets is expected to complete in short term.

15: Equity Share Capital

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
(a) Authorised Share Capital				
Equity Shares of Rs. 5 each	100,000,000	500.00	100,000,000	500.00
(b) Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid				
Equity Shares of Rs. 5 each	43,693,333	218.47	43,693,333	218.47
Add: Forfeited Shares (Amount paid up)		0.02		0.02
Total		218.49		218.49

(c) Terms/rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of issued shares i.e. Equity Share having par value of Rs. 5 per share. Each holder of Equity Share is entitled to one vote per share and equal right for dividend. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after payment of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(d) Shares held by holding company

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Vardhan Limited	26,190,872	130.95	26,190,872	130.95

(e) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the Shareholder	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Vardhan Limited	26,190,872	59.94	26,190,872	59.94
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	3,210,120	7.35	3,210,120	7.35

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(f) Promoter's Shareholding

Name of the Promoters	Shares held by promoters as at 31 st March 2026		Shares held by promoters as at 31 st March 2025		Percentage of change during the year
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding	
Vardhan Limited	26,190,872	59.94	26,190,872	59.94	-
Rajya Vardhan Kanoria	461,481	1.06	461,481	1.06	-
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	3,210,120	7.35	3,210,120	7.35	-
Kirtivardhan Finvest Services Ltd.	1,154,907	2.64	1,154,907	2.64	-
Madhuvanti Kanoria	498,321	1.14	498,321	1.14	-
Saumya Vardhan Kanoria	556,440	1.27	556,440	1.27	-
Anand Vardhan Kanoria	434,739	1.00	434,739	1.00	-
Total	32,506,880	74.40	32,506,880	74.40	-

Note: There is no changes in promoter's shareholding during the year 2024-25.

(g) Shares reserved for issue under options

No Shares have been reserved for issue under options and contracts/commitments for the sale of shares/disinvestment as at the Balance Sheet date.

- (h) The company has not issued any shares for consideration other than cash nor issued any bonus shares nor have bought back any shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the current financial year.
- (i) None of the securities are convertible into shares at the end of the reporting period.
- (j) No calls are unpaid including that by any Director or Officer of the Company.

16: Other Equity

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
Capital Reserve				
As per last Balance Sheet		34.17		34.17
Capital Redemption Reserve				
As per last Balance Sheet		72.69		72.69
Securities Premium				
As per last Balance Sheet	885.71		885.96	
Less : Adjustment on account of Loss of Control	786.55		-	
Add : Foreign Currency Translation adjustment	62.34	161.50	(0.25)	885.71
Retained Earnings				
As per last Balance Sheet	3,698.92		4,593.04	
Add : Profit/(Loss) for the year	1,207.75		(835.97)	
Add : Actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit plan (Net)	(0.10)		(2.25)	
Add : Foreign Currency Translation adjustment	(264.55)		(55.90)	
Reclassification adjustment on account of Loss of Control	68.50	4,710.52	-	3,698.92
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)				
As per last Balance Sheet	298.24		208.39	
Add : Movement in OCI (Net) during the year	302.04		89.85	
Reclassification adjustment on account of Loss of Control	(68.50)	531.78	-	298.24
Total Other Equity		5,510.66		4,989.73

Description of the nature and purpose of each reserve within other equity is as follows:

- a) Capital Reserve: represents the amount received on account of capital receipts, etc. in earlier years.
- b) Capital Redemption Reserve: was created for redemption of preference shares and on buy-back of equity shares as per statutory requirement.
- c) Securities Premium: represents premium on issue of shares.
- d) Retained Earnings: are the accumulated profits earned by the Company and remaining undistributed as on date.
- e) Other Comprehensive Income: represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on fair valuation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income under an irrevocable option and gain/loss on foreign currency translation of subsidiary companies.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17: Borrowings

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
Secured				
Term Loans				
From Banks/Financial Institution ¹	1,345.14		2,773.58	
Current maturities of Long term debts		528.90		487.82
Short Term Loan				
From Banks ²		281.95		489.09
Loans Repayable on Demand				
From Banks ²		76.14		1,007.43
Unsecured				
Term Loans				
From Related Parties	485.00	-	484.18	-
Current maturities of Long term debts		-		125.00
From Government	-	-	178.47	-
Current maturities of Long term debts		-		17.83
Short Term Loan				
From Body Corporates	-	186.50	-	-
From Related Parties		-		377.79
Total Borrowings	1,830.14	1,073.49	3,436.23	2,504.96

¹ Term Loan of Rs. 138.34 million (Previous Year Rs. 294.66 million) secured by first charge and mortgage by deposit of title deeds of immovable properties and hypothecation of movable fixed assets of Naidupet & Vizag Division, of Rs. 642.05 million (Previous Year Rs. 639.70 million) secured by first charge and mortgage by deposit of title deeds of immovable properties and hypothecation of movable fixed assets on pari passu basis of Ankleshwar Unit and hypothecation of plant & Machinery created out of bank finance on first charge basis in Ankleshwar unit, of Rs. 0.61 million (Previous Year Rs. 10.80 million) secured by second charge on Current Assets of the Company and movable fixed assets of Ankleshwar Division, of Rs. 18.04 million (Previous Year Rs. 48.96 million) secured by second charge on entire fixed assets of the Naidupet and Vizag Division, of Rs. 1,075 million (Previous Year Rs. 1,183.21 million) secured by whole of the assets and properties of Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc, of Rs. Nil (Previous Year Rs. 7.69 million) secured by Building of APAG Elektronik s.r.o., Czech Republic, of Rs. Nil (Previous Year Rs. 256.38 million) secured by specified Plant & Machinery of APAG Elektronik s.r.o., Czech Republic, of Rs. Nil (Previous Year Rs. 814.82 million) secured by trade receivables of APAG Elektronik AG, Switzerland and Rs. Nil (Previous Year Rs. 5.18 million) secured by specified vehicles of APAG Elektronik Corp. Canada.

² Loan of Rs. 358.09 million (Previous Year Rs. 645.58 million) secured by hypothecation of Current Assets of the Company and movable fixed assets on pari passu basis of Ankleshwar Division, of Rs. Nil (previous year Rs. 120 million) secured by subservient charge over the movable & immovable fixed assets of the company and of Rs. Nil (Previous Year Rs. 730.94 million) secured by Inventories and Trade Receivables of APAG Elektronik s.r.o., Czech Republic.

18: Lease Liability

Particulars	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
Leasehold Land Obligations Payable	8.22	1.01	9.06	1.10

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19: Other Financial Liabilities

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
Interest Accrued but not due	-	9.94	-	19.95
Security Deposit	0.28	12.18	0.23	9.13
Liabilities for Capital Goods	-	67.43	-	44.26
Unpaid Dividend ¹	-	2.39	-	2.93
Employee related liabilities	-	31.90	-	112.46
Deferred Grant	-	-	32.77	4.43
Advance against Sale of Investments	-	87.13	-	87.13
MTM Loss on Forward Contracts	-	-	-	4.85
Other liabilities	-	80.00	-	151.77
Total Other Financial Liabilities	0.28	290.97	33.00	436.91

¹ These figures does not include any amount, due and outstanding, to be credited to Investor Education and Protection Fund except Rs. 1.92 million (previous year Rs. 1.80 million) which is held in abeyance due to legal case pending.

20: Provisions

Particulars	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
Provision for Gratuity	70.63	52.09	100.52	16.46
Provision for Accrued Leave	-	27.27	-	52.20
Total Provisions	70.63	79.36	100.52	68.66

21: Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)

The major components of deferred tax liabilities/assets arising on account of timing differences (net of foreign exchange fluctuation) are as follows:

	1 st April 2025	Profit & Loss (Net)*	OCI (Net)	31 st March 2026
Deferred Tax Liability				
Timing Difference on PPE & Intangible Assets	851.50	(199.61)	-	651.89
Fair Value of Investments	4.06	2.64	(0.20)	6.50
Others	1.63	(0.38)	-	1.25
Deferred Tax Assets				
MAT Credit Entitlement	192.47	(20.35)	-	172.12
Unabsorbed Business Losses/Depreciation/Capital Loss	26.42	(21.11)	-	5.31
Expenses relating to Retirement Benefits	49.87	(9.29)	(2.83)	37.75
Others	2.80	(2.80)	-	0.00
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities	585.63	(143.80)	2.63	444.46

* includes derecognised on account of Loss of Control of a subsidiary (refer Note No. 31).

Note: The parent company, after evaluating the impact of amendments to the Income Tax Act, 2025, has decided to adopt Section 200 of the Act for paying Income Tax starting from Tax Year 2026-27. This transition to the new tax rate required remeasuring Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities according to 'Ind AS 12 – Income Taxes' to align with the applicable new tax rate of 22% (plus surcharge and cess), resulting in a net reversal of Deferred Tax by Rs. 214.33 million for the year ended 31st March, 2026.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in million)

	1 st April 2024	Profit & Loss (Net)	OCI (Net)	31 st March 2025
Deferred Tax Liability				
Timing Difference on PPE & Intangible Assets	781.29	70.21	-	851.50
Fair Value of Investments	8.84	(4.75)	(0.03)	4.06
Others	1.87	(0.24)	-	1.63
Deferred Tax Assets				
MAT Credit Entitlement	182.90	9.57	-	192.47
Unabsorbed Business Losses/Depreciation	46.55	(20.13)	-	26.42
Expenses relating to Retirement Benefits	44.28	4.38	1.21	49.87
Others	0.34	2.46	-	2.80
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities	517.93	68.94	(1.24)	585.63

22: Trade Payable

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Trade Payable		
Total outstanding dues of Micro and small enterprises	52.41	30.20
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro and small enterprises	1,307.54	2,250.21
Total Trade Payables	1,359.95	2,280.41
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each financial year.		
i. Principal	52.41	30.20
ii. Interest	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006	-	-

The above information has been compiled in respect of parties to the extent to which they could be identified as Micro and Small Enterprises under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 on the basis of information available with the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Trade Payable Ageing Schedule

(Rs. in million)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						31 st March 2026
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i. MSME	-	52.41	-	-	-	-	52.41
ii. Others	81.56	1,047.86	154.23	11.53	12.11	0.25	1,307.54
iii. Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	81.56	1,100.27	154.23	11.53	12.11	0.25	1,359.95

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						31 st March 2025
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i. MSME	-	30.20	-	-	-	-	30.20
ii. Others	9.41	1,703.54	524.70	9.78	2.58	0.20	2,250.21
iii. Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	9.41	1,733.74	524.70	9.78	2.58	0.20	2,280.41

23: Other Current Liabilities

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Statutory liabilities	63.98	287.90
Advance against Assets held for Sale	163.42	92.47
Contract Liabilities	55.29	42.35
Total Other Current Liabilities	282.69	422.72

24: Revenue from Operations

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
(a) Sale of Products		
Manufactured products		
Chemicals	7,384.60	6,447.21
Textile	1,019.34	749.40
	8,403.94	7,196.61
Traded products		
Methanol	1,043.16	208.19
Total Sale	9,447.10	7,404.80
(b) Other Operating Revenues		
Miscellaneous Sales	362.88	133.64
Export benefits	4.29	4.70
Total Other Operating Revenues	367.17	138.34
Total Revenue from Operations	9,814.27	7,543.14

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Revenue disaggregation is as follows:

(Rs. in million)

(a) Primary geographical markets		
India	8,486.99	6,499.36
Outside India	1,327.28	1,043.78
Total Revenue from Operations	9,814.27	7,543.14
(b) There are no significant adjustments between the contracted price and revenue from operations.		

25: Other Income

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Interest Income		
On Investments	1.12	-
From Related Parties	7.86	21.15
From Others	4.34	3.38
Dividend Income	0.33	2.42
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Investments (Net)	(21.11)	(2.93)
Fair value gain on Financial Instruments classified as FVTPL (Net)	18.15	(10.70)
Profit/(Loss) on Property, Plant & Equipment sold/discarded (Net)	0.08	37.30
Foreign Exchange Rate Fluctuation (Net)	178.66	104.52
Fair value gain on Forward Contract	10.80	-
Rent Income	4.78	4.65
Other non operating income	19.51	7.48
Total Other Income	224.52	167.27

26: Change in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Opening Stock		
Finished Goods	258.43	331.08
Work-In-Progress	94.28	129.97
	352.71	461.05
Closing Stock		
Finished Goods	204.73	258.43
Work-In-Progress	139.19	94.28
	343.92	352.71
Change in Inventories		
Finished Goods	53.70	72.65
Work-In-Progress	(44.91)	35.69
Foreign Currency Translation adjustment	15.08	4.84
Total Change in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress	23.87	113.18

27: Employee Benefits Expense

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Salaries, Wages, Bonus & Gratuity etc. (including payments to Contractors)	519.55	526.92
Contribution to Provident Fund etc.	21.61	21.45
Staff Welfare Expenses	43.03	49.90
Total Employee Benefits Expense	584.19	598.27

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28: Other Expenses

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Consumption of Stores & Spare parts etc.	297.56	222.98
Other Manufacturing Expenses	59.53	41.69
Power & Fuel	558.87	451.12
Repairs to -		
Plant & Machinery	92.69	71.82
Buildings	12.71	18.52
Others	10.19	7.66
Water Charges & Cess	62.06	53.58
Rates & Taxes	10.94	14.73
Rent	8.48	10.73
Insurance	26.21	24.20
Legal and Professional Charges	68.50	52.42
Miscellaneous Expenses	83.74	138.39
CSR Expenditure	0.09	1.40
Fair value loss on Forward Contract	-	4.82
Commission & Brokerage to Others	13.73	13.76
Freight, Handling & Other Charges	115.74	109.21
Director sitting Fees	1.82	1.58
Travelling Expenses	14.22	12.65
Charity & Donations	0.08	0.41
Provision for bad & doubtful Debts & Advances (net)	1.76	2.25
Unrealized Debts and Claims written off	1.79	0.85
Payment to Auditors	3.75	3.61
Total Other Expenses	1,444.46	1,258.38

29: Finance Costs

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Interest Expense	249.51	269.92
Net Gain/Loss on foreign currency transaction and translation (to the extent considered as Finance Cost)	24.41	5.20
Bank/Finance charges	45.83	35.48
Total Finance Costs	319.75	310.60

30: Exceptional Items

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Impairment of Goodwill created at the time of acquisition of APAG Holding AG, an erstwhile subsidiary company.	-	294.44
Total Exceptional Items	-	294.44

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31: Discontinued Operations

(Rs. in million)

(I) The Solar Power Division of the Company was sold on Slump Sale and Going Concern basis on 30th June, 2024. Consequently, the result of the said division has been disclosed as Discontinued Operations in accordance with Ind AS 105 "Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

The Financial Results of Discontinued Operations for the period are as under:

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Revenue from Operations	-	3.71
Other Income	-	2.08
Total Income	-	5.79
Employee Benefit Expenses	-	0.34
Other Expenses	-	4.04
Total Expenses	-	4.38
Profit before Finance Costs, Depreciation & Amortisation and Tax	-	1.41
Finance Costs	-	-
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	-	4.16
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations before Tax	-	(2.75)
Gain related to sale of discontinued operations	-	27.82
Tax Expenses	-	16.09
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations after Tax	-	8.98

(ii) APAG Holding AG (APAG) ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company w.e.f. 31st July, 2025 on issuance of fresh equity shares by it. This has resulted in accounting of "Loss of Control" in accordance with Ind AS 110 "Consolidated Financial Statements" resulting in a gain of Rs. 976.55 million. Further the operations of APAG has been recognised as Discontinued Operations (before elimination adjustment) in accordance with Ind AS 105 "Non Current Assets held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

The Financial Results of Discontinued Operations for the period are as under:

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Revenue from Operations	3,439.75	7,824.02
Other Income	8.38	18.52
Total Income	3,448.13	7,842.54
Cost of Materials Consumed	2,349.31	5,437.99
Change in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress	107.41	(142.66)
Employee Benefit Expenses	693.11	1,748.95
Other Expenses	297.74	864.55
Total Expenses	3,447.57	7,908.83
Profit before Finance Costs, Depreciation & Amortisation and Tax	0.56	(66.29)
Finance Costs	56.28	168.77
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	112.63	306.93
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations before Tax	(168.35)	(541.99)
Gain on Loss of Control of discontinued operations	976.55	-
Tax Expenses	0.10	3.58
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations after Tax	808.10	(545.57)

Note: Figures for the previous year have been regrouped due to accounting of discontinued operations.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
(a) Gain on Loss of Control of discontinued operations		
Recognition of Investment at fair value	140.90	-
Loan & Interest Receivable	737.55	-
Net Assets Derecognised	(510.64)	-
Non-Controlling Interest	(177.81)	-
Securities Premium	786.55	-
Gain on Loss of Control of discontinued operations	976.55	-
(b) Assets and Liabilities of discontinued operations derecognised on Loss of Control		
ASSETS		
Non-Current Assets		-
Property, Plant and Equipment	1,944.33	-
Capital Work-in-Progress	123.93	-
Goodwill on Consolidation	64.56	-
Other Intangible Assets	58.77	-
Intangible Assets Under Development	0.49	-
Financial Assets		
Others	14.38	-
Total Non-Current Assets	2,206.46	-
Current Assets		
Inventories	1,311.05	-
Financial Assets		
(i) Trade Receivables	1,443.18	-
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	21.83	-
Current Tax Assets (Net)	(13.67)	-
Other Current Assets	466.61	-
Total Current Assets	3,229.00	-
Total Assets	5,435.46	-
LIABILITIES		
Non-Current Liabilities		
Financial Liabilities		
(i) Borrowings	1,273.53	-
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	32.93	-
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	2.46	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,308.92	-
Current Liabilities		
Financial Liabilities		
(i) Borrowings	1,845.84	-
(ii) Trade Payables		
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding dues of Others	1,310.07	-
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	278.96	-
Other Current Liabilities	151.83	-
Provisions	29.20	-
Total Current Liabilities	3,615.90	-
Total Liabilities	4,924.82	-
Net Assets Derecognised	510.64	-

Refer Statement of Cash Flow for Cash Flow from Discontinued Operations

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

32: Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Continuing Operations		
A. Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
1. Actuarial Gain/(Loss) on Defined Benefit Plan	2.73	(3.46)
Deferred Tax	(2.83)	1.21
2. Net gain/(loss) on FVTOCI Equity securities	25.12	1.50
Deferred Tax	0.20	0.03
Net OCI not to be reclassified to Profit or Loss	25.22	(0.72)
B. Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	244.92	58.11
Net OCI to be reclassified to Profit or Loss	244.92	58.11
Discontinued Operations		
Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	40.49	23.38
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax	310.63	80.77

33: Earning per Share (EPS)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Details for calculation of basic and diluted earning per share:		
Weighted average number of equity share (Numbers)	43,693,333	43,693,333
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operation after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	323.85	(544.88)
Basic and Diluted Earning per Share for continuing operations (Rs.) (Face Value Rs. 5 each)	7.41	(12.47)
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	883.90	(291.09)
Basic and Diluted Earning per Share for discontinued operations (Rs.) (Face Value Rs. 5 each)	20.23	(6.66)
Basic and Diluted Earning per Share for continuing and discontinued operations (Rs.) (Face Value Rs. 5 each)	27.64	(19.13)

34: Commitments and Contingencies

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
(i) Contingent Liabilities		
Claims/Disputed liabilities not acknowledged as debt		
Service Tax Demands	0.40	0.40
Sales Tax demands (paid Rs. 0.43 million)	0.43	0.43
GST Demands (paid Rs. 1.63 million)	1.63	1.35
Customs & Central Tax Demands	7.65	7.65
Income Tax demands (paid Rs. 12.63 million)	58.37	58.37
Future cash flows in respect of Contingent Liabilities are determinable only on receipt of judgements pending at various forums/authorities.		
(ii) Commitments		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	365.43	62.91
Advances paid	41.30	6.44

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

35: Details of pre-operative expenses capitalised:

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Cost of Materials Consumed	-	16.42
Other Expenses	0.32	6.34
Finance Costs	4.27	18.31
	4.59	41.07
Less:		
Sale of Manufactured products	-	18.47
Miscellaneous Sales	-	0.41
	4.59	22.19

36: On November 21, 2025, the Government of India notified the four Labour Codes - the Code on Wages, 2019, the Industrial Relations Code, 2020, the Code on Social Security, 2020, and the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020. The parent company has assessed the impact of the changes and has recognised an incremental liability of Rs. 2.00 million as at March 31, 2026 based on the actuarial valuation in accordance with Ind AS 19. The Company continues to monitor the finalisation of Central / State Rules and clarifications from the Government on other aspects of the Labour Code and impact of these if any, will be evaluated and accounted for in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the period in which they are notified.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

37: Segment Information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its products and services and has following reportable segments:

- I. Chemicals
- II. Textile

(Rs. in million)

Business Segment	Year ended 31 st March 2026			Year ended 31 st March 2025		
	Chemicals	Textile	Total	Chemicals	Textile	Total
Segment Revenue						
Revenue from operations	8,753.44	1,060.83	9,814.27	6,783.04	760.10	7,543.14
Segment Result	587.63	(1.43)	586.20	336.10	(161.61)	174.49
Less: (i) Finance Costs			319.75			310.60
(ii) Exceptional Items			-			294.44
Profit/(Loss) from Continuing Operations before Tax			266.45			(430.55)
Tax Expense			(57.40)			114.33
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations after Tax			323.85			(544.88)
Segment Assets	7,617.71	3,552.64	11,170.35	6,437.23	3,280.44	9,717.67
Discontinued Operations			-			5,265.16
Total Assets:			11,170.35			14,982.83
Segment Liabilities	2,300.29	237.28	2,537.57	1,878.23	182.30	2,060.53
Discontinued Operations			-			4,665.86
Un-allocable Corporate Liabilities			2,903.63			3,152.81
Total Liabilities:			5,441.20			9,879.20
Other Disclosures						
Capital Expenditure	501.59	75.79	577.38	571.54	-	571.54
Discontinued Operations			19.55			533.72
Total Capital Expenditure:			596.93			1,105.26
Depreciation & Amortization	228.12	123.58	351.70	199.68	119.44	319.12
Total Depreciation & Amortization:			351.70			319.12

(B) Secondary Segment information

Geographical Segment == =>	Year ended 31 st March 2026			Year ended 31 st March 2025		
	India	Rest of the World	Total	India	Rest of the World	Total
Segment Revenue	8,486.99	1,327.28	9,814.27	6,499.36	1,043.78	7,543.14
Segment Assets	7,594.75	3,575.60	11,170.35	6,406.89	8,575.94	14,982.83
Segment Liabilities	4,790.09	651.11	5,441.20	7,654.02	2,225.18	9,879.20
Capital Expenditure	501.58	95.35	596.93	571.54	533.72	1,105.26

(C) Other Disclosures

Basis of pricing inter/Intra segment transfer and any change therein:

At prevailing market-rate at the time of transfers.

Segment Accounting Policies

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Type of products included in each reported business segment:

Chemicals business includes Pentaerythritol, Sodium Formate, Acetaldehyde, Formaldehyde & Hexamine etc. and Textile business includes yarn & denim manufacturing etc.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

38: Disclosures as required under Indian Accounting Standard 19 on "Employee Benefits"

A. Defined Benefit Plan

The Company has unfunded scheme for payment of gratuity to all eligible employees calculated at specified number of days of last drawn salary depending upon tenure of service for each year of completed service subject to minimum five years of service payable at the time of separation upon superannuation or on exit otherwise. Subsidiaries are not having defined benefit plan scheme for its employees.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the Post - retirement benefit plans as relates to parent only.

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
	Gratuity	Gratuity
1. Change in the Present Value of Obligation		
- Present Value of Obligation as at the beginning	116.98	103.78
- Current Service Cost (including Past Service Cost)	7.22	6.22
- Interest Expense or Cost	7.89	7.41
- Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from:		
change in demographic assumptions	-	-
change in financial assumptions	(4.41)	2.41
experience variance	1.68	1.05
- Benefits paid	(6.64)	(3.89)
- Present Value of Obligation as at the end	122.72	116.98
2. Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss		
- Current Service Cost	7.22	6.22
- Interest Expense or Cost	7.89	7.41
Total	15.11	13.63
3. Other Comprehensive Income		
- Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from:		
change in demographic assumptions	-	-
change in financial assumptions	(4.41)	2.41
experience variance	1.68	1.05
Total	(2.73)	3.46
4. Actuarial Assumptions		
(a) Financial Assumptions		
Discount rate (per annum)	7.50%	6.75%
Salary growth rate (per annum)	7.00%	7.00%
(b) Demographic Assumptions		
Mortality rate (% of IALM 2012-14)	100.00%	100.00%
Attrition/Withdrawal rates, based on age: (per annum)		
up to 44 years	2.00%	2.00%
above 44 years	1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Sensitivity Analysis

The Sensitivity Analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible change of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. These sensitivities show the hypothetical impact of a change in each of the listed assumptions in isolation. While each of these sensitivities holds all other assumptions constant, in practice such assumptions rarely change in isolation. For presenting the sensitivities, the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the Defined Benefit Obligation presented above. There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in the preparation of the Sensitivity Analysis from previous year.

The impact of Sensitivity analysis on Defined Benefit Plan is given below:

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Discount rate increase by 1%	(117.46)	(111.33)
Discount rate decrease by 1%	128.67	123.35
Salary Growth rate increase by 1%	128.64	123.27
Salary Growth rate decrease by 1%	(117.39)	(111.30)

6. Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation

(Rs. in million)

Weighted average duration (based on discounted cash flow)	5 years
Expected cash flow over the next (valued on undiscounted basis)	
1 year	52.09
2 to 5 years	48.14
6 to 10 years	20.89
More than 10 years	72.90

7. Description of Risk Exposures

Valuations are performed on certain basic set of pre-determined assumptions and other regulatory framework which may vary over time. Thus, the Company is exposed to various risks in providing the above gratuity benefit which are as follows:

Liquidity Risk: This is the risk that the Company is not able to meet the short-term gratuity payouts. This may arise due to non availability of enough cash/cash equivalent to meet the liabilities or holding of illiquid assets not being sold in time.

Salary Escalation Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.

Demographic Risk: The Company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out to be worse compared to the assumption.

Regulatory Risk: Gratuity benefit is paid in accordance with the requirements of the Code of Social Security, 2020. There is a risk of change in regulations requiring higher gratuity payouts.

B. Defined Contribution Plan

The Group contributes certain percentage of salary for all eligible employees towards Provident Fund managed either by approved trusts or by the Government and debit the same to statement of Profit and Loss. The provident fund set up by the employers, require interest shortfall to be met by the employers. The fund set up by the Company does not have existing deficit of interest shortfall. The amount debited to Statement of Profit and Loss towards Provident Fund contribution during the year in respect of continuing operations was Rs. 21.61 million (previous year Rs. 21.45 million).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

39: The list of subsidiaries which are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Katoria Chemicals & Industries Limited and its effective ownership interest therein are as under:

Name of the Company	Relationship	Country of Incorporation	Ownership Interest	
			31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Katoria Africa Textiles PLC	Subsidiary	Ethiopia	100.00%	100.00%
APAG Holding AG*	Subsidiary	Switzerland	-	55.00%

For the purpose of consolidation, the following subsidiaries/step down subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements of APAG Holding AG.

Name of the Company	Relationship	Country of Incorporation	Ownership Interest	
			31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
APAG Elektronik AG*	Subsidiary	Switzerland	-	100%
APAG Elektronik s.r.o.*	Subsidiary	Czech Republic	-	100%
CoSyst Control Systems GmbH*	Subsidiary	Germany	-	100%
APAG Elektronik LLC*	Subsidiary	US	-	100%
APAG Elektronik Private Ltd*	Subsidiary	India	-	100%
APAG Elektronik Corp.*	Subsidiary of APAG Elektronik AG	Canada	-	100%
ADAPT Control Systems Inc.*	Subsidiary of CoSyst Control Systems GmbH	Canada	-	100%
ADAPT Control Systems GmbH*	Subsidiary of CoSyst Control Systems GmbH	Germany	-	-

* Ceased to be subsidiary/ step down subsidiaries on 31st July 2025.

40: Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiaries.

Name of the Enterprise	Net assets i.e. Total assets minus total liabilities		Share in profit or loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in total Comprehensive Income	
	2025-2026		2025-2026		2025-2026		2025-2026	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount Rs. in millions	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount Rs. in millions	As % of consolidated other Comprehensive Income	Amount Rs. in millions	As % of Total Comprehensive Income	Amount Rs. in millions
Parent Katoria Chemicals & Industries Limited	60.90%	3,488.78	33.17%	375.42	8.12%	25.22	27.77%	400.64
Subsidiaries								
Foreign Katoria Africa Textiles PLC	39.10%	2,240.37	-4.56%	(51.57)	78.85%	244.92	13.40%	193.35
APAG Holding AG (Consolidated)- erstwhile subsidiary	-	-	78.09%	883.90	10.23%	31.80	63.48%	915.70
Non-Controlling interest in an erstwhile subsidiary	-	-	-6.70%	(75.80)	2.80%	8.69	-4.65%	(67.11)
Total	100.00%	5,729.15	100.00%	1,131.95	100.00%	310.63	100.00%	1,442.58

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in million)

Name of the Enterprise	Net assets i.e. Total assets minus total liabilities		Share in profit or loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in total Comprehensive Income	
	2024-2025		2024-2025		2024-2025		2024-2025	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount Rs. in millions	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount Rs. in millions	As % of consolidated other Comprehensive Income	Amount Rs. in millions	As % of Total Comprehensive Income	Amount Rs. in millions
Parent Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited	50.73%	2,589.30	27.84%	(301.08)	-0.88%	(0.71)	30.16%	(301.79)
Subsidiaries Foreign Kanoria Africa Textiles PLC	37.53%	1,914.94	23.67%	(255.98)	71.94%	58.11	19.77%	(197.87)
APAG Holding AG (Consolidated)- erstwhile subsidiary	13.79%	703.98	25.79%	(278.91)	37.39%	30.20	24.85%	(248.71)
Non-Controlling interest in an erstwhile subsidiary	-2.05%	(104.59)	22.70%	(245.50)	-8.45%	(6.83)	25.22%	(252.33)
Total	100.00%	5,103.63	100.00%	(1,081.47)	100.00%	80.77	100.00%	(1,000.70)

41: Category-wise classification of Financial Instruments

	Refer Note	Non-Current		Current	
		31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Financial Assets					
Measured at amortised cost					
Trade Receivables	11	-	-	1,335.26	2,377.66
Cash and cash equivalents	12A	-	-	104.61	80.91
Other Bank balances	12B	-	-	41.61	8.10
Loans	7	3.10	2.82	4.98	3.76
Other Financial Assets	8	27.86	36.44	28.06	30.97
Measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Investments	6A&B	93.39	98.56	-	20.63
Other Financial Assets	8	-	-	5.95	-
Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Investments	6A	492.26	20.41	-	-
Total Financial Assets		616.61	158.23	1,520.47	2,522.03
Financial Liabilities					
Measured at amortised cost					
Borrowings	17	1,830.14	3,436.23	1,073.49	2,504.96
Lease Liability	18	8.22	9.06	1.01	1.10
Trade Payables	22	-	-	1,359.95	2,280.41
Other Financial Liabilities	19	0.28	33.00	290.97	432.06
Measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Other Financial Liabilities	19	-	-	-	4.85
Total Financial Liabilities		1,838.64	3,478.29	2,725.41	5,223.38

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

42: Fair Value Measurements of Financial Instruments

The following table provides fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial assets and liabilities:

(Rs. in million)

Financial assets/financial liabilities	Fair value hierarchy as at 31 st March 2026			Fair value hierarchy as at 31 st March 2025		
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss						
Unquoted Alternate Investment funds	-	93.39	-	-	119.19	-
Forward Contracts	-	5.95	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Quoted Equity Shares	10.65	-	-	12.03	-	-
Unquoted Equity Shares	-	-	481.61	-	-	8.38
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss						
Forward Contracts	-	-	-	-	4.85	-

Financial Instruments measured at amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair value since the Group does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

43: Financial Risk Management - Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade payables, other financial liabilities and financial guarantee contracts. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group's financial assets include investments, trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans and other financial assets.

The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group has a Risk management policy and its management is supported by a Risk management committee that advises on risks and the appropriate risk governance framework for the Group. The Risk management committee provides assurance to the Group's management that the Group's risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Group's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

(i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: currency risk and other price risk, such as commodity price risk and equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include FVTOCI investments, FVTPL investments, trade payables, trade receivables, etc.

(a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a foreign currency exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities. The Group monitors the foreign exchange fluctuations on continuous basis and advises the management of any material adverse effect on the Group and for taking risk mitigation measures. The Group enters into forward exchange contracts against its foreign currency exposure relating to recognised underlying liabilities and firm commitments. The Group does not enter into any derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD and Euro exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. The Group's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026				31 st March 2025			
	USD	INR	EURO	INR	USD	INR	EURO	INR
Foreign Currency Receivable/ (Payable) (Net)	9.17	855.15	3.89	419.96	2.39	198.74	6.49	598.87
Depreciation in Indian Rupees		5%		5%		5%		5%
Effect on Profit before Tax		42.76		21.00		9.94		29.94
Appreciation in Indian Rupees		5%		5%		5%		5%
Effect on Profit before Tax		(42.76)		(21.00)		(9.94)		(29.94)

Total hedged foreign currency payable - USD 2.66 million equivalent to Rs. 250.52 million (Previous year - USD 7.44 million equivalent to Rs. 635.81 million).

(b) Commodity price risks

The Group is affected by the price volatility of methanol, one of its major raw material. Its operating activities require a continuous supply of methanol. The Group monitors price and demand/supply situation on continuous basis and advises the management of any material adverse effect on the Group and for taking risk mitigation measures.

Commodity price sensitivity

The following table shows the effect of price changes in Methanol on Profit before Tax, with all other variable held constant:

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
Consumption of Methanol	4232.19		3449.32	
Price change	+ 5%	-5%	+ 5%	-5%
Effect on Profit before Tax	(211.61)	211.61	(172.47)	172.47

(c) Equity price risks

The Group's listed and non-listed equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Group manages the equity price risk through diversification and by placing limits on individual and total equity instruments/mutual funds. Reports on the investment portfolio are submitted to the Group's management on a regular basis.

Equity price sensitivity

The following table shows the effect of price changes in quoted & unquoted equity shares and unquoted alternative investment funds.

	31 st March 2026		31 st March 2025	
Investment	585.65		139.60	
Price change	+ 5%	-5%	+ 5%	-5%
Effect on Profit before Tax	29.28	(29.28)	6.98	(6.98)

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables).

Trade receivables

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for all the customers. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. The calculation is based on credit losses historical data. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of trade receivables disclosed as the Group does not hold collateral as security. The Group has evaluated the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that group will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value.

The Group has an established liquidity risk management framework for managing its short term, medium term and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial asset and liabilities. The Company manages the liquidity risk by maintaining adequate funds in cash and cash equivalents. The Company also has adequate credit facilities agreed with banks to ensure that there is sufficient cash to meet all its normal operating commitments in a timely and cost-effective manner.

The table below analyse the financial liabilities of the Company into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amount disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flow.

(Rs. in million)

	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Carrying value
As at 31st March 2026					
Borrowings (refer note 17)	1,073.49	1,722.19	112.03	2,907.70	2,903.62
Trade payable (refer note 22)	1,359.95	-	-	1,359.95	1,359.95
Lease Liability (refer note 18)	1.01	4.03	21.15	26.19	9.23
Other financial liabilities (refer note 19)	290.97	0.28	-	291.25	291.25
As at 31st March 2025					
Borrowings (refer note 17)	2,504.96	2,386.95	1,086.02	5,977.93	5,941.19
Trade payable (refer note 22)	2,280.41	-	-	2,280.41	2,280.41
Lease Liability (refer note 18)	1.10	4.40	24.19	29.69	10.16
Other financial liabilities (refer note 19)	432.48	0.23	-	432.71	432.71

44: Capital Management

The Group being in a capital intensive industry, its objective is to maintain a strong credit rating, healthy capital ratios and establish a capital structure that would maximise the return to stakeholders through optimum mix of debt and equity.

The Group's capital requirement is mainly to fund its capacity expansion, repayment of principal and interest on its borrowings and strategic acquisitions. The principal source of funding of the Company has been, and is expected to continue to be, cash generated from its operations supplemented by funding from bank borrowings and the capital markets. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Group regularly considers other financing and refinancing opportunities to diversify its debt profile, reduce interest cost and elongate the maturity of its debt portfolio, and closely monitors its judicious allocation amongst competing capital expansion projects and strategic acquisitions, to capture market opportunities at minimum risk.

The Group monitors its capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt, divided to total equity. Net debt includes, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in million)

	31 st March 2026	31 st March 2025
Long Term Borrowings	2,359.04	4,066.88
Short Term Borrowings	544.58	1,874.31
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	(104.61)	(80.91)
Net Debt	2,799.01	5,860.28
Total Equity	5,729.15	5,103.63
Gearing Ratio	0.49	1.15

45: Related Party Disclosures

(i) List of related parties and relatives with whom transaction taken place:

Name of the Related Parties	Relationship
1. Vardhan Limited	Holding Company
2. Mr. R. V. Kanoria - Chairman & Managing Director	Key Management Personnel (KMP)
3. Mr. S. V. Kanoria - Whole Time Director	
4. Mr. Amitav Kothari - Director (Retired w.e.f. 03.09.2024)	
5. Mr. H.K. Khaitan - Director	
6. Mr. Sidharth K. Birla - Director	
7. Mr. A. Vellayan - Director (Retired w.e.f. 03.09.2024)	
8. Mrs. M. Kanoria - Director	
9. Mrs. Suhana Murshed - Director	
10. Mrs. Meeta Makhan - Director (Appointed w.e.f. 04.09.2024)	
11. Mr. Sumanta Chaudhuri - Director (Appointed w.e.f. 04.09.2024)	
12. Mr. A. V. Kanoria	Close Family Members of KMP
13. KPL International Limited	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence
14. R V Investment & Dealers Limited	
15. Fytomax Nutrition Pvt Ltd	
16. Cosyst Holding AG	
17. Kanoria Employees' Provident Fund Trust	Post Employment Benefit Plan entity

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(ii) Transaction with related parties:

(Rs. in million)

Nature of Transaction	2025-2026				2024-2025			
	Holding Company	KMP/Close family members of KMP	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence	Post Employment Benefit Plan entity	Holding Company	KMP/Close family members of KMP	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence	Post Employment Benefit Plan entity
Director sitting Fees								
Mr. Amitav Kothari	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-
Mr. H.K. Khaitan	-	0.26	-	-	-	0.31	-	-
Mr. Sidharth K Birla	-	0.38	-	-	-	0.28	-	-
Mr. A. Vellayan	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-
Mrs. M. Kanoria	-	0.26	-	-	-	0.21	-	-
Mrs. Suhana Murshed	-	0.22	-	-	-	0.25	-	-
Mrs. Meeta Makhan	-	0.39	-	-	-	0.18	-	-
Mr. Sumanta Chaudhuri	-	0.31	-	-	-	0.07	-	-
Remuneration								
Mr. R. V. Kanoria	-	33.20	-	-	-	31.50	-	-
Mr. S. V. Kanoria	-	21.88	-	-	-	19.51	-	-
Mr. A. V. Kanoria	-	8.72	-	-	-	25.27	-	-
Borrowings								
Vardhan Limited	25.00	-	-	-	85.00	-	-	-
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	-	-	250.00	-	-	-	125.00	-
Cosyst Holding AG	-	-	-	-	-	-	679.81	-
Repayment of Borrowings								
Mr. A. V. Kanoria	-	-	-	-	-	97.99	-	-
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	125.00	-
Interest Expenses for the year								
Mr. A. V. Kanoria	-	-	-	-	-	2.82	-	-
Vardhan Limited	21.27	-	-	-	17.79	-	-	-
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	-	-	14.54	-	-	-	6.06	-
Cosyst Holding AG	-	-	12.25	-	-	-	9.33	-
Purchases of Raw Material/Stores								
KPL International Limited	-	-	256.17	-	-	-	357.81	-
Purchases of PPE								
KPL International Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.17	-
Purchases of Services								
KPL International Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.60	-
Commission Paid								
KPL International Limited	-	-	3.51	-	-	-	3.85	-
Rent Income								
KPL International Limited	-	-	1.20	-	-	-	1.20	-
Fytomax Nutrition Pvt Ltd	-	-	0.51	-	-	-	0.50	-
Advance Received against Property								
KPL International Limited	-	-	110.00	-	-	-	-	-
Advance Repayment								
KPL International Limited	-	-	110.00	-	-	-	-	-
Received against Utility Services								
Fytomax Nutrition Pvt Ltd	-	-	0.24	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution during the year (includes Employees' share and contribution)								
Kanoria Employees' Provident Fund Trust	-	-	-	8.87	-	-	-	7.98

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in million)

Nature of Transaction	2025-2026				2024-2025			
	Holding Company	KMP/Close family members of KMP	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence	Post Employment Benefit Plan entity	Holding Company	KMP/Close family members of KMP	Enterprise over which KMP exercises significant influence	Post Employment Benefit Plan entity
Balances as at 31st March								
Remuneration Payable								
Mr. R. V. Kanoria	-	0.16	-	-	-	0.16	-	-
Mr. S. V. Kanoria	-	0.14	-	-	-	0.14	-	-
Borrowings								
Vardhan Limited	235.00	-	-	-	210.00	-	-	-
R V Investment & Dealers Limited	-	-	250.00	-	-	-	-	-
Cosyst Holding AG	-	-	-	-	-	-	776.97	-
Creditor								
KPL International Limited	-	-	0.29	-	-	-	131.62	-
Interest Payable								
Cosyst Holding AG	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.39	-
Rent Receivable								
Fytomax Nutrition Pvt Ltd	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	0.04	-

ALL transactions with these related parties are priced on an arm's length basis.

The remuneration of Key Management Personnel (KMP) during the year was as follows:

Particulars	2025-2026	2024-2025
Short-term benefits	63.79	76.28
Post-employment benefits [#]	-	-
Total	63.79	76.28

[#] As the liabilities for gratuity and compensated absences are provided on actuarial basis for the Company as a whole, the amounts pertaining to KMP are not included.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

46: The parent company does not have any transactions with companies which are struck off except the following:

Name of the struck off company	Nature of transaction	2025-26 (Amount in Rs.)	2024-25 (Amount in Rs.)	Relationship with the struck off company
Nilgiri Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	Shares held by struck off company	-	3,390.00	Shareholder

Shares held by struck off company has been transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund on 9th November, 2024.

- 47.** None of the Loans or Advances in the nature of loans as at 31st March, 2026 and as at 31st March, 2025 are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013,) either severally or jointly with any other person, that are: (a) repayable on demand or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- 48.** The parent company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.
- 49.** No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the parent company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- 50.** The parent company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- 51.** The parent company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 52.** The parent company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 53.** The parent company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year ended 31st March, 2026 and 31st March, 2025 in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- 54.** The parent company has not revalued its property plant and equipment and intangible assets during the current and previous year.
- 55.** The parent company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- 56.** The parent company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

Signature to Note 1 to 56

As per our report of even date annexed

For and on behalf of the Board

For SINGHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302049E

RAHUL BOTHRA
Partner
Membership No. 067330

Place: Kolkata
Date: 25th May, 2026

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
Director
(DIN: 00004213)
Place: New Delhi

N. K. NOLKHA
Group Chief Financial Officer
Place: New Delhi

R. V. KANORIA
Managing Director
(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FORM AOC-1: Statement containing Salient Features of Financial Statements of Subsidiary/Associates/Joint Ventures for the year ended 31st March, 2026, pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

PART "A" : Subsidiaries

(Rs. in million)

Name of Subsidiaries	Kanoria Africa Textiles Plc
Country of incorporation	Ethiopia
The Date since when subsidiary was acquired	23.07.2012
Principal Business Activities	Textile
Reporting Currency	USD
Exchange Rate as on 31.3.2026	Rs. 94.3590
(a) Equity Share Capital	2,549.58
(b) Other Equity	(1,970.42)
(c) Total Assets	3,552.65
(d) Total Liabilities	2,973.49
(e) Turnover	1,060.83
(f) Profit before Taxation	(126.69)
(g) Provision for Taxation	-
(h) Profit after Taxation	(126.69)
(i) Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	-
(j) Total comprehensive income for the year	(126.69)
(k) Proposed Dividend	-
(l) % of Shareholding	100.00%

PART "B" : Associates/Joint Ventures - Not Applicable

For and on behalf of the Board

SIDHARTH K. BIRLA
Director
(DIN: 00004213)
Place: New Delhi

R. V. KANORIA
Managing Director
(DIN: 00003792)
Place: New Delhi

N. K. NOLKHA
Group Chief Financial Officer
Place: New Delhi

PRATIBHA JAISWAL
Company Secretary
(ACS: 33981)
Place: Kolkata

Date: 25th May, 2026



Kanoria Chemicals
& Industries Limited

Registered Office

Kanoria Chemicals & Industries Limited
'KCI Plaza', 6th Floor,
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