Cuticle Oil – Kiwi

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)
Issue date: 11/5/2025 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : Cuticle Oil – Kiwi

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Nail Care
Restrictions on use : None known

1.4. Supplier's details

V Beauty Pure
2257 Vista Parkway
Ste 23
West Palm Beach, Florida 33411
T 888-390-4259
regulatory@vbeautypure.com

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : For Hazardous Materials or Dangerous Goods Incident Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 (Toll Free, USA) / 703-527-3887 (Virginia, USA)
CCN 854185
Back-up Emergency Number: +1 703-741-5970 (Washington, DC)

SECTION 2 Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist), Category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	H361	Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Oral).

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Warning
Hazard statements (GHS US) : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H361 - Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Oral)
Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors.
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye and face protection.
If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

No additional information available

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Light Mineral Oil	CAS-No.: 8012-95-1	79 – 82	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	CAS-No.: 27138-31-4	< 2	Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Homosalate	CAS-No.: 118-56-9	< 1	Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	CAS-No.: 101-86-0	≤ 0.1	Skin Sens. 1, H317

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general : First aider: Pay attention to self-protection. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Induce artificial respiration with mask fitted with one-way valve or other suitable device but, not mouth-to-mouth. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center or a doctor.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin areas with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth out with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause irritation to skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Stinging, redness, itching, tears, blurred vision, swelling.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects : Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Chronic symptoms : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, or water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : No fire hazard.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Avoid all personal contact including breathing in the mist, spray, vapors. Do not take actions involving personal risks. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage. Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate the danger area. If outdoors, move to an area upwind of the danger area. If possible without taking personal risks, Remove ignition sources, ventilate area. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Prevent other non-emergency personnel from entering the danger area.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Wear the recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Ventilate spillage area. Stop leak if safe to do so.

Environmental precautions : Do not let the product reach soil, drains, sewers, or surface and ground water.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain with non-combustible inert absorbent. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak, if possible without risk.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up in non-combustible inert absorbent and place into container for disposal. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Decontaminate surfaces and equipment with water and detergent. Until a sufficient level of dilution is achieved, the decontamination water may pose the same hazards as the product. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection",For further information refer to section 13

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures : Always wash hands after handling the product. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Incompatible products : Strong oxidizers.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Light Mineral Oil (8012-95-1)	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Oil mist, mineral
OSHA PEL TWA	5 mg/m³
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Oil mist, mineral
NIOSH REL 10h TWA	5 mg/m³
NIOSH REL STEL	10 mg/m³
Regulatory reference (US-NIOSH)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1 (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (NPG))

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Use general ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure to keep the airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment. Take measures to reduce or limit air emissions and releases to soil and the aquatic environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to national standards and in discussion with the supplier of the protective equipment. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Hand protection:
Handling product in bulk: Wear nitrile or other impervious gloves if skin contact is possible. When the material is dissolved or suspended in an organic solvent, wear gloves that provide protection against the solvent.

Eye protection:
Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Wear safety glasses which protect from splashes

Skin and body protection:
Body protection should be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure. Handling product in bulk: Wear protective clothing

Respiratory protection:
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Use NIOSH approved respirator if ventilation is inadequate. SCBA for emergency responders. Must be used in accordance with an OSHA compliant respiratory protection program.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance	:	Viscous liquid.
Color	:	Pale yellow Water-white
Odor	:	Petroleum Nutty
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	> 180 °C / > 356 °F
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.859 kg/l @ 15 °C / 59 °F
Solubility	:	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	40.745 – 46.566 mm²/s
Viscosity, dynamic	:	35 – 40 cP
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	:	Not classified

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Inhalation:dust,mist: Harmful if inhaled.

Cuticle Oil – Kiwi	
ATE US (dust, mist)	2.18 mg/l/4h

Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	
LD50 oral rat	4673 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 200 mg/l air

Homosalate	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg

Light Mineral Oil	
LD50 oral	5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal	5000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	2.18 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Oral).

STOT-single exposure : Not classified

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Cuticle Oil – Kiwi	
Viscosity, kinematic	40.745 – 46.566 mm²/s

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause irritation to skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Stinging, redness, itching, tears, blurred vision, swelling.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects : Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Chronic symptoms : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Harmful to aquatic life

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.114 mg/l

Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	1.436 mg/l

Homosalate	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 82 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 0.0089 mg/l

Light Mineral Oil	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Cuticle Oil – Kiwi	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Homosalate	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Light Mineral Oil	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Cuticle Oil – Kiwi	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.88

Homosalate	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	6.16

Light Mineral Oil	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	6.1

12.4. Mobility in soil

Homosalate	
Mobility in soil	27100

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified

Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations. Refer to all applicable national, international and local regulations or provisions.

Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers.

Ecological waste information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / IMDG / IATA

DOT	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number		
Not regulated for transport		
14.2. Proper Shipping Name		
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group		
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards		
	Not regulated	
No supplementary information available		

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

DOT

Not regulated

IMDG

Not regulated

IATA

Not regulated

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:

CARTHAMUS TINCTORIUS (SAFFLOWER) SEED OIL	CAS-No. 8001-23-8	16 – 22%

This product or mixture is not known to contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Oxydipropyl dibenzoate (27138-31-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Homosalate (118-56-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde (101-86-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Light Mineral Oil (8012-95-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Oxydipropyl dibenzoate (27138-31-4)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Light Mineral Oil (8012-95-1)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Component	State or local regulations
Light Mineral Oil(8012-95-1)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

SECTION 16 Other information

According to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)

Issue date : 11/5/2025

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.