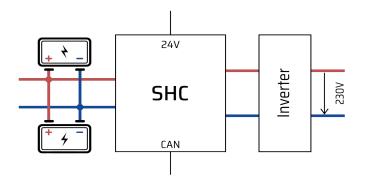


Smart energy management out of "Second Life" Battery cells in parallel operation

A widespread switch to **electromobility** in connection with **regenerative** energy generation is generally considered to be without an alternative.

The resulting challenges, such as the counter-cyclical management of oversupply and undersupply as well as the fast or spontaneous provision of electrical energy far beyond the grid capacity, require a new, intelligent solution for intermediate electricity storage.

The smart SHC module (Smart High Voltage Cell) from German Power is an intelligent component for building scalable, high-performance energy storage devices from battery cells (of various qualities) in parallel operation with a greatly extended service life. A technically excellent and economically attractive solution for the configuration of electricity storage systems using "Second Life" batteries.





Unlimited scalability from kW to MW in parallel operation

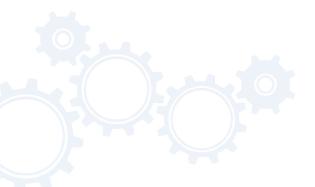


Energy storage with SHC module with two parallel battery cells

How SHC technology works

With its modular design, SHC allows energy storage systems to be scaled in parallel operation. The quality of individual battery cells or the internal resistance does not play a role here, as the smart software of the SHC module converts the natural physical properties of the cells into selectable physical properties on a highly transformed voltage. The SHC modules or battery cells involved can be easily monitored and controlled via a standard CAN-Open interface.

The SHC module can be configured in any number of steps between 200V and 800V. The constant total output power in kW is freely scalable and can vary from kW to MW through the number of SHC / cell combinations connected in parallel, up to the highest power capacity requirements, thus the system can be configured flexibly, depending on the needs of the consumer.





Advantages of SHC technology

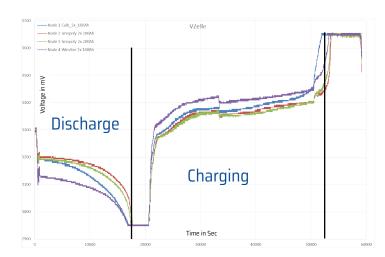
The big advantage over a series-connected, conventional BMS (battery management system) is obvious: With SHC technology, it is not the weakest point in the chain that determines the overall performance of the system. With SHC the power output to the consumer is constantly guaranteed as weaker cells are compensated by intelligent technology. Thus energy storage systems can be scaled in unlimited numbers in a modular approach for the realization of storage systems exactly according to the requirements of the consumer. This can be done in the range from kW to MW. For this reason in particular, the SHC technology is ideal for the "lifespan-extending" use of reusable Second Life batteries.

Areas of application

- Provision for control power for power grid operators
- Peak load management for large consumers
- House storage coupled to photovoltaic systems based on Second Life cells
- Mobile systems, drives for mobile systems and industrial trucks
- Guaranteed supply by buffering high-performance charging stations in under-dimensioned power networks (power booster)
- Increasing the charging speed of electric vehicles through intelligent buffering
- Capacity expansion of charging infrastructure through countercyclical electricity buffering
- Second Life battery storage concepts
- Gastronomy: Mobile, wireless cooking and warming units

Technical performance data

- Modular system, freely scalable from kW to MW
- Unlimited parallel operation (battery / SHC module combinations)
- Can be switched off
- Output voltage galvanically separated
- Bi-directional working method
- Extremely high efficiency
- Charge max $\eta > 97\%$, discharge max $\eta > 96\%$
- 1500 W continuous output / per SHC module
- 2500 W overload / per SHC module (<10 sec)
- Cell technology: LiFePO4 (optional LiCoO2, NMC)
- Cell quality, cell characteristics irrelevant
- High input or output voltage "HV" nom. 660VDC (optionally also other voltages)
- High isolation voltage to the cell (3.2kV DC)
- CAN-Open communication
- Low standby power consumption
- +24VDC external power supply (optional self-supply)
- Long service life (no electrolytic capacitors that limit the service life)
- Dimensions: 275x186x60mm (LxWxH), 2.3kg



Cells of different qualities or manufacturers show different characteristics. Regardless of this, the SHC module optimizes every single cell in the overall system for maximum storage performance.